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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Chamberlain's Tactics Exposed

Gift Horse Or Beast Of Prey?

Lloyd George's Poser To Premier

CHURCHILL PLEADS FOR EXPEDITING ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA

Hasty Steps Will Mar Peace Front, Argues Chamberlain

Mr. Lloyd George.

"RUSSIA offered to come in months ago and for months we have been staring this powerful gift horse in the mouth, but we are frightened of its teeth.

"But we are not frightened of the teeth of those powerful beasts of prey who have been tearing down one independent country after another":

DILATORY TACTICS

A vigorous and withering attack has been levelled by Mr. Lloyd George on Mr. Chamberlain's foreign policy especially his dilatory tactics in the pursuit of the Anglo-Soviet Talks for an anti-Aggression Pact.

PLEA FOR CAUTION

"I NEVER REGARD WAR AS INEVITABLE UNTIL IT IS BEGUN," ARGUES THE PREMIER AND PROCEEDS TO DEFINE THE OBJECT OF HIS POLICY, TO BUILD UP A PEACE FRONT. "A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF CAUTION IS NEEDED IN THIS MATTER OF GREAT GRAVITY AND DELICACY."

LONDON, May 19

Mr. Lloyd George initiated the Foreign Affairs debate in the House of Commons, when he declared that he wanted to find out exactly where they were. "We have reached a point where the decisions taken in the course of what might be the next few hours certainly the next few days, by Britain, France and Russia will be more fateful than any decision of those countries taken since 1914." Mr. Lloyd George referred to the general nervousness in the world, which reminded him very much of the feeling that prevailed in the Spring of 1918, when we knew that a great attack was coming from Germany, but none knew quite where the blow would fall.

MAKE PEACE INEVITABLE

Mr. Lloyd George added: "Let us make peace inevitable instead of war. There are two ways of doing this, one is preparing our military forces for an emergency and the other to secure the co-operation of as many nations as possible in order to resist aggression."

RUSSIA'S OFFER

Referring to Russia Mr. Lloyd George declared: "All this business about Russia is proof that we do not know what we want. There is a great desire if possible to do without Russia, Russia offered to come in months ago and for months we have been staring this powerful gift horse in the mouth, but we are frightened of its teeth (cheers), yet we are not frightened of the teeth of these powerful beasts of prey, who have been tearing down one independent country after another. We have pacts of friendship with them (laughter). We have been shaking their paws (Opposition cheers). At this very hour we are officially joining in celebrations of their carnivorous triumph (Opposition cheers).

MAISKY ENTERS

M. Maisky entered the House as Mr. Lloyd George began to speak and sat in the Ambassadors' gallery.

There was, added Mr. Lloyd George, general tension and strain in every country of the world, more particularly in the countries that would be involved in the event of a failure to come to a peaceable adjustment of the difficulties. Everyone was apprehensive and he thought that everyone was anticipating another blow from the Dictator Powers. None knew where it would come, but there was a general feeling of dread that it must come from somewhere.

The situation reminded him very much of the feeling that prevailed early in the Spring of 1918 when we knew that a great attack was coming from Germany, but none knew quite where the blow would fall. "The French thought it would fall on their Front. While we thought it will

(Continued on page 12, col. 3)

Surprise For Satyagrahis

Besieged And Bound Over: Security Demand Under Press Act

LUCKNOW, May 19.

A number of Shias who had come from other cities to offer satyagraha and court arrest in connection with the Tabarra agitation were taken by surprise this morning when they were besieged by the Police at the Imambara at the Chowk and the Nazimsaheb at Victoria Street where they were camping.

The Police party were headed by all the responsible Executive officials. All the visitors were bound over under Section 107 Cr. P. C., with no written notice served on them.

SECURITY DEMANDS

Security of Rs. 3,000 each have also been demanded under the Emergency Press Act from the Sarfaraz Kaumi Press and the Alwaiz Press, the securities to be deposited by May 23. Fortytwo Shias courted arrest by reciting the Tabarra.—United Press.

Bombay's Luck In Derby Sweep

LONDON, May 19.

The Derby Sweep total prize money of 956,000 sterling is divided into nine customary prize units plus 50 residuals of 1,122 pounds each.

BOLDDEVIL drawn by SL 84500 G. Y. P. R. care of Lachimau Mithoa, Gotegaon, Central Provinces.

ALAN CAMERON LJ 29863; Miss Safiabai Hajiumar Malvis Wadi, Surat

CASANOVA; LE 50294 Trinatha Swamy, Koraput District, Orissa.

FIARCHANCE, SQ 383973 Luck Subramaniam Road Puram, Coimbatore.

HIS HIGHNESS; MT 66217 Parbhudas Harkisandas, care of Lalgate Big Street, Surat.

HIGHPERU, MC 21406 Orlay care of Chamber of Commerce, Bombay.

HELIOPOLIS NT 40965, Bhagwati Kamala Mills, Bombay 13.

HELIOPOLIS LS 89237, Kancham Competition Press, Girgaum, Bombay.

STANSTEAD LP 29163, "We Thirty-one," 527 Hteedan Timber Depot, Kemmendine, Rangoon.

GNOMON M B 70729 Jacob 6 Lyons Range, Calcutta.

TAIYAT M C 21595, Shree, Wallpshwar Road, Bombay.

SALFORD SECOND M B 62887, Bhalukmara Gotonga Post Office, Assam.

GRANDUNION M W 62942, Company of Four Bhardawadi, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Bombay.

ATOUTMAITRE M J 77572, We Four Flying, care of Queah Pyinmana, Burma.

BUXTON S Q 83811, Golden Crown care of Guest, Deputy Controller, Bhusawal.

QUITE CONTRARY, L H 80026, Durgabai Kashmiri, Eleventh Street and Khetwadi Back Road, Bombay.

POINTIS M J 79164, Khurshard Ahimad P. O. Talar Purjattan, District, Gujarat.

AIRDSMOSS M C 73191, Ahsuzat, 26, Schwelaung Street, Kemnendine, Rangoon.

WARSTAR, L X 65490, Krishnier Ramakrishna Cafe, Ongole.

HEPTARCH B 77624, Lalita, Princess Street, Bombay.

RODEO SECOND P K 22345, World Tour Co., Firestone Tyre Co., Bombay.

WARSTAR, L P 25469, Captain Koloo, New Charni Road, Junction Bombay.

DHOLI, L B 73877, Prohibition Spinners Confederacy, Tamarind, Lane, Bombay.

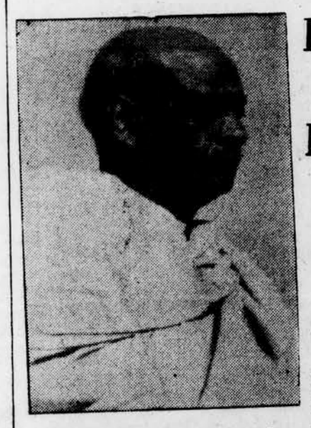
DOUBLELET, P S 32651, last one, Allahabad, Easter.

Sardar's Warning To European Businessmen

INDIA'S TRADE MUST BE FOR INDIA'S BENEFIT

Bhulabhai Indicts Indo-British Trade Agreement

MERCHANTS' CHAMBER'S NEW HOME OPENED: TRIBUTES TO LALJI NAKANJI



Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who opened the new building of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Friday.

Mr. Jivanlal C. Setalvad, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

"BOMBAY is called the Gateway of India. I want her to become the fortress that will prevent the drain of India's wealth to foreign lands" observed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in declaring open the Seth Lalji Naranji building of the Indian Merchants' Chamber before a large and distinguished gathering of leaders of Trade and Commerce in the city, on Friday evening.

Sardar Patel in the course of his speech explained that the objective of the Indian National Congress and the Indian Merchants' Chamber was one and the same.

"THOROUGHLY NATIONALIST"

Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, in welcoming the guests traced the history and growth of the Chamber and declared that the Chamber was thoroughly Nationalist in outlook and wanted a vigorous industrialisation and a powerful trade and commerce.

Boycott British Goods

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in unveiling the bust of the late Mr. Lalji Naranji made a scathing attack against the Indo-British Trade Agreement which had been certified by the Governor-General despite the adverse vote of the Assembly and called for a vigorous boycott of British cloth in reply to this challenge.

J. C. Setalvad's Speech

Speaking at the opening of the Sheth Lalji Naranji Memorial Indian Merchants' Chamber Building on Friday, Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President of the Chamber said:—

It gives me great pleasure to welcome you all to the function of this evening, viz. the opening ceremony of the Lalji Naranji Memorial Indian Merchants' Chamber Building by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. We have compiled a Souvenir of the Chamber's activities during the last 32 years of its career in commemoration of this occasion.

India has been compared with a continent by many writers and it was tragic, indeed, as is her history throughout, that she should have been under foreign rule for the last several centuries. In the times of the Moslem rule, it must be said that there was not that acute difference between the foreign rulers and the people of the soil as became the order of the day since the British occupation.

DISTRUST OF INDIANS.

The defence policy of the Government of India is unfortunately symptomatic of an utter distrust of and no-confidence in Indians. A thorough trust in Indians will result in Indians taking care of their defence and England will be free of her anxieties on this score. As matters stand at present, no opportunity is given to the sons of the soil for defending their Motherland. There should be a reorientation of the whole of the defence policy and the Army, the Navy and the Air Services should have a different tale to tell. I wonder if the British Statesmen have this imagination and this large-heartedness or whether they and India will have still to wade through many years of toil and trouble.

DISCRIMINATION IN INDUSTRY

What happened with regard to the defence policy happened also with regard to the industrial policy. The history of only one industry, viz., the cotton textile industry, is sufficient to show to what lengths the Government of the day went in foisting upon this country Lancashire goods. This unjust and unfair discrimination in favour of a foreign industry was not to be found only with regard to the textile industry but with regard to practically all the industries. The blow was struck even at Indian shipping and the shipping which was the pioneer in the world was eliminated to make room for British shipping and Indian ship-building yards also were scrapped.

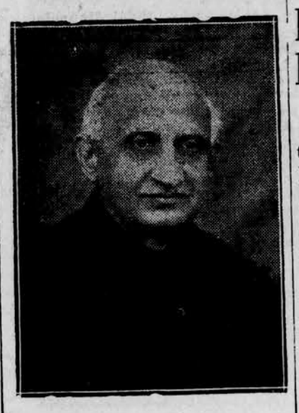
"PARIAHS OF EMPIRE."

The evils of foreign rule and the entire absence of independence are nowhere more seen than in the condition of our brethren in the Self-Governing Colonies and in the so-called Crown Colonies. This is an old, old question. I am not exaggerating when I say that the Indians are being treated as 'pariahs' in so many of these Colonies, and every effort is being made to oust them from those lands, to the development of which they have devoted, in some cases, not less than two or three centuries.

CONGRESS AND CHAMBER.

India was in the aforementioned state of prostration when the Indian National Congress was first organised. It was the first awakening of the country, the leaders of which began to feel that they were not free. It was this awakening also which came to the commercial and industrial leaders of those days who realised that the 'Pax Britannica,' which had taken away their political liberty had also taken away practi-

(Continued on page 14, col. 2)



Mr. Bhulabhai Desai who unveiled the bust of the late Mr. Lalji Naranji.

ROWDYISM AT POONA AGAIN

POONA, May 19.

Rowdy scenes in a worse form occurred again to-night when Mr. Shankarrao Deo, addressed an audience of over 7,000 people, including a large number of women under the auspices of the Spring Lectures Series. Hostile demonstrators, who were on the fringe of the gathering, kept shouting and catcalling throughout Mr. Deo's speech. As they found the speaker proceeding with his address unruffled by their noise, rowdy elements in the crowd took to throwing stones and rotten eggs at the platform.

A large stone fell among the women and there was confusion for a while in that section, though they settled down again after sometime.

Another stone hit a man on the head, causing bleeding injury, notwithstanding the continuous noise and interruptions, the majority of the crowd listened with attention to Mr. Deo, who, cool and collected, spoke for 90 minutes.

"Remember," declared Mr. Deo, "if there is one party in India which can deliver the goods on behalf of India, it is the Congress; if there is one party in India which has behind it an overwhelming majority of the masses in the country, it is the Congress; if there is one party which can make the highest sacrifices on behalf of the country, it is the Congress; and if there is one party which can successfully give battle and win swaraj for the country, it is the Congress."

Mr. Deo added that this claim was proved cent per cent by the success of the Congress in the last general elections.

The Committee of the Spring Lectures Series apprehending trouble, had requisitioned police help. But the police were kept in the background as Mr. Deo requested that police help should not be availed of for his safety.

BAHAWALPUR POLITICALS RELEASED

LAHORE, May 19.

Maulana Abdul Aziz, President, Jamiatul Muslimin and the other political prisoners have been released unconditionally by Bahawalpur State, according to a message received from the Secretary Jamiatul Muslimin.—A. P.

Bombshell For Rajkot Pleaders

RAJKOT, May 19.

A surprise order was sprung by the Niyaya (Judicial Official) of the State this morning on several prominent pleaders who had taken a leading part in the last satyagraha struggle to the effect that they would not be allowed to practice in the State Courts.

No reasons have been assigned.

This step has come as a surprise and is being widely commented upon in Prajaparishad circles who believed that Gandhiji's conciliatory statement and the developments thereafter had really paved the way for an honourable compromise and peace.—United Press.

ORDERS WITHDRAWN

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, May 19.

'Apropos' the renunciation of the Gwyer Award by Mahatmaji and expressing hopes for a change of heart of Durbar Virawalla, the first reaction has been the serving of orders forbidding lawyers who took part in the movement from practising in the State Courts. But the orders have been withdrawn sequel to the disapproval of Sjt. Mahadev Desai.

MUSLIM ULTIMATUM TO GANDHIJI

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, May 19.

The Muslims have served Gandhiji with an ultimatum that if he fails to answer their letter delived about six in the evening before seven p.m. or his confessing that he did commit a breach of promise, Muslims will proceed with arbitration ex parte.

The Bhayats will also, it is understood follow in the same footsteps.

"Rajkot Satyagraha" Proscribed

RAJKOT, May 19.

A recently published book entitled "Rajkot Satyagraha" published in Ahmedabad and sold locally in good numbers has been proscribed by order of the first member of the State Council.—A.P.

RAJKOT, May 19.

It is understood that the State will issue a Gazette Extraordinary to-morrow announcing the personnel of a committee for drafting Constitutional Reforms for Rajkot.—A.P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of **ONE ANNA** per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all **CASH PAYMENTS** provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL

An European Professionist invites applications from young ladies of high class society in view of marriage. Apply Box No. 11783 "Bombay Chronicle."

Gujarati Lady vergin or widow willing to marry a Gujarati Bania Surat age 38, quite healthy amicable monthly income hundred. Please write to Box No. 11769 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a pretty girl, an ordinary graduate or a medical girl for an enlightened young Hindu gentleman in U. P. Very decently settled in life. No caste or religious restrictions. Correspondence confidential. Please correspond through Box No. 11793 "Bombay Chronicle."

A suitable match required for an 18-year-old, beautiful and educated Muslim girl belonging to a very cultured and well-known Afghan family. Applications from Gentleman of position and those holding Imperial Service commissions in the civil service and railway department will be considered. Box 11790 "Bombay Chronicle."

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted for the Pioneer Public School, Dadar. Recognized two B.T.s or S.T.C.s, for English and Sanskrit or Marathi. Apply Principal stating experience and minimum salary. (11791)

Wanted for a large Sugar Factory qualified and experienced Assistant Engineers, Mechanics and Fitters. Apply stating qualifications, previous experience etc. to Box No. 11787 "Bombay Chronicle."

Posts Guaranteed in writing to Stenographers, or fees refunded Shorthand 10-, Typewriting 3|-, Speed 3|-. Join Brentford's Shorthand College, Forbes Street. (11757)

Wanted a trained and experienced Gujarati Head Master strong in English and administrative work for D. N. High School, Anand. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected before the 25th May, to the Secretary, Charotar Education Society, Anand. (236)

Wanted Lady Teachers: Graduates with Mathematics, Marathi under graduates and 2nd year trained; with drawing or domestic science preferred. Please apply Secretary, Seva Samiti, Adarsha Wanita Vidyalaya, Margao (Goa). (11786)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a sparetime worker. Must deposit Rs. 25 cash. Apply Box No. 11785, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Investing Secretaries throughout India on splendid terms for organising investing workers for our Business Brotherhood. Send complete information before 30th to Box No. 11778 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for posts in the Office and in the technical departments from graduates in Arts, Science or Commerce and from full diplomates of the V.J.T. Institute or any other recognised Institute of similar status. The candidates should possess a degree or diploma at least with second class honours. Salary for Office Rs. 50-5-80 per month for Technical Departments: Rs. 50-7 1 2-65 E.B.10-90 per month. Please apply with copies of testimonials to:—Office Asstt., Calico Mills Ltd., Ahmedabad. (228)

Wanted. (1) A Lady Superintendent knowing Gujarati with high academic qualifications and teaching and administrative experience for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat, in the scale of 150—10—250. One with previous experience and high qualifications may be given a higher start than the minimum within the scale. (2) Lady Graduate Teachers preferably with English and Gujerathi and Drawing qualifications. Apply before 31st May, 1939, stating age, qualifications, teaching and administrative experience and minimum salary expected to the Hon. Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat. (177)

Wanted—For the South Indian Education Society's High School, Brahmanwada Road, Matunga Bombay 19. B.A.L.T., strong in English preferably with science and mathematics. Inter-trained with Malayalam, History and Geography. Matric-trained with Tamil. Teacher in French, preferably part-time. Starting salary Rs. 60 for L.T., and Rs. 50 for others. Teachers with at least three years experience and under 35 years preferred. Apply with full details and testimonials to the Honorary Secretary before 31st May. (205)

62. TO BE LET.

To Let Paruck Wadi Bungalow near Central Bank Sandhurst Road for Hospital, office or residential purposes. (11782)

To be let in "Dreamland", New Queen's Road near Roxy Cinema as consulting Block for Doctors or for Residence. For particulars apply to the liftman. (11735)

To be let at Chawpatty Vasant, Nivas Three, four Rooms blocks. Apply on the premises. Phone 21801. (11773)

To Let—Best ventilated, airy, single and double rooms with water cock in Ganjawalla New Building at 510, Arthur Road, Tardeo, near Tram Terminus, Bus and Rly. Station. Apply on premises. (11762)

68. FLATS TO LET

Coolest and most comfortable flats in Bombay. to let at Meher-Abad, Marine Drive, Churchgate Reclamation, facing sea. Unrivalled situation. Rents very reasonable. Apply P. D. Master on 'phone 23217. (11784)

To Let 3 and 4 room flats in Jumna Nivas, next Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty quiet, airy and respectable locality. Rents moderate. Lift available. (11775)

Cassinath Estate, Napean Sea Road westerly flats with all conveniences large compound motor garage, servants quarters, rent 110|-|-, 350|-|-. Apply Mali 'phone 20357. (11769)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Indian Civil Engineering Institute, Sukkur, now admits Matrics and Non-Matrics for Overseer Course. Prospectus on two anna stamps. (11713)

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice. Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College, Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10987)

174. BOOKS

Income Tax Ready Reckoner 1939 under the slab system. As. 14, Income Tax Act 1939 about As. 5. The Literature House, Ganda Nala, Delhi. (11792)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of policy Nos. 54259/60 on the life of Mr. Joseph Francis Rebello a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

J. M. CORDEIRO,
Secretary.

Bombay Mutual Bldg.,
Fort, Bombay.
(11794)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

OFFICERS' COOKS

VACANCIES exist in the Royal Indian Navy for a limited number of Officers' Cooks.

Applicants must be literate, able to read and understand Simple English, produce evidence of previous experience in the European style of Cooking, together with certificates of character and ability. Age 22-24.

Accepted recruits will receive pay of Rs. 30-1-36 with free clothing and rations. Promotion by selection rising to a maximum of Rs 85/- per mensem.

Pensions are granted after 18 years' service.

First period of engagement for five years, with option to re-engage if considered suitable.

Applicants to apply in writing before 31st May to Director of Personal Services, H. M. I. N. Dockyard, Bombay. (219)

LOST.

POLICY No. 164700/W dated the 3rd April, 1918, for Rs. 10,000 converted into a paid-up assurance for Rs. 1,052 (Rupees One thousand and fifty-two) granted by the Phoenix Assurance Company, Limited, on the life of Kapoorchand Maneckchand Shah. Will any person having any information regarding the above kindly communicate with the Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd., 28, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta (122).

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans? Monday to Friday 9 persons received. Loans on mere Promissory Notes! Certificates with names and addresses as open proofs! No double Pro-Notes! No heavy interest! Just come and read Hundreds of Certificates! Sunday and Holidays open. Agents also required on handsome Commission. Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road Junction, Grant Road, opposite Hardinge. (11735)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for Silk and Woollen goods on liberal terms apply to see Sham Lal Menrai Inspector Jeetakar-wadi Room No. 17, Thakurdwar Road, Bombay. (11721)

387. TYPEWRITERS

Empire Typewriter Co., 76, Tamarind Lane, Fort, repairs, overhauls and rebuilds Typewriters (all makes) under expert supervision of Late Foreman, Remington Rand. (11531)

649. FURNITURE FOR SALE

For quality Furniture in Modern style Gujarat Furniture Works. Showrooms and Factory, Charni Road, Girgaum Phone 25498. (11725)

551 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Established 1925, Import and Export Clearing and Shipping work undertaken at Reasonable Rates, Regular Shipments of sundry packages to the local and Mofussils. We ship everywhere. S. P. Sharma, 109 Poddar Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. (11796)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for supplying Two 18" Dia. Reflux Valves so as to reach the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality on or before 4-0 P.M. on 31st May, 1939.

Copy of the Specification can be had from the office of the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 2 only.

Earnest money should accompany the tender at the rate of one per cent.

(Sd.) C. R. DESAI,
Ag: Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad,
17th May, 1939.

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BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS *in duplicate* in the prescribed form are invited from natives of the Province of Bombay, who are either British subjects or who being non-British subjects are persons in respect of whom a declaration of eligibility has been made under section 262 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, for the post of *Lecturer in English in the Bombay Educational Service Class II.* The pay of the post which is temporary for the present, is Rs. 170-10-250-E. B.-15-400-E. B.-20-500 for men, and Rs. 170-8-250-E. B.-266-12-350 for women. This scale is subject to revision. Probation for two years on Rs. 170. *Qualifications.*—At least an M.A. degree with previous experience of teaching. *Age.*—Ordinarily not less than 23 and not more than 30 years on the 20th June 1939. Full details will be found in Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 18th or 25th May 1939, or can be obtained on requisition enclosing an *addressed envelope* bearing a two anna postage stamp. Copies of the printed prescribed form of application can be had on payment of Rupee one per copy in cash from the office of the Commission or by a *crossed* Indian Postal Order in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission," which should accompany the requisition for the form. Payment by Money Order or postage stamps will *not* be accepted. Last date for receiving the application:—10th June 1939. *Any attempt, direct or indirect, to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

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Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and Credits of DEVKOREBAI, wife of Motilal Mohandas, of Bombay Bania Hindu inhabitant, residing prior to her death at Santa Cruz, Bombay Suburban District Bombay. ..... Deceased.

PRANLAL MOTILAL, of Bombay Bania Hindu inhabitant, residing at Saraswati Road, Santa Cruz, Bombay Suburban District ... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 12th day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine and in the third year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) S. H. VAKIL,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR.

The 12th day of May, 1939.

Messrs THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

(237)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS will be put to Public Auction in this Office at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) on the dates shown against them:——

Scheme	Estate	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User.	Date.
6	Sion Matunga (West).	251	1,100	Shops & residences	2-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	252	944	Residences only.	2-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	253	944	,, ,,	2-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	254	944	,, ,,	2-6-1939
57	Sewri Wadala	66	806	,, ,,	6-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	67	889	,, ,,	6-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	68	689	,, ,,	6-6-1939
,,	,, ,,	69	689	,, ,,	6-6-1939

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to each of the plots to be leased with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of Annas Eight in each case. Conditions of the lease and other particulars can be inspected at the Office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

Bombay, 20th May, 1939.

H. M. ABHYANKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES IN BOMBAY AND SUBURBS

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for purchase of the undermentioned properties. Every offer for purchase must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees five thousand and sent to the undersigned as Attorneys for the Vendor His Highness The Maharaja of Morvi. If the offer is accepted the deposit of Rupees 5,000- will be appropriated towards earnest money which will be ten (10) per cent. of the purchase price and which will have to be paid on execution of the Agreement for sale. One of the conditions of sale will be that the Vendor will make out a marketable title free from any reasonable doubt and that if the purchaser is not completed by reason of any defect in title, the Purchaser will not be entitled to any damages or specific performance but he will be entitled to the return of the earnest money without interest. If the offer is not accepted the deposit will be returned without interest, on or before 31st July 1939. The offer must be made within a month from the date hereof and the sale will have to be completed within two months from the date of the Agreement for Sale. All out of pocket charges including stamp and registration will be borne by the Vendor and Purchaser in equal shares. Each party will pay his own Solicitors' costs.

Particulars relating to the properties can be had from the Agent to H. H. The Maharaja of Morvi, Mahendra Mansion, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

PROPERTIES	SITUATION.
1. Mahendra Mansion.	Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, Opp. Regal Cinema & Museum.
2. Waterloo Mansion	Ravelin Street, near Excelsior Cinema.
3. Jiji House	Gamadia Road, Off, Pedder Road.
4. Mohini Mahal	Kandivli, Ghodbunder Road.
5. Bungalow & Garden land (about 37,000 square yards.)	Inami village named Manpada about two miles from Thana Station, Ghodbunder Road.
6. Agricultural Land (about 530 acres ownership land)	

Dated this 15th day of May 1939.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Vendor's Attorneys,
14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

(202)

Public Notices

PORT CANNING & LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

CERTIFICATE of share No. 5489 of the abovenamed company in the name of late Taherally Sekh Ahmed is lost, misplaced or burnt. The said company has been requested to issue duplicate share certificate thereof. Any claim on the said share should be notified within a fortnight at the Registered Office of the Company No 59, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay. otherwise duplicate share certificate will be issued to Bai Zohrabai Taherally Sek Ahmed.

Dated this 20th day of May, 1939.

A. G. KHAMBATY,
Constituted attorney of Bai Zohrabai Taherally Sekh Ahmed.

11770.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Bunglow furniture, Grand Musical Instrument, Rajvanshi Zula, Godrej Steel Cabinet & Safes, Piano (S. Rose Co.) Zunda Cabinet, Singer Machine, Corona Portable typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Gramophone, Wrist watches, (1) Saloon Studebaker Motor Car (about No. 3700 T.) in good running order.

Auction Sales

M. MODY & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

Under instructions from D. G. Rebello, Esqr. To-day at 3 P.M. household furniture, German Piano, Pictures, Persian carpets, Curtains, Glass, Crockery, English Dinner Service "Royal Blue" motor car, etc. At "Shahibag House" (3rd Floor) Wittet Road Ballard Estate. Auctioneers M. MODY & CO., 132, Medows Street, Fort

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GLORIOUS ACHIEVEMENT
THE
UNEXPECTED
OR
Duniya Na Mane
(in HINDI)
with
SHANTA APTE
KESHAVRAO DATE
VASANTI
From WEDNESDAY
PRABHAT'S ANOTHER GEM!
"AMRUT MANTHAN"
IN HINDI

"THE SAINT," in another deed of violent gallantry.....! AT THE
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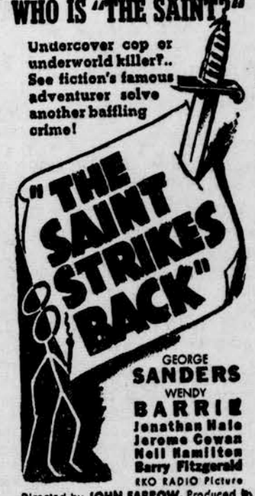
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

WHO IS "THE SAINT?"
Undercover cop or underworld killer?.. See fiction's famous adventurer solve another baffling crime!



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LOUIS CALHERN
NAT PENDLETON
DOUGLAS DUMBRILLE

For His COUNTRY....
For His COUNTRYMEN.....
He Turned into an OUTLAW....
For he could not bear the fight of the Suffering and Woes!

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IMPERIAL
CINEMA ::: LAMINGTON ROAD

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Radio orchestra Bhatron 7-35 Imamuddin Khan 7-50 Haider Husain Chughtai 7-55 Shirinbai of Gwalior 8-30 School broadcast.

1-0 p.m. Your selections 6-10 R. R. Chowdhury 6-25 Cornet recital 6-30 Shirinbai of Gwalior 6-50 Sarangi recital 6-55 Imamuddin Khan 7-15 History in making 7-30 For villagers 8-15 Shirinbai 8-30 Sitar recital 8-40 Imamuddin Khan 9-35 Hitler: by S. N. Bharati 9-50 Imamuddin Khan 10-10 Shirinbai.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres 9,590 kc/s)

7-30 to 9-5 a.m. and 1-0 p.m. Melodious moments.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6-0 As in Delhi I 6-10 Imamuddin Khan 6-40 Clarionet recital 6-45 R. R. Chowdhury 6-55 Shirinbai of Gwalior 7-15 As in Delhi I 7-30 Imamuddin Khan 7-55 Radio orchestra 8-0 R. R. Chowdhury 8-15 to 8-40 As in Delhi I 8-40 Shirinbai of Gwalior 9-0 to 9-50 As in Delhi I 9-50 Classical programme.

Delhi—III Programme

7-30 to 9-5 a.m. and 1-0 to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-30 p.m. As in Delhi I 7-30 to 8-15 As in Delhi II 8-15 to 10-30 As in Delhi I.

Lahore—Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-0 p.m. Khursheedbai Hujruwali 6-20 Khadim Husain 6-35 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur 6-55 Khursheedbai Hujruwali 7-15 History in making 7-30 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur 7-45 Khadim Husain 8-0 For countryside 8-30 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur 8-40 Khursheedbai Hujruwali 9-35 Ali Baksh of Kasur 9-50 Conspiracy 10-20 Mixed melodies.

Peshawar Programme

(Broadcasts on 200 metres (1,500 kc/s) from 7 to 10-30 p.m., relaying Delhi programmes from 8 p.m.)

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 to 9-5 a.m. As in Delhi I 1-0 p.m. Market rates 1-10 to 2-0 As in Delhi I.

Bombay—II Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
61.43 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-0 p.m. Indian recorded music 7-0 to 7-30 As in Delhi II 7-30 to 7-45 Commercaial news 7-45 to 10-30 As in Delhi II.

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. Keeranur Brothers 2-15 Forgotten favourites 2-45 V. S. Palladam 6-0 For villagers 6-30 Shrimati T. A Sundarambal: vocal 7-0 We are not alone, 1 (Tamil) by O. A. Narayanswami Iyer 7-15 K. C. Tyagarajan of Tanjore: vocal 8-0 Instrumental variety 8-15 Shrimati T. A. Sundarambal: vocal 8-45 K. C. Tyagaranjan of Tanjore Gottuvadyam.

Calcutta—I

(Add 24 minutes to all timings)
370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. Selection.

12-30 p.m. Variety. 1-30 For you, madam. 2-0 Saturday fun. 5-0 First div. football league. 6-10 Amiya Adhikari. 6-20 Angurbala. 6-40 Mastan Gama. 7-0 Angurbala. 7-20 Rituchakra. 8-5 Guide to sports (Bengali). 9-10 Teresa Murphy: Soprano. 9-25 Dance music by Jack Hylton.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. to 11-30 and 12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5-0 to 6-10 As in Calcutta 1. 6-10 For countryside. 7-0 to 9-10 As in Calcutta 1. 9-10 Anil Bose. 9-25 Monomohon Shahboot Sharma. 9-45 Radharani, II. 10-0 For Oriya Listeners.

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-0 p.m. Arti. 6-10 Mohan Lal Kooi. 6-30 Khurshidbai. 6-53 Mysore Palace orchestra. 7-0 For children. 7-40 Mohan Lal Kool. 7-50 Khurshidbai. 8-0 Health and nature cure. (Hindustani). 8-30 Ao Bahes Karen (Hindustani). 8-45 Mohan Lal Kool. 9-40 Land of Dragon. 9-55 Film Geets

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BOMBAY TALKIES' GREAT HISTORICAL PICTURE

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ASHOK KUMAR
and OTHERS

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SAT. & SUN. MATINEE AT 2 P.M.

AROUND THE COURT

BOMBAY, Friday

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death caused by "Veronal poisoning, which he had voluntarily administered to himself," at the inquest on T. Shiv Subramanian (25), a clerk in the G.I.P. Rly., living at Matunga.

T. Shiv Subramanian left a note in which he stated that he had taken poison after much deliberation as he did not want to be a nuisance to anybody.

Worker Killed By Fall Of Cotton

The dead body of one Babu Sakhib (45), working in the Gold Mohar Mill, was found lying under a pile of loose cotton in the Mixing Department.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death caused by "asphyxiation due to the accidental fall on him of a large quantity of cotton while he was on duty at the Gold Mohar Mill.

TOOK OPIUM ON HEARING BAD NEWS?

Depressed by the news regarding his family, Lackmansingh Hukumsingh took a dose of opium with the intention of ending his life. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital in a serious condition and has been detained there.

The accused had been bailed out by the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court.

10-10 Mohan Lal Kool. 10-20 Khurshidbai.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

5-0 p.m. Shrimati M. K. Rajam vocal. 5-45 Carnatic orchestra. 6-20 Shrimati C. R. Nagambal vocal. 6-30 A I R Artist Jalatarangam. 6-45 Tiffin carrier, (Tamil). 7-10 C. S. Rangappa: Veena. 7-15 Cash in hand. 7-30 Chikka Rama Rao: vocal. 8-10 Carnatic orchestra. 8-20 Chikka Rama Rao: vocal. 8-55 Money by A. G. Vere. 9-10 Record. 9-35 Music As you like it. 10-0 Love songs. 10-10 Handel Manuel: Pianoforte.

Madras—II

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

5-0 T. A. Venkatarama Iyer. 5-45 As in Madras 1. 6-0 Song story by Shrimti J. Janakamma. 6-20 Literacy drive (Telugu). 6-30 Ma Abbayi. (Telugu). 6-40 Devotional duets. 6-45 to 9-35 As in Madras 1. 9-35 Ellore Rayappa: clarionet.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 New York World's Fair. 7-50 Alchemists. 8-20 Students' songs. 8-50 Jack Hylton and his band. 9-30 News. 9-45 Accent on Rhythm. 10-0 County Cricket 10-25 Stock Exchange report and sports news.

TRUE HORNET'S NEST

Unique Exhibit In Indian Museum

Of a type not usually seen, an exhibit in the Indian Museum, Calcutta, has been attracting considerable attention. It is a hornet's nest, placed on show in the Insect Gallery of the Museum. Probably one of the largest specimens that have yet come to notice, it is a never-ending source of interest to the visiting public.

The nest was acquired by the Zoological Survey of India from a small 'bael' tree growing in the compound of a house in Calcutta in 1925. On enquiry it was found that the hornets commenced building this beautiful nest in the spring of 1924. In the month of March the size of the nest was about the size of the 'bael' fruit and by May it had attained the size of a man's head; towards the end of October the growth of the nest reached its maximum and it now was over 3½ feet in height and its maximum breadth near the base was over 2 feet. The nest, which was attached to the tree trunk on one side near the base, was also fixed to a stout branch at its apex. Further, several branches passing right through the nest provided additional support for it.

'Vespa cincta', which is the name by which this insect is known to the scientific world, is a fairly common species of hornet found all over the plains of India. It has a liking for forests and builds its nests in the holes of large fig and other forest trees. Though common, because of its ferocity, disposition and the virulence of its stings, not much study has yet been made of its habits and life-history in India. It is largely predacious and its larvae are known to feed on other insects. Although at times it causes injury to fruits, it is useful as scavanger and in reducing the number of other insects, more especially Dipterous and Lepidopterous larvae which are responsible for the destruction of several economically important plants.

THE KARNATAK SANGH, BOMBAY

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, a public meeting of the Kannadigas of Bombay will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Sangh at Murzban Bungalow, 1st floor, next to Palonji Sojpal Building, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar (B. B. & C. I.) to congratulate Messrs. V. S. Sugandhi and Yalawar on their success in the V. J. T. Final examination. Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao will preside. There will also be a programme of Vachana Gayana by Mr. P. V. Patil of Bijapur.

ROMEO AND JULIET?

You never can tell—when women Tempt
Men and men get Mad over——

"A BOTTLE OF BRANDY"

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HOLIDAY MATINEES: 1-45 P.M.

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UNABLE TO FIT WALTER PIDGEON'S SIZE 13½ FEET WITH BOXING SHOES FOR '6000 ENEMIES' PROP MEN CUT DOWN AN OLD PAIR ONCE USED BY PRIMO CARNERA
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THE GULP OF EMOTION WHICH WILL RISE UP
YOUR THROAT WHEN YOU SEE
THE SUPREME CLIMAX
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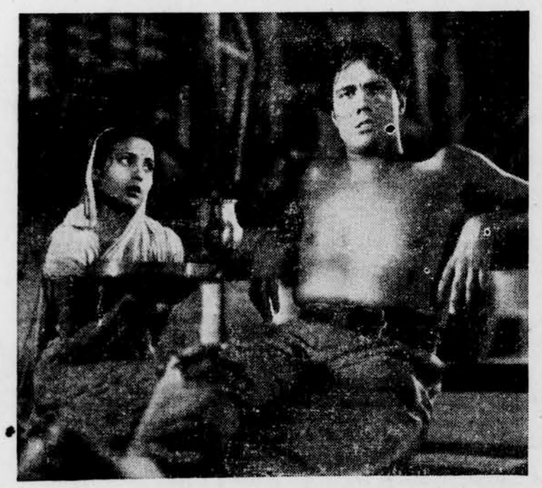
Stir up your emotions with its appeal. Keep you chuckling with its humour, exhilarate you with delightful outdoors. Enrapture your senses with Divine music. Keep you spell-bound with its war scenes. Set your Brains working with its original theme!



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OF THE LIVES
OF POOR
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GOT Medals, Shields and praises for Committing WHOLE-SALE MURDER

BUT
FOR KILLING A Beastly Man to save the HONOUR OF A GIRL

HE
WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH

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SUNDAY 21st MORNING AT 10 A. M. GOOD EARTH

Sports Jottings

BY

Observer

BILLIARDS

Kingsley Kennerly, three times amateur billiards champion of England, is due to reach India on June 1. He was England's representative in the Empire championship at Melbourne.

Kennerly's visit to India is a honeymoon trip, as he married a day before he sailed by the "Strathaird" and brings his wife with him.

He will play exhibition matches in Bombay and then go on to Calcutta. Kennerly will also visit Darjeeling, Benares, Lucknow, Agra, Delhi, Lahore, Srinagar, Madras and probably Rangoon.

The visit to India is being arranged by the Billiards Association of India, who are bearing all the expenses.

CRICKET

Form reminiscent of his hey days, when a student of the Punjab University, was revealed by Asghar Ali, when he turned out for the Indian Gymkhana Club in their first fixture of the current cricket season at Osterley. The Gymkhana got the better over Ealing Dean, a London Club XI by 32 runs. Asghar Ali's 50 was a valuable contribution to victory.

In the same match there was some good bowling by M. Jehangir Khan, the all-India and Cambridge University player. Dev Raj Puri, the Punjab fast bowler, also played a part in a match of fluctuating fortunes.

The Club incidentally in this match had their first experience with the eight ball over. Puri's pace and stamina was unaffected. Two extra deliveries did not worry Jehangir Khan.

I cannot help but repeat what C. G. Macartney recently wrote when talking about the training of young batsmen. He said: "The players themselves must be trained in their early years to play the game for enjoyment, making the bat hit the ball as frequently and as skilfully as possible. That is the key to the door of entertainment."

FOOTBALL

There is every possibility of another Indian Football team visiting the Dutch East Indies this year. Teams from this country have made the trip to Java before, in 1924 and 1926.

The Football Association of Batavia have extended the invitation to India.

The tour will be a little over a month's duration. The team should reach Batavia on August 27 and leave that place on September 30. The Association of Batavia guarantee 7,500 guilders. It is suggested that the Indian side should play 12 matches in Java.

TENNIS

Mr. Wallis Myers writes as follows in the "Daily Telegraph", when describing the match between S. Kho Sin Kie (China) and Gaus Mahomed in the third round of the British Hard Court Tennis Championships.

"There was plenty of fine play in this match, won by the Chinese by 6-3, 13-11, 6-1. Both men are particularly mobile and played all the shots.

Kho has a whipped forehand and a sliced backhand and uses the angles well; Gaus is a powerful flat driver. Gaus has three set points at 9-8 in the second set, when Kho won five points in a row. Then Gaus led by 11-10 and 30-0, when Kho played three unreachable dropshots into the wind. Kho won the set with drops following acutely angled drives."

Kho Sin Kie won the final beating his countryman W. C. Choy. Last year, he beat Austin to annex the Singles title. Incidentally, I have just heard from Calcutta that Kho Sin Kie and W. C. Choy may both visit India this winter. They will probably be accompanied by Miss Gem Hoahing. L. Hecht and F. Puncec, who have, visited these shores before, are other probable visitors during the coming season.

SPORT IN THE U.S.S.R.

A correspondent who knows his Russia tells us something about the advance of sport in the U.S.S.R. He writes in the "Manchester Guardian": "Sport in the U.S.S.R. is undoubtedly for the masses. Its development and present-day significance for all the peoples of the U.S.S.R. can best be judged by the number of active participants. In Tsarist Russia before the Great War there were roughly only 30,000 athletes, most of whom were members of the "Sokol"—the Pan-Slavonic gymnastic organisation, which in spite of the vastness of that country had its weakest national organisation in Russia. With the exception of this bourgeois sporting organisation sport was carried on only by the aristocracy. The workers and peasants could not compete in sport; their standard of life was so low that they could find neither time for nor interest in sport. To-day there are some twelve million active athletes united in the various sporting organisations. This mass spread has its roots in the powerful backing of sport by the Government; the general organisation is principally done by the trade unions. This exceptional popularisation of sport, which is unusual in other countries, is caused by several things. First, the greater expenditure there is on sport the less is necessary for hospitals and convalescent homes. Secondly, a healthy and fit youth is the greatest treasure of a people's State and for the furtherance of its economic political and cultural development. Thirdly, the military strength of the State is insured in the strongest way by a good sporting and ideological preparation of the younger generation.

RISING STANDARDS

This exceptional sporting mass movement carries with it an exceptional rise in the athletic standard. The high attainments of flying in U.S.S.R. is well-known. Although Soviet sport is not in touch with international athletic organisations, nevertheless it ought to be better known, as the performances in many forms of sport are up to world class, and have even surpassed it. If the weight-lifters were to enter for international competitions they could win half the world titles, and so would the swimmers. Also the best football teams, 'Dynamo', 'Spartak', and 'The Red Army', are of international class. Lawn Tennis is widely popular and has recently reached a high standard. Of greatest interest to foreigners is the encouragement of athletes to versatility in sport. Nearly half the twelve million active athletes possess the sports badge, which may be worn only those athletes who attain a certain standard in all the popular forms of sport (running, jumping, throwing, swimming, skiing, cycling, and also shooting and bomb-throwing). The wearers of these sports badges enjoy great respect and esteem in public."

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Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

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CURES → FILARIA

However Obstinate and old

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No Winner For Aga Khan

LONDON, May 19.

The Aga Khan, who has not had a winner this year, thinks that Dhoti has not much chance of winning the Derby on public form.

Jack Jarvis trainer of Blue Peter and Admiralswalk, two of the favourites and Vesperian, a good outsider says that the horses are good in preparation.

Their public form speeks for itself.

E. Smith, Blue Peter's Jockey thinks he has a favourite's chance. Robert Middlemas expects that Fair Chance will run well, but prepartion has been retarded by bad leg.

The French challenger, Romeo, has a fair chance, according to trainer Henri Count, but he does not kno how his horse will react to the Epsom course.—Reuter.

HELENIC MARATHON RACE

Chance For Indian Athletes

The Helenic Amateur Athletic Association of Athens is shortly to inaugurate an International Classical Marathon Race which will be held every two years commencing from 1939.

The distance will be the official 42.195 metres (26 miles, 385 yards) and will be run over the famous classical route starting from Marathon and finishing on the Athenean Stadium.

Over the same route ran Philbiedes in 400 B.C. and Joe Louis in 1896 A.D.

The race is open to all amateur runners approved by their National Governing Bodies.

The Indian Olympic Association is considering the matter and one or two Marathon Runners from India are likely to run over the famous classical route in Greece. In order to select the best runners India has, it will be necessary to organise a competition and only the best runners figuring in the trial competition shall have a chance of being selected.

The long distance runners of Bombay should get busy now and speed up their training, so that they may be able to run against India's best towards the middle of August at the earliest. Bombay has more Long Distance Runners than any other Province in India. At least two from Bombay ought to be in the Indian Team.

The International competition will be held on 8th October 1939, but the entries have to reach the Organising Committee at Athens by the 30th of August 1939.

The Visiting Competitors shall be the guest of H.A.A.A. for ten days there.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Biennial Marathon Race In Greece

(BY LOOKER-ON).

The Hellenic Amateur Athletic Association of Athens has announced its intention of inaugurating an International Classical Marathon Race from this year. It will be run every two years from Marathon to Athens—a distance of 26 miles and 385 yards, which is the Olympic distance for the Race. The first of the series is proposed to be held on October 8, 1939.

The H. A. A. A. has invited the Indian Olympic Association to send its representatives at the above meet. Having regard to the fact that the Marathon Race originated in Greece and it will be held on the same historic course which gave it the title, I have no doubt the whole athletic world will extend the proposal a cordial support.

I understand the B. P. O. A. has not only signified its approval, but has expressed its willingness to stage the trial in Bombay in the first week of September. I am sure the other provinces will also fall in line with Bombay's view.

India should send two or three representatives, after due trials, to compete in the meet. I only hope that the financial question will not come in the way.

Although most of the provinces have expressed their inability to foot the bill in connection with the visit of the Professional Tennis trio, Perry, Vines and Budge, the South Club is still hoping to entertain them at Calcutta. Perhaps Madras may follow suit, provided the Yuvaraja of Pithapuram shoulders the financial responsibilities of it. It will be a grand feast no doubt to watch three of the world's greatest players in action. But the cost is so prohibitive—£500 per day in the big centres and £300 in the smaller ones—that few can afford the luxury. I feel that the professionals have pitched their rates too high—at any rate for a poor country like India. Unless they are more reasonable, we should not encourage them.

The Calcutta South Club which has been responsible for almost all the visits by foreign tennis teams to this country, is once again on the move to invite a team next cold weather. It is very likely that a Chinese team consisting of Kho Sin Kie, W. C. Choy and Miss Gem Hoahing, would pay us a visit. The first named has just won the British Hard Court Championship in Singles for the second year in succession. Last year he had the distinction of defeating the British Ace "Bunny" Austin, in the final. This year he met his compatriot, Choy, a Cambridge Blue, in the same round, and easily got the better of him. Miss Hoahing has also earned a fine reputation in British Tennis Circles. It is necessary for me to emphasise here by the way that these players have reached their great heights owing to their long training and experience in Europe. I earnestly hope their visit will materialise—not so much because of the game they will exhibit but because of the sympathy we all feel for their country at the present moment of her distress. I am, however, against the invitation to Hecht and Puncec who have already visited our shores and shown their games. Who will bear all this extra expense?

The first division of the Harwood Football League will commence to-day at the Cooperage. There are eight teams in it. Unlike previous years when the British Infantry stationed at Colaba used to send a full Regimental Side, the South Lancs will put in two Company teams. This has been done with a view to enhance interest in the competition. It is no longer possible to entertain Regimental sides from up-country in the League owing to the high cost of travelling and the poor return therefrom. It is expected that the 'via media' will succeed in whipping up interest among the players and the public alike. The fact that the gate-charges have been considerably reduced this season may help a good deal in this direction. The other teams who will figure in this division are Royal Artillery, Bombay Gymkhana, B. E. S. T., South Kanara, Y. M. C. A. and Caltex. Owing to the division of strength of the Infantry side, the civilian teams will have an excellent chance of winning the championship this year. None has done it so far. Will they succeed now?

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 5	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
*Deccan Queen	10 35 Mon.	17 15 Fri.

*Will not run until after end of April 1939, except before and after important holidays.

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	23 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:

London—Bombay (Juhu)

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—London

Planes call at Ahmedabad. Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departures from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Colombo

Planes call at Hyderabad. Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:- Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m.

Departure from Juhu:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-45 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 6-15 p.m.

Bombay—Trivandrum—Trichinopoly

Planes call at Goa, Cannanore and Trivandrum.

Departures from Juhu: Monday 8 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu: Wesdnesday, 3-15 p.m.

Bombay—Poona—Kolhapur

Departures from Juhu: Monday, and Saturday at 7-30 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu:—Monday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Colombo—Bombay (Juhu)

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 9-45 a.m. Delivery: Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Singapore and Australia

Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay (via Calcutta)

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Hongkong China and Japan

Latest hour of posting: Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay (via Calcutta)

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Delhi

Planes call at Indore, Bhopal and Gwalior.

Departures from Juhu: Monday and Thursday, 6-30 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday and Tuesday 1-55 p.m.

Bombay—Kathiawar

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 10-45 a.m.

HEAVY-WEIGHT BOXING IN ENGLAND

LONDON, May 13.

35,000 people in open air at Cardiff, saw Tommy Farr defeat Larry Gains who retired at the end of the fifth round of a 12-round fight with an injured right hand.

Farr was superior in every department. He attacked throughout landing easily lefts to the face and was speedier than Gains who relied on his defensive skill.

Gains was almost down in the fifth round, Farr landing a right swing to the head.

Both weighed 14 st. 8-1|2 lb.

The threatening rain kept off but there was a cold wind blowing during the progress of the fight.—Reuter.

COMPETITION OPENS ON 1ST AND CLOSES ON 30TH JUNE!

THIS COMPETITION IS OPEN TO ALL!!

Break the Record & Get the Reward!

THE WORLD-WIDE ASSURANCE LTD., POONA

Offers the most Precious Prizes

To Workers In Insurance Field

Paid For Business.	Prizes.
(1) Rs. 2,000	Camel Fountain Pen
(2) ,, 5,000	Parker Junior Fountain Pen
(3) ,, 7,500	Gold Wrist Watch
(4) ,, 10,000	Bicycle (Standard Make)
(5) ,, 15,000	Silver Tea-Set
(6) ,, 25,000	(A) Agfa Camera (for Half-Yearly premiums) (B) D. K. W. Motor Cycle (for Yearly premiums).

RULES: (1) Competition begins on 1st and closes on 30th June. The Agent shall be entitled to get the prize when at least Half-Yearly premiums are paid on or before 21st July. (2) Besides prizes the Agent shall be awarded a commission on the paid-for Business according to the company's scheduled rates. (3) The decision of the Managing Director shall be final in all matters.

M. P. SOMAN, M.A., Managing Director,
The WORLD-WIDE ASSURANCE, LTD., 551, Shanwar, Poona 2.

Look out For this Trade Mark when you buy a FAN

IEW

For particulars and demonstration write to:—

INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD., 6, Sir Pherozshaw Mehta Rd., Fort, BOMBAY. 'Phone 34205.

JAYALAXMI

PLEASURE CRUISE SERVICE

WILL CONTINUE TILL 28TH MAY, 1939

(Weather permitting)

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF LAST FEW DAYS OF CRUISES

DAILY PLEASURE CRUISE AT 6-30

From GATEWAY of India

SPECIAL 2 HOURS SATURDAY CRUISE

5-30 to 7-30 from GATEWAY of INDIA.

Whole Day ELEPHANTA EXCURSION

SUNDAYS: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Ferry Wharf Shed No. 5.

INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. TRD. CO., LTD. Telephone: 21779 27818

For Your Health's sake have one WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS A DAY.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS is not merely an absolutely Pure, entirely wholesome beverage. It is primarily a Diuretic—performing a definite medicinal function of assisting to keep the blood stream pure.

WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

Agents:—HERBERTSONS, LTD., BOMBAY.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 1, 1995
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 29, 1358
Parsi: Adar 17, 1308
Hightide: 0-01 13-00
Lowtide: 6-14 19-00
Sunrise: 6h 3m
Sunset: 7h 7m

The OUTSTANDING
The Epoch-Making
The SENSATIONAL
Screen-Hit of 1939—

'ROYAL' Release No. 8.

"MOTHER INDIA"

In Cine-Colours

TO-DAY

ENTERING WITH GLORIOUS PRIDE

NON-STOP

18

EIGHTEENTH WEEK

"MOTHER INDIA"

Shows the Sure Way to

1. BETTER MAN-POWER
2. BETTER WOMAN-POWER
3. BETTER MORALS

SEE

"MOTHER INDIA"

To Do Your Sacred Duty To Your Mother-Country

REMEMBER

There Is No Better Picture In the Town To Take Your Family to Than

"MOTHER INDIA"

In NON-STOP

18th WEEK

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Sat., Sundays Matinees 1-45 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Fast Company". Daily at 5-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The King of the Underworld". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Ware Case". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bari-Didi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
CAPITOL— "Duniya-Na-Mane". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
PATHE—"The Only Way". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Savitri". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10-15 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
WEST END—"The Kick". Time as usual.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Saint Strikes Back". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Baji Deshpande". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dushman". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sitara". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Daughter of Marathas". Time as usual.
KOHINOOR—"Devata". Time as usual.
MAJESTIC—"A Bottle of Brandy". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
EROS—"There's That Woman Again". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Mr. T. E. Streatfield, Secretary, Captain G. D. Chetwode and Captain P. Arkwright Aides-de-Camp left Bombay for Matheran on Friday.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

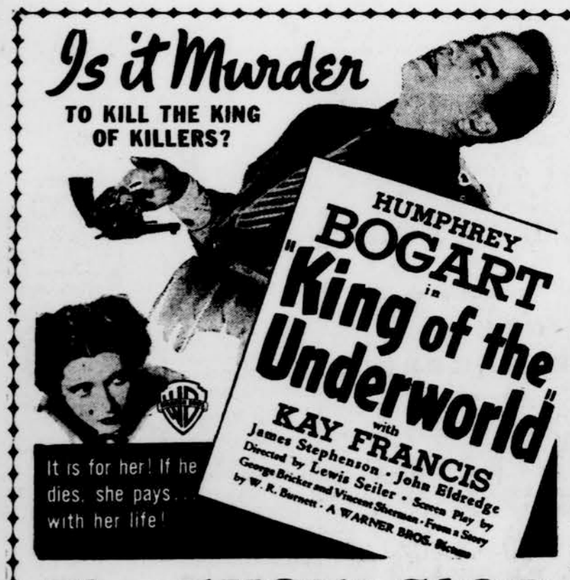
For sanitary round and visiting the chawls the members of the Social Workers' Society will meet on Sunday, 21st at 9-45 a.m. at J. J. School of Art's Tram stand.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE

There will be a public debate tomorrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. on "Gandhism is human idolatry in its worst form." Mr. Hayat will move the proposition and Mr. Boman-Behram will oppose it.

EROS Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m. 'Phone 22519.

Is it Murder TO KILL THE KING OF KILLERS?


HUMPHREY BOGART in "King of the Underworld"
with KAY FRANCIS
James Stephenson · John Eldredge
Directed by Lewis Seiler · Screen Play by George Bricker and Vincent Sherman · From a Story by W. R. Burnett · A WARNER BROS. Picture
It is for her! If he dies, she pays... with her life!

The EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

OBSERVE POLITICAL PRISONERS' DAY TO-MORROW

Public Meeting At Dana Bunder

In pursuance of the appeal issued by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President of the Indian National Congress, the "Political Prisoners' Day" will be observed to-morrow (Sunday) by holding public meetings in various wards of the city.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting on this day at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Dana Bunder (Mandvi). Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C., will preside and prominent speakers will address the meeting.

BOMBAY SEVA DAL

The G. O. C. of the Bombay Seva Dal writes: All the volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal are requested to be present at Shivaji Park on Sunday, the 21st instant at 6-30 a.m. (S.T.) for the weekly parade in Seva Dal Uniform.

'F' WARD PROGRAMME

On Sunday the 21st May, 1939, as ordered by the Congress President, the Political Prisoners' Day will be celebrated in 'F' Ward under the joint auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), B. B. and C. I. Railwaymen's Union, and the Building Workers' Union.

In the morning a cycle procession will start from the District Congress Committee's office at 6 a.m. and tour the Ward.

A public meeting at Kamgar Maidan at 6 p.m., when Sjt. J. P. Joshi will preside.

In the evening at 7-30 p.m. a torch light procession will start from the Kamgar Maidan, go through the main streets of the Ward and culminate at the Maidan near the Napoo Hall, Matunga, where a meeting will be held under the presidentship of Sjt. S. A. Dange.

POLITICAL PRISONERS' RELEASE DAY

Under the joint auspices of the Girgaum (D Ward) District Congress Committee and the Parel (F Ward) District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Chowpatty to celebrate the "All-India Political Prisoners' Release Day" as decided by the All-India Congress Committee at Calcutta.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A., will preside. Messrs. Gunvant Kapadia, R. S. Padbidri, S. S. Batliwala, D. S. Babrekar, M. R. Masani, S. G. Patkar, C. K. Narayanswamy, Madan Shetty, Dr. Trivedi and others will speak.

Loud speakers will be installed and special arrangements will be made for ladies.

ALL-INDIA HYDERABAD MARTYRS' DAY

Under the auspices of the Fort Arya Samaj, 161-67, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, All-India Hyderabad Martyrs' Day will be observed under the presidentship of Pandit V. Satyarthi to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. H. S. Kalnad and M. Chandreshwar will also address the gathering.

YOUNG MEN'S PARSI ASSOCIATION

The adjourned annual general meeting of the Young Men's Parsi Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hostel premises situated at Gowalia Tank of the Y. M. P. A.

KATHIAWAR RAILWAYS T. A. O. CONFERENCE

The Kathiawar Railways Traffic and Audit Officers' Conference will be held at Mahuwa on the Bhavnagar State Railway on the 26th and 27th instant, under the presidentship of Rai Saheb Girdharlal D. of the Jamnagar and Dwarka Railway.

PROF. JAVDEKAR'S LECTURES

Prof. Shankarrao Javadekar will deliver two lectures on "India and Federation" at the hall of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road at 6-30 p.m to-day (Saturday) and Sunday under the auspices of the Maharashtra Rajakiya Sabha.

ADDRESS TO CHANDULAL SHAH

The managing committee of the merchants associated with the Film Industry will present an address to Sjt. Chandulal J. Shah, the Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Motion Picture Congress, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy will preside. The function will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. in "Brindaban Gardens" in the Motion Picture Exhibition grounds.

RADICAL CONGRESSMEN'S LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the Bombay League of Radical Congressmen, a public meeting will be held at Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. when Sjts. B. V. Karnik, Maniben Kara, Madan Shetty, J. R. Shastri, Tajjuddin and others will speak on "Subhas Babu's resignation and the crisis in the Congress". Sjt. Rajaram Pande will preside.

BOMBAY CLERKS' UNION

The general meeting of clerks of the Bombay City and Suburbs organised by the Bombay Clerks' Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Mangrole Hall, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Sjt. K. F. Nariman will deliver the inaugural address and Mr. S. H. Jhabvala will preside.

MAHYAVANSHI VIDHYARTHI SANGATHAN

The Working Committee of Shree Mahyavanshi Vidhyarthi Sangathan will meet at the Bori's Chawl, DeLisle Road to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

PERFUMES AND TOILET GOODS EXEMPTED

Explanatory Rules Under Abkari Act

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following orders have been issued by Government:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 42E of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878 Bom. V of 1878) the Government of Bombay is pleased to exempt from the operation of the said section 42E advertisements or matters relating to—(1)spirituous toilet preparations; (2) perfumed spirits; (3) flavouring essences. (4) denatured spirit; (5) medicinal preparations manufactured in accordance with the British Pharmacopoeia; and (6) intoxicants, contained in posters displayed up to and inclusive of the 31st day of July 1939, at Railway Stations, at Steamers Wharfs, on public roads, in Railway trains, in Tram cars and in Steamers, in pursuance of contracts entered into prior to 19th May 1939.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (2) of Sec. 42E of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878 (Bom. V of 1878) the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that the provisions of the said section 42E shall not, save as provided in sub-section (3), apply to any advertisement and other matter contained in any newspaper printed and published in the Province of Bombay before the following date:—

(1) In respect of advertisement 31st day of July 1939.

(2) In respect of all matters other than advertisement 19th May 1939.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Bombay Abkari (Amendment) Act, 1939 (Bom. VI of 1939), the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that the said Act shall come into force with effect from 19th May 1939.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Hongkong, Singapore and all correspondence for Shanghai per s.s. 'Conte Verde' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 3-30 p.m. respectively on Monday, the 22nd instant.

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia and New Zealand per s.s. 'Wairangi' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 24th instant.

LECTURE ON KORAN

Under the Kuranic Society, a public lecture will be delivered on "Kuran and its teachings" every Sunday in the premises of Anjuman-e-Islam High School, near Bori Bunder Station from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

That "In the interest of India, Mahatma Gandhi's leadership should continue", will be the subject of a debate in Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, today (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. M. D. Jopheth will propose and Mr. Sushil Daru will oppose.

CHRIST CHURCH AND BARNES EX-STUDENTS' CLUB

The finals of the 'Jepsen and Killedar Cup Hockey Tournament' will be held on Saturday and Sunday, the 20th and 21st respectively.

Mrs. F. Low and Mr. Low will be present at the 'Jepsen Cup' finals and Mrs. F. Low will distribute trophies to the winners of the tournament.

G. I. P. R. INDIAN INSTITUTE

The prize distribution of Inter-Tournament of the G. I. P. R. Indian Institute will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. M. S. Bhatnagar, (Accounts Officer, G. I. P. Railway) will preside and Mrs. Bhatnagar will distribute the prizes.

LECTURE ON 'BENGAL CULTURAL LIFE'

A meeting of the Banga Sahitya Samity will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7-30 p.m. in the Bengal Club Room at Parel when Rai Saheb M. N. Ghose, M.Sc., will read on Essay in Bengali on "Cultural Aspect of Bengali Life".

INCOME TAX PRACTITIONERS MEETING

Under the auspices of the Chamber of Income Tax Consultants, a meeting of the Income Tax Practitioners, Accountants and Consultants to discuss important things will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Mr. Bhogilal C. Shah's Office, Kalbadevi Road, Chhotalal Bhuwan, near Bhangwadi.

ALL INDIA PASSENGERS' DAY

A public meeting to celebrate the "All India Passengers' Day" will be held at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Jinnah Memorial Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, near the Congress House, to-morrow (Sunday). The Mayor of Bombay, Mr. Karanjia, the President of the Association will preside.

"SATYANARAYAN PUJA"

"Satyanarayan Puja" will be held at New Sitaram Kumbhar Chawl, DeLisle Road, Lower Parel at 7 p.m. (S.T.) today (Saturday).

Hon. Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Revenue Minister, Government of Bombay will preside. Arrangements have been made for Bombay Seva Dal Volunteers, Band and Loud Speakers, etc.

PATIL FOR AHMEDNAGAR

The Public Relations Officer, Bombay, writes:—

The Hon'ble Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, will leave Bombay on May 20, on a tour in the Ahmednagar District where he will visit Rahuri, Akola, Sangamner, Karjat, Jamkhed, Pathardi, etc., and will return to Bombay on May 27.

STANDARD OF LIVING

Economic Adviser To Govt. Of India To Undertake Statistical Study

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 19.

It is understood that the Economic Adviser to the Government of India has decided to undertake an important investigation into the question "standard of living" in India. The object of the enquiry is to ascertain how far, during the last twenty years, the standard of living in India has progressed or otherwise. The question will be studied from an All-India point of view with all available statistics.

OBJECT OF INQUIRY

So far as public health and nutritional standard in India is concerned efforts have already been made by Messrs. Megaw and Russill to study the position; but the Economic Adviser's inquiry into the standard of living will attempt to tackle the problem from an economists point of view. Taking the output of Indian agriculture, consumption of the commodities, volume of services and other data, he will try to find whether there is evidence of deterioration in the standard of living in India in the widest sense of the word.

INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS

Another enquiry which it is proposed to make is the significance of Indian industrial statistics. Hitherto he has been engaged in studying the effect of tariffs in India and proposes very soon to publish a series of studies giving the economic balance-sheet of protection in India based on a general review of the tariffs together with their working and their actual burden in recent years.

RAILWAYMEN'S GRIEVANCES

I understand that representatives of the Railwaymen's Federation will again meet the members of the Railway Board in Bombay sometime in June when the latter proceed to Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Railway Standing Finance Committee The conference between the Federation and the Railway Board which began today ended inconclusively and in fact, though it was scheduled to continue for two days, concluded this morning itself. It was partly due to the fact that the President of the Federation, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta could not arrive in Simla.

The representatives of the Federation are reported to have made it plain that at that conference that they would like to have a definite answer at the June meeting regarding matters under discussion,—provident fund for subordinate employees, pass rules, revised pay for new entrants and Joint Standing Machinery. They have also informed the Board that if no satisfactory answer is received they would be compelled to ask for arbitration and address the Government of India for a Board of Conciliation according to the convention resolution.

LITERACY DRIVE AT VILE PARLE

A free night school and Adult Education Institution are conducted at Gokalibai High School building every night from 8-15 p.m. to 9-45 p.m. Nearly fifty students are taking advantage of the same. Out of these, ten students are adults. There is another centre opened by the same institution at Shradhananda Nivas where nearly thirty students daily attend. Out of these, 22 are adults. They are mostly municipal workers. Lessons in Gujarati, Marathi, Hindi and English are given. People are helped with books and other materials which are required for their studies. We appeal to our suburban friends, shop-keepers, factory owners, and other officials of public department to send their domestic servants, mates, peons and other illiterate people to our school.

Y. M. P. A. OFFICE-BEARERS

The following office-bearers were elected at the meeting of the Managing Committee of the Y. M. P. A. held on last Thursday.

President: Sir Hormasji Cowasji Dinshaw Kt., O.B.E.,

Vice-Presidents: Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart., and Sir Jehangir B. Boman-Behram, Kt.,

Chairman: Ervad Framroze A. Bode.

Hon. Secretaries: Miss Parin Mirza and Mr. Maneck R. Wadia.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr. Jamshed E. Engineer.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Secretary, Bombay National Guards, writes:—

All the Members and Recruits of the Bombay National Guards should attend the general parade to be held tomorrow (Sunday) at 7 a.m. (S.T.) at the Marine Lines Maidan in mufti uniform. The Guards are also requested to be present at 6 p.m. (S.T.) sharp at Chowpatty to keep order in the public meeting to be held in connection with the "All-India Political Prisoners' Day".

REGAL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

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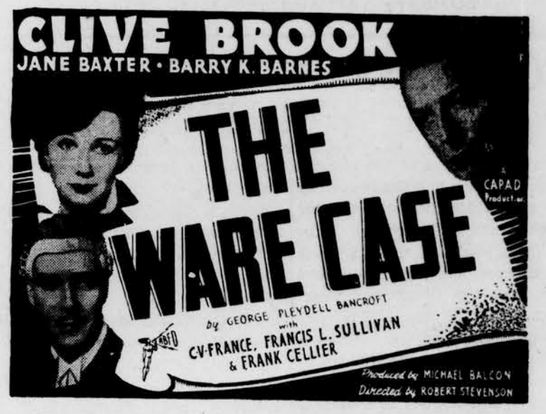
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JANE BAXTER · BARRY K. BARNES
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Produced by MICHAEL BALCON
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MISS NOORJAHAN	MR. LALA YAKUB
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PROGRAMME SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

NO FREE LIST.

STAR FLASHES

by BRUNO

BLACKFOOT INDIANS BROUGHT TO HOLLYWOOD FOR 'SUSANNAH OF THE MOUNTIES', ALREADY HAVE ADOPTED THE LOCAL CUSTOM OF WEARING DARK GLASSES IN PUBLIC

ART KLEIN, RACING DRIVER IN 'ROARING CROWD', CAME IN AHEAD OF HIMSELF IN LABOR DAY RACES AT CINCINNATI IN 1916!-(AFTER FINISHING 5TH HE TOOK OVER A TEAMMATE'S CAR AND WON 7TH PRIZE AS WELL!)

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1939

CONGRESS AND BUSINESSMEN

On the occasion of the opening of its own new building on Friday the Indian Merchants' Chamber received felicitations from Gandhiji, the Ministers of the Bombay Government and other prominent leaders of the Congress. These felicitations are deserved tributes to the splendid service rendered by the Chamber to the country in promoting its economic interests and also to its loyal co-operation with the Congress on various occasions. In declaring the building open Sardar Vallabhbhai cordially acknowledged the Chamber's assistance to the Congress and pointed out that this was but natural as the objective of both the institutions was practically identical. Unless the country becomes completely free it is impossible for the Congress or the Chamber to promote their common interests. This has once again been demonstrated by the imposition on India of the Indo-British Trade Agrement, to which apt reference was made by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in unveiling the bust of the late Mr. Lalji Naranji. It, therefore, behoves both the Congress and Indian businessmen to concentrate now their best efforts on the attainment of political freedom. We cannot imagine any self-respecting Indian businessmen to say: "Let the Congress fight for and win freedom, we will then step in and claim our share of its fruits."

Wanted Whole-Hearted Co-operation

That the Indian Merchants' Chamber will continue to co-operate with the Congress to some extent goes without saying. But we would like to emphasize the point that in the years to come that co-operation needs to be considerable and wholehearted, though, as the Sardar assured the Chamber, that should not prevent it from criticising Congress policy. The next and last stage of the struggle for freedom is bound to be most strenuous and by accepting office in eight provinces Congress has undertaken enormous responsibilities. One of its hardest tasks is to safeguard evenly the apparently conflicting interests of Labour and Capital, of manufactures and agriculture, of small and large industries. But the very composition of the Indian Merchants' Chamber is such that it represents some economic sections more than others. Yet there are many businessmen in it who take broad, far-reaching, national views. Moreover, in the last analysis, a sound national policy best serves the interests which the Chamber particularly represents. That is why we often state that by supporting the national policy of the Congress the Chamber will help both itself and the country.

Strengthen Weak Links

The point deserves to be considered in some detail. The Congress has to give some special attention to workers and peasants as they are poor, ignorant and unorganised. It has also to give special protection to village industries as they are indispensable for the poor unemployed or under-employed agriculturists who cannot organise such industries without support from bodies like the Congress. When, therefore, Congres and Congress Government adopt measures to give special protection to these weak interests, it behoves bodies like the Indian Merchants' Chamber to support such measures in the interests of the country as a whole, even if it means some diminution in the profits of the large scale manufacturers. After all, as the Sardar put it, it is not the few rich in the cities that constitute true India, but the poor millions in the villages. Then again, protection in one form or other to the poor millions must mean some cost to the Government but the cost cannot possibly be recovered from the poor people themselves. It must be recovered largely from taxes on the comparatively richer people. The Indian Merchants' Chamber should wholeheartedly support such a fair policy of taxation. In its essence that policy means the transference of some strength from the stronger links of a chain to the weaker ones. All enlightened businessmen should boldly support such a policy as it adds to the strength of the whole chain, which is that of its weakest links.

The Zionist Tragedy

The Palestine White Paper, while rejecting Arab rights, confessedly implies repudiation of the Balfour Declaration. It is now admitted that a National Home in terms of a Jewish State is not possible. This has naturally disappointed the Jews. Like the Arabs they were duped and double-crossed by Great Britain for her own purposes. Like the Arabs they have been victims of British duplicity. Like the Arabs they deserve profound sympathy —but with a difference or so.

When Doctor Weizmann and his fellow-Zionists conceived of Palestine as a Jewish State they forgot that it was fundamentally and cynically unjust. But it is a common virtue of Western civilisation to ignore the other point of view, however, just, particularly if that point of view represents the "backward" peoples. And Doctor Weizmann, being a very civilised Westerner, naturally ignored that point of view. It had no moral or material significance. The Zionist ambition, therefore, is no more surprising than the ambitions of any "civilised" European or American. Nor is it to be wondered at that Britain played upon it and Zionism succumbed happily. This is the fundamental tragedy of the Jews. And it calls for sympathy as well as criticism. But what is definitely deplorable is that Jews, well-known for their commonsense, should have failed to master their enthusiasm during all these post-war years Eighteen years is a sufficiently long period to learn the lessons of practical facts and their implications and to realise that the grandiose plan of a Jewish State is not only unjust, not only impossible in practice but also harmful to the Jews themselves.

There is no human being who does not feel for the sufferings and miseries of the Jews, the victims of revolting and horrible brutalities perpetrated upon them in Europe. There is no human being who can fail to understand that, in their desperation, it would be only too natural for them to seek to clutch even at proverbial straws. But the point is that Palestine is not even that straw. Palestine—even the Jews realise but forget it—does not and cannot solve the problem of the million Jews who are victims of Nazi and Fascist terror and who need immediate asylum and relief —obligations towards whom are more urgent than fight for an unjust and unpracticable principle. By concentrating on Palestine Jewry is neglecting all but a fraction of them at the very best. Worse still, Jewry in attempting to gratify an all-Palestine aspiration is jeopardising the life, security and interests of even those Jews who are already there. It is a pity that Jews should be blind to stark reality, to the impossibility of peaceful and secure existence in the midst of a wholly hostile and deeply embittered Arab world. Cannot they see that they can put no faith in Great Britain, cannot they see that trying for more only inevitably endangers what they have already? Practical commonsense—let alone imagination —based upon experiences in Europe and of their own so-called friends demands that they should befriend the Arabs and safeguard what they have already got But it is a thousand pities that, inspired by a wildly obsessed Weizmann, they should insist upon pursuing an injurious, indeed suicidal course. This, to-day, is the real tragedy of the Jews.

Pink England

By D. F. Karaka

When Neville Chamberlain, the umbrella-man, went to Munich to pluck out of that nettle danger the flower safety, England was still as blue as ever. In the class war that will one day have to be fought out in England whether by a bloody or a bloodless revolution, it is evident that the "Have's" of England can still hang on to their wealth and power. This had been the prerogative of the privileged classes, even as Conservative statesmen believed that they alone could set the tone of British foreign policy. The working classes of England, those who lived in the mines and in the factories without ever having sniffed a breath of fresh air, knew that Tory England would never come nearer to them than doing the Lambeth walk.

* * * *

But Munich turned out be a disasterous failure. One began to realise gradually that the men in high places in England were not men of peace to the depths of their souls, but to the depths of their pockets. Baldwin had already confessed that the cry of "Save Abyssinia" was only an electioneering slogan. The special correspondents, who knew their job, had told the world how already at Stresa Laval and Simon had promised to let Mussolini have a free hand in Abyssinia in return for guaranteeing the independence of Austria from the onslaught of Hitler and his Third and Growing Reich.

Like Abyssiina there was Spain, and then Czecho-Slovakia and soon it would have been Poland and rest of Europe, were it not that the "Have's" themselves felt that in too much appeasement even their own power would one day have to be sacrificed. That is perhaps the only explanation one can find for the sudden change in British foreign policy since Hitler broke his word and marched into Czechoslovakia to take charge if its valuable natural resources and its indespensable Skoda factory.

* * * *

For the first time in many years one saw a feeble gesture being made by a Tory Government to form an alliance with Russia. The powerful Clivedon Group had done everything possible in its power to keep England on the side of Fascism rather than that it should come within the influence of a Red Russia. Bolshevism and all it implied was too dangerous for the English capitalist, for the blue-blooded Tory and for the landed gentry of England. Better, they had thought, that Germany should be allowed to take what it wanted if only Communism could be kept out of Europe. Conservative England had always shown a marked preference in its foreign policy for a Four Power pact between England, Germany, France and Italy —to the exclusion of Soviet Russia.

To make this possible England has gone a long way. As Chamberlin might have put it, they have tried, tried and tried again. Somehow the fates were against them and Hitler has become too powerful in Europe to worry whether England was or was not on its side. That this was the real aim of British foreign policy was to be seen from the happenings in Europe which were forecasted better in the editorials of the "Times" than in the statements of responsible Ministers of the Crown. The first suggestion of conceding the Sudeten territory to the Germans appeared a week before in the "Times" editorial and was denied by high official circles as having anything whatever to do with he official policy of the Government. The fact that it came true, as also other similar suggestions made by that paper, which is controlled by Lord Astor and his Clivedon Group shows that the foreign policy of England is not so much in the hands of British Cabinet as in the hands of those who form the powerful shadow cabinet behind it. One does not hear of Lord Astor so much as of Neville Chamberlain, but I would rather ask the noble Lord what is to happen to England to-morrow than wait for Mr. Chamberlain to tell me.

* * * *

All this now belongs to the past. The days are over when English people used to look on with scorn at the presence of the Soviet Ambassador at the Court of St. James's. England is turning pink, much as it dislikes the change. It has not quite the courage of turning red. This is the real reason for the differences between Moscow and London in forming the much-needed alliance between France and England, on the one side, and Soviet Russia on the other. That is also the reason of the Litvinoff resignation. Litvinoff has not resigned because he is against an English-French-Russian alliance as is popularly believed, but because he believes that the British and French proposals do not go far enough. And

(Continued on page 17, col. 5)

FORBIDDEN PLACES ...

How England's Gold Is Protected

Bank Of England's New Vaults

By Vincent Brome

There was a temporary wooden gateway, heavily bound with iron. Great lorries unloaded tons of sand and cement just inside. Above them towered the pillared walls of the Bank of England. Apart from the temporary gateway and the lorries there was little to indicate that the Bank was undergoing the greatest change in all its history.

For some years now eight hundred men have worked unceasingly, transforming the old Bank into something proof against bomb, shell and perhaps even earthquake. Each of them was chosen with the greatest care. They had to be British. They must have detailed records of past jobs, and a dozen other qualifications. Finally, they were sworn to secrecy.

Then they became one of the small army which gets certain hours each day to shift in necessary materials, before the gates are closed again. They are divided into two sections—night and day workers. When the night shift is in operation, the men cannot leave until the day shift people have arrived.

Noise during the day is strictly prohibited. They tried one or two drilling jobs one morning, but it had such a devastating effect on the nerves of the Bank clerks, that they had to revise working hours.

Now, noisy jobs are reserved for the night-time. Great arc lamps throw their light from beneath cranes and derricks while the hundred ant-like creatures swarm in its beam building the Bank of tomorrow. Watchmen keep careful guard at every gate-way. Only men known to be employed by the Bank are allowed through during the special hour.

Most Remarkable Safe Deposit

Then they have a careful roll-call. Each man has been warned to stick to his particular job, and not to explore beyond it. Without those precautions someone might draw up plans of the lines they are following for the new Bank of England. And such information would delight the hearts of certain foreign Powers.

Inside the gate of the Bank today, they are approaching the completion of the most remarkable safe deposit in the whole world. Almost three storeys down or roughly fifty-five feet, they have built a system of strong-rooms which even Montagu Norman himself cannot enter—alone. The master door is surrounded with stringent regulations. Directors of the Bank can enter it, but they must go in pairs complete with all the necessary keys and combinations. A mere half a dozen men in the Bank know the secrets of these vaults.

The massive steel master door gives upon a single corridor from which open the smaller doors of the actual vaults. Even the smaller doors weigh several tons each. Some of the strong rooms are more than fifteen feet square. They all have walls two feet thick fitted inside with armour plating. The plating covers not only walls but the ceiling as well.

The tremendous doors are electrically controlled. Deflect a switch and the colossus swings silently into its frame. Doors fit frames with hair-fine precision. Close them and nothing can touch the gold inside. Not even gas or water.

There is something very sinister about the atmosphere of these vaults when the doors are closed. You feel trapped in the bowels of the earth, heavy with unnatural silence. You have a conviction that if you shouted the walls would throw back the sound and deafen you.

There is a story circulating amongst certain of the Bank employees that Montagu Norman's great ambition centres around the day he will smuggle Hitler there, and shut him inside the central vault. One night of those armour-plated walls, that tangible silence and Hitler would give up his colonial claims.

A Submerged Lake

Drilling their way down into the depths of the earth, the workmen engaged upon this job were suddenly confronted with a strange problem. Penetrating beyond London's clay, they expected to strike rock. Instead they came upon a submerged lake. The first bubble of water into the workings rather surprised the foreman. There were hasty consultations. Then they decided to suspend operations.

Meanwhile, Dr. Oscar Faber, chief consulting engineer to the Bank, examined the problem. The position did not disturb him. The lake was produced by water from the Wallbrook River, and Dr. Faber had allowed for any interference it would cause.

Now they set about realising his somewhat ambitious plan. Here, in the waters of the Wallbrook, they had the finest form of protection against any attack.

The lake was carefully widened and deepened, until, at last, they produced a large reservoir nearly thirty-two feet deep. To-day that water entirely surrounds the nation's wealth. All these colossal vaults are protected by a natural river.

The reservoir is so built that all its force can be controlled by one gate. This gate, in turn, responds to an electric control. Deflect a switch and the waters of the Wallbrook go flooding into the vaults. No one could survive for long before its tide.

The Final Safeguard

Fire might break out, rioters smash their way into the Bank, but neither of them could beat the Wallbrook unless they made the most elaborate preparations.

The Wallbrook adds the final safeguard to this impregnable fortress. Its waters ensure the safety of the nation's gold for years to come. Even supposing that some modern dictator managed to vanquish our army, navy

(Continued on page 13, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Accession To Axis

According to the information of a British paper, Prince Paul agreed in Rome upon Yugo-Slavia's attachment to the Rome-Berlin Axis in principle. Practical expression is to be given to this agreement in the shape of bilateral pacts between Yugo-Slavia, on the one hand, and the various adherents to the Axis, on the other. It is true that official reports of the results of Prince Paul's visit suggested that Yugo-Slavia had decided to hold herself aloof from the Axis as well as the Peace Front. But the difficult geographical position of Yugo-Slavia, rendered positively dangerous because of being ignored by Britain and France. lends credence to the "News Chronicle" report. Prince Paul and many of the Yugo-Slavian statesmen are definitely pro-Fascist. They have utilised the Italo-German danger to an isolated unguaranteed Yugo-Slavia for the purpose of rushing her into the Axis bloc. In this connection the formal excuse that is being suggested is that the Anglo-Turkish Agreement means the end of the Balkan Entente. This is absurd in the sense that British guarantees do not affect the fundamental aims and objects of the Balkan Entente. But it is a significant criticism of Great Britain in the sense that she has guaranteed all the Balkan Entente States to the single exclusion of Yugo-Slavia, British policy, we fear, is mainly responsible for this accession to Axis strength. And we have an idea that Yugo-Slavia would have held out even now if Anglo-Russian negotiations had achieved success and she had been convinced of the strength of the Peace Front as against that of the Axis bloc.

Welcome Firmness

A wholesome change is noticeable in the attitude of Foreign Powers as regards Japanese designs and demands on International Settlements in China. They have shown some indication of much needed firmness in making a sort of peaceful naval demonstration at Kulangsu which has had immediate effects. They have also rejected Japanese demands in regard to the International Settlement in Shanghai. This calling of the Japanese bluff is gratifying and welcome—as far as it goes. But the very firmness which the Powers are now adopting, and, we have no doubt, with success, emphasises an ugly aspect of the position. They are standing up to protect their own material interests. But they are not showing any signs of vindicating their moral and international obligations to China.

Congress Membership

The All-India Congress Committee's Office having asked Provincial Congress Committees to take special precautions against bogus membership, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has adopted several stringent rules about enrolment of members. These rules certainly make enrolment difficult for those who scrupulously observe them. But that itself gives an advantage to those who would still circumvent them as they have done in the past. The new rules provide that intending members will not have membership forms brought to their homes, as before, but will have to go to the necessarily few enrolling centres, and membership forms are not to be taken out of the authorised offices. If the rules are strictly observed by all concerned, there will be very few members. But if the rules are circumvented by persons practised in the art, there may be worse corruption and fewer members.

Unnecessary Restriction

To prevent bogus members from voting at elections a rule has been devised which provides that a member, on being enrolled as such, shall receive a card bearing his signature or thumb impression and he has to produce the card at an election to help identification. This is a good rule. But since this is fairly enough to prevent bogus voting, why make it necessary for an intending member to go to the enrolling office for the simple purpose of enrolment, a thing which can be done by authorised volunteers as in the past?

No Backing Out

The Rajkot Muslim Council objects to Gandhiji's "backing out" of the Gwyer award. But "backing out" is not the right term for Gandhiji's decision. He is not evading any obligation. The award did not impose any condition upon him. It or, to be more accurate, the Thakore-Patel Agreement, which the Chief Justice interpreted, gave Gandhiji a right which he has now waived with the approval of those who had helped to win it. The Rajkot Muslim Council should now take its chance with the Thakore and his advisers who championed its cause and whose lead it followed. And what is true of this Council is also true of other bodies claiming to represent the minorities in the State.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

To borrow is human—to pay back is divine.

* * *

There's many a slip between the axe and the chip.

* * *

Pay as you go, but try to save enough to get back on.

* * *

Somehow the majority of our good habits never get found out.

* * *

Our idea of a romantic girl is one who sends out invitations to her elopement.

* * *

A young man may be as bright as a rupee, but some girls would rather have the rupee.

WITHOUT COMMENT

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, the Colonial Secretary, stated that he had received a report from the High Commissioner for Palestine and that the situation throughout the country was generally quiet.

—Commons Report.

* * * *

At the annual meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society in London some one described its President, Lord Willingdon, "as the foremost man in the Empire after the king".

We have no doubt that the orator and the patriotic audience all shared the old Lord's complete gratification at the compliment.

* * *

Referring to Prohibition at the Bombay Dinner in London, Sir Kenneth Kemp "thought it a foregone conclusion that many would suffer, and probably the sufferers would not be only those who drink".

The Bombay prohibitionists agree. Indeed, they go a little further than Sir K. K. The sufferers would not be those who drink but those who traffic in it.

* * * *

Speaking under the auspices of Hindu Mahasabhites at Poona, Dr. N. B. Khare strongly attacked Gandhiji and his lieutenants and "attributed to them greed for power".

It is evidently due to his utter disgust for this greed for power on the part of the Mahatma that Dr. Khare has joined his new associates.

But one needn't be surprised. There are people who do worse things to protest against other people's "greed for power".

* * * *

The Egyptian Government has officially informed the Great Britain that it is unable to recommend to the Arabs of Palestine to accept the White Paper.

Good. But what do the Egyptian Government propose to recommend to themselves to do now?

* * * *

According to Anglo-India "it must not be forgotten that there are three interests to be considered when weighing a solution for Palestine—not only those of the Jews and Arabs but also those of Great Britain...."

Exactly, exactly, EXACTLY!

* * * *

Great Britain, proceeds our contemporary, "however much she may be to blame for what has happened, is the party who will ultimately suffer the recriminations which are bound to come from all parts of the world."

And capitalise them into—permanent domination of Great Britain over Palestine.

What we regard with awed admiration in British Imperialism is the unique and never failing resourcefulness with which it turns its own crimes into positive and highly beneficial assets.

* * * *

Zionists have declared war on not only Arab rights but also the British Government and the first battles are already being fight in the streets of Palestine.

It is, however, not definitely known that a message of congratulations and goodwill has duly been received by Dr. Weizmann from Herr Hitler.

* * * *

The Chief Rabbi in Palestine condemns the British policy as "betrayal of the 'Divine Trust' for redeeming Israel".

The Rabbi, of course, refers to the trust reposed by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, inventor of a poison gas, in Mr. Lloyd George the British Premier during the last war.

* * * *

Mr. Butler has declared in the House of Commons that

Of arms and munitions imported by Chinese Government which have passed through British territory war material of German origin has exteeded in quantity that from any other country since opening of hostilities. Of course, not all arms for China have passed through British territory.

You might wonder whether Britain, France and the U. S. A. feel contemptuous of Germany or ashamed of themselves.

Don't.

* * * *

Parent (to presumptuous suitor): "I don't want my daughter to be tied to a hopeless idiot all her life."

Suitor (cheerfully): "Of course not, sir. Then I have your consent!"

Anglo-French Collaboration To Bridge Gap

Help To Soviet, If Victim Of Aggression

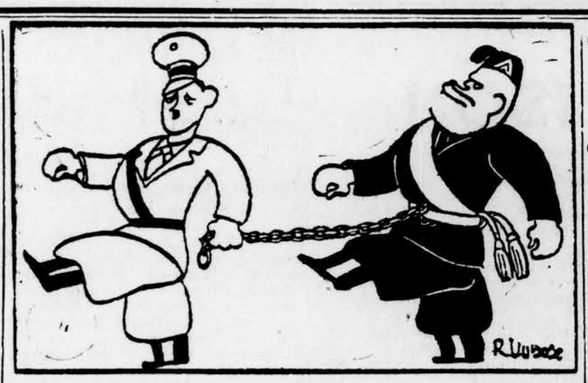
PARIS, May 18.

Britain's reply to the last Soviet note on the question of a mutual assistance pact was telegraphed by the Foreign Office on May 18 to Sir William Seeds, according to well-informed French circles.

It is believed that the new British plan is very similar to that put forward by France to bridge the gap between the British and the Soviet points of view, similarity being specially marked as regards the question of reciprocity and mutual assistance in the event of aggression.

UNDER THE NEW PLAN, IT IS BELIEVED, THAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE WILL ENGAGE THEMSELVES TO HELP THE SOVIET, IF A VICTIM OF AGGRESSION, BECAUSE OF THE OBLIGATIONS SHE HAS CONTRACTED TOWARDS POLAND, RUMANIA AND TURKEY.

There is a fair degree of optimism in French circles that the Soviet will accept the point of view of the British and the French Governments, and that, the new plan will take a definite form at the forthcoming conversations at Geneva, between the three Powers. The question of including the Baltic countries in the proposed system of guarantees is held over for the time being, but it is expected to be examined later.—Reuter.



The bond linking Italy to Germany is a solid one!

(Courtesy: "L'Humanite", Paris).

WHAT MAISKY WILL TELL FOREIGN OFFICE

Snags In Way Of Pact

LONDON, May 19

Newspapers Diplomatic Correspondents understand that when M. Maisky goes to the Foreign Office to-day he will convey a message from his Government that suggestions made to M. Maisky on May 17 fall short of the pact, which the Soviet considers necessary. It is suggested that the French are growing impatient and anxious, and have a plan coming between what Moscow insists on and what Britain proposes.—Reuter.

Alwar State's People's Demand

ALWAR, May 17.

With a view to explore avenues for a compromise over the demand of the Prajamandal for responsible Government in the State, it is understood, that the Mandal have agreed to modify their demands to "representative form of Government on an elective basis."

Talks for a compromise are going on.

The Chief Minister granted a further interview to the representatives of the Prajamandal when the former assured the latter that on His Highness's sanction, the Mandal would be recognised. The Chief Minister has left for Jaipur on May 6.—United Press.

Franco Enters Madrid

Germans And Italians To Leave Spain After Victory Parade

MADRID, May 19.

General Franco made his official entry into Madrid this morning when he drove to Tribune to review some hundred thousand troops participating in the victory march including 10,000 Italians and 4,000 Germans.

The march will be followed by the departure of Italian and German troops from Spain.—Reuter.

MARCH PAST FRANCO

Victory Parade Marred By Rain

MADRID, May 19.

Italian Legionaries were the first troops to March past General Franco in a Victory march which was marred by rain which fell throughout the Parade.

It was nearly an hour before the first entirely Spanish detachment came, carrying a huge portrait of General Franco. The avenue was strewn with flowers. Preceded by a gorgeously class mounted Moorish Bodyguard, General Franco arrived at the saluting base amid deafening cheers, where Cabinet Ministers, Diplomatic Corps and Generals greeted him. The Moroccan Grand Vizier in flowing robes was among them.—Reuter.

ASSAM ADVOCATE-GENERAL

To Get Salary Of Rs. 500 P.M. And Allowance Of Rs. 200

SHILLONG, May 18.

The Congress scale of salaries is likely to be applied for the first time to a high official of the Government in Assam, where the appointment of Rai Bahadur P. C. Dutt as the Advocate-General of Assam, has been finally decided upon, at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Assam Assembly Congress Coalition Party, held recently.

A formal announcement by Government in this regard will be made after a month.

It may be stated that necessary provision for the post has been made in the current year's budget and sanctioned by the Assembly. The post will carry, it is stipulated, a salary of Rs. 500 plus a House and Car Allowance of Rs. 200 a month.—United Press.

Bihar Premier At Gaya

GAYA, May 19.

In connection with the communal situation, the Hon. Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier, arrived here today from Patna, and was received at the station by both officials and non-officials.

The Premier will visit to-day the riot-affected areas and hear representations from the public in connection with the riot.—United Press.

World Achievement

Domestic Differences Settled

The days when domestic differences were settled (or made worse) by a fight in the street are now past.

Domestic Courts are to be the order of the day in England, and it is hoped that much good will be the outcome of this new reform. For years all family quarrels and disputes have been taken to the Police Court and tried there, and it has now been realised that it is a most unsatisfactory method.

To-day, poor people may take their troubles to the Domestic Courts, and with the help of wise and sympathetic people, try to begin life afresh. The new courts are modelled on the Children's Courts, and the public will be excluded from the sittings. No one will be put into the dock or witness box, and all will sit round a table, the trouble being discussed in a friendly and rational manner.

Three Justices of the Peace are the chief auditors, and they will be ready and willing to be patient and kindly to the men and women who come before them. Away from the prying eyes of the public, the delinquents should feel at ease, and be ready to tell all their troubles. With a proper knowledge of the conditions that go to cause unhappiness, and with time and a quiet atmosphere in which to discuss it, the members of the Domestic Courts should find that they are doing a work that will help to keep the ship of matrimony sailing in calm waters.

1 000 Jews Mostly Poles To Quit Germany

MUNICH, May 19.

It is understood that a large number of the so-called "Stateless" Jews of Munich have been told to leave the country by the end of July, or they they will be sent back to the concentration camp at Dachau. They are said to number nearly a thousand and are mostly Polish Jews.—Reuter.

Sweden, Finland And Norway Do Not Feel Threatened By Nazis

BERLIN, May 18.

The result of Germany's negotiations with the Baltic and Scandinavian States is announced in a communique, which states that negotiations with Estonia and Latvia are about to be concluded. With regard to Denmark an agreement in principle about early conclusion of a mutual non-aggression pact has been reached. The Swedish, Norwegian and Finnish Governments have declared that they do not feel themselves threatened by Germany and do not consider any non-aggression pact necessary.—Reuter.

FOREIGN MINISTERS OF YUGOSLAVIA & RUMANIA TO CONFER

BUCHAREST, May 18

It is authoritatively learned that M. Gafencu and M. Marcovitch, the foreign ministers of Rumania and Yugoslavia, are meeting on the Danube in the next two or three days. The talks which are replacing the postponed meeting between King Carol and Prince Paul of Yugoslavia are expected to deal with Yugoslavia's attitude towards the Axis powers as also the policy of the Balkan entente and the position of U. S. S. R.—Reuter.

YUGOSLAVIA WILL JOIN AXIS

LONDON, May 19.

Contrary to semi-official statements after the return of Prince Paul from Rome, the attachment of Yugoslavia to the Berlin-Rome axis has been agreed upon in principle in conversations between Prince Paul and Count Ciano, according to the "News Chronicle's" Belgrade correspondent.

Practical expression will be given to this decision in separate bilateral non-aggression pacts between Yugoslavia and Germany, Yugoslavia and Italy and Yugoslavia and Hungary. The details will be settled between Count Ciano and Herr von Ribbentrop in Berlin next week. Yugoslav officials justify their attachment to the Axis on the ground that the Anglo-Turkish agreement means the end of the Balkan entente.—Reuter.

POLAND'S VETERAN PEASANT LEADER'S MANIFESTO

"We Are Prepared For Every Sacrifice"

WARSAW, May 18.

M. Witos, the veteran peasant leader who has been thrice Prime Minister, made his first public appearance since his return from seven years' political exile at the Ascension Day gathering of leaders of the peasant party in Warsaw district.

The audience listened to the manifesto issued by M. Witos on resuming leadership of the peasant movement which states that the immediate danger threatening Poland imposes on all peasants (who are about seventy per cent of the population) the duty to serve in the defence of the State.

The manifesto adds, "though not responsible for the present situation we are prepared for every sacrifice".—Reuter.

Anti-Rumanian Demonstration In Sofia

SOFIA, May 18.

Thousands of Bulgarians, inflamed by the reported shooting of a score of Bulgarians by Rumanian gendarmes in Southern Dobruja, participated in a two-hour anti-Rumanian demonstration at Sofia to-night. Mounted and mechanised police failed to disperse the demonstrators but prevented their reaching the Rumanian legation which was heavily guarded.

The crowd knelt for two minutes in silence for their "murdered compatriots", then went into a procession to the Royal Palace where they again knelt and sang the Dobruja National song and shouted "Down with Rumania, Down with Murderers. Major Popescu (who is said to have been in charge of the Gendarmes) must die". Finally the crowd knelt in the square and swore revenge for the shootings.—Reuter.

HADRAMAUT RULER LEAVES FOR INDIA

LONDON, May 18.

Messages from Aden state that Sultan Sir Saleh Bin Ghalib Al Quaiti, Ruler of Hadramaut State of Shihr and Mukalla left the latter place on Tuesday for India where he expects to stay for a few months. The Sultan was given a loyal send-off by thousands of his subjects. It is nearly a year since His Highness returned from earlier visit to India and recent reports speak of notable progress in Quaiti State over last twelve months. Road work has been pushed forward, water survey undertaken and agricultural schemes prepared. Medical services and education have also received attention. Two big changes are institution of organised budget and of body of civil law hitherto non-existent.—Reuter.

Auxiliary And Reserve Forces Bill

LONDON, May 19.

In the House of Commons the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bill was read a third time.

The Military Training Bill was also read a third time by 337 votes to 130 votes and sent to the House of Lords.—Reuter.

Professional Lawn Tennis Tourney Results

WEMBLEY, May 18

In the professional lawn tennis tournament Donald Budge beat Ellsworth Vines 6/4, 6/3. Hans Nusslein beat William Tilden 6/3, 6/2.—Reuter.

Commons To Adjourn On May 26

LONDON, May 18.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain stated that if all the necessary business was finished, he hoped the House would adjourn for the Whitsuntide recess on May 26, with the usual provision for a recall at an earlier date, if public interest required.—Reuter.

TRAIN CRASH AT DANZIG

Cause Of Accident To Warsaw Express Is A Mystery

DANZIG, May 18.

The Warsaw-Gdynia express crashed outside the Danzig station early this morning. Several carriages were overturned, and the engine was wrecked. The cause of the accident is a mystery The train does not stop at Danzig, and the line was perfectly clear. The driver and fireman were both badly hurt, but the passengers escaped lightly.—Reuter.

JAPANESE PRESS FOR GRIM ACTION

TOKYO, May 15.

The landing of British, French and American blue jackets at Kulangsu is vigorously denounced by the press with the demand for strong action by the Government. It is high time to snub the arrogant attitude of Britain, France and America, declares the "Nichi Nichi Shimbun".

The "Asahi Shimbun" asserts that Japan's military achievement in China has been nullified by the existence of the International Settlements and Foreign Concessions and says: "Now that a showdown has been called, Japan must be grimly determined to meet the action of the three powers."—Reuter.

STRENGTHEN HANDS OF CONGRESS

Mridulaben's Exhortation To Dohad Public

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, May 17

Miss Mridula Sarabhai, well-known Congress worker of Ahmedabad came here yesterday and had a talk with the members of the Youth League.

At night a huge public meeting under the auspices of Dohad Freelandgunj Town Congress committee was held when Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya introducing Miss Mridula said that she was a fighter and a disciplined worker.

Miss Sarabhai said that the Indian National Congress should be strengthened and the people should support the policy of the Bombay Government with regard to prohibition and adult education. She said that war was coming and India should not help Britain in war. They should strive for Independence where there is no inequality and that Swaraj must be of the poor, workers and peasants.

Mr. Ramanlal Sheth thanked Miss Sarabhai on behalf of the Dohad public.

TWO ARTISANS KILLED IN EXPLOSION

LAHORE, May 19.

Two artisans were killed in an explosion which occurred in a carriage workshop at Moghalpura this noon.

It is stated that the victims were engaged in painting an empty petrol tank. One of them was painting the interior of the tank, while the other was busy at its main opening. All of a sudden a loud report was heard and the tank's mouth was blown up, resulting in the latter being killed instantaneously. The man inside the tank was burnt to death.

The explosion is believed to be due to the gas released from the paint.

The police reached the spot immediately after the accident and recovered the dead bodies. Investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

"GROTTO OF OUR LADY OF LOURDES"

Bandra Residents' Meeting

(From A Correspondent).

A largely attended meeting of the residents of Pali, Bandra, was held on Sunday the 14th instant in the St. Anthony's School Hall, in connection with the construction of the Grotto of Our Lady of Lourdes which the residents have been contemplating for some time past. The question of construction could not be expedited owing to the absence of the records in the matter. The Chairman Mr. Peter Francis Pereira moved the following resolution:—

"Resolved that the attitude taken by Mr. Albert D'Abreo, ex-Secretary of the St. Roque's Mass Association in not returning the records to the President although he was asked to do several times, deserves severe action. This meeting however gives him a further opportunity of returning the records peaceably within 8 days without taking any further steps in the matter. If he fails to return the records within this period he should be expelled from the Association and such action should be taken forthwith to see that the records are returned to the proper authority.

Dt. Commissioner's Office Stormed

Pandemonium In Palestine: Police Baton Charge Demonstrators: 85 Injured

JERUSALEM: May 18.

A CROWD OF SEVERAL THOUSANDS OF JEWS GATHERED OUTSIDE THE OFFICES OF THE DISTRICT COMMISSIONER AND VAINLY TRIED TO FORCE ENTRY AND BROKE WINDOWS.

Steel-helmeted Police made a number of baton charges in which some police and 85 demonstrators were injured. One of the crowd fired an automatic pistol wounding two policemen, one very seriously.

An official of the Czecho-Slovak Consulate driving in a car was attacked with sticks and stones and was severely injured.

Reinforcements of police with rifles were hurried to the scene and men of the Blackwatch were later called out ready to meet any worsening of the situation.

One of the two wounded British constables has now died. It is now estimated that twelve British police and a hundred Jews injured.

Thursday's events were marked by restraint by British police who for many hours continuously withstood the hail of brickbats and insults until two of their comrades were shot. On the other hand responsible elements among Jews endeavoured to hold back the extremists who were supported by young hooligans. From peaceful processions of the morning the temper of the crowd steadily boiled up until Streets in the main Jewish quarter presented a scene of pandemonium. The rioters were disconcerted when the authorities extinguished the electric lighting causing a complete black-out in the disturbed area. Quiet has now been restored and armoured cars are patrolling the streets.

During the rioting to-night a branch post office was set on fire and a British owned department store and a German cafe were attacked and damaged.

Arab Criticism

According to the Havas Agency correspondent at Beirut, circles in close touch with the Arab Supreme Committee criticise the proposed settlement on the ground that it provides for a too long transitional period and gives no precise guarantee regarding the settlement which will follow this period. They also maintain that the Arabs are assured of no genuine representation on an elective basis in the next Government; and finally that the proposals do not absolutely prohibit further sales of lands to Jews.

"GENERALLY QUIET", SAYS MacDONALD

LONDON, May 18.

Government's new proposals for Palestine will be debated in the Commons on Monday and again on Tuesday upto 7-30 p. m.

There were Jewish demonstrations against the White Paper in Jerusalem to-day but the Colonial Secretary was able to tell Commons he had heard from the High Commissioner that the situation throughout Palestine was generally quiet. Protests which have occurred were fully foreseen by British Government. The White Paper contained the remark "His Majesty's Government cannot hope to satisfy partisans of one party or other in such controversy as the Mandate has aroused". In these circumstances and in view of recent improvement of conditions in Palestine in respect of law and order it would have been easier for Government to leave questions in suspense. Government were convinced, however, that only by removal of uncertainty which has contributed in the past to unrest could a situation be created which might lead to recognition by all parties and factions concerned of their common responsibility to co-operate together and with the Mandatory to bring back peace to country and to make possible constructive effort upon which happiness and prosperity of both the great peoples in Palestine depend.

Parliament will adjourn for Whitson recess to-morrow and will reassemble on June fifth The usual provision will be made for recall of both Houses in case of emergency.

OTTAWA'S RECEPTION TO ROYALTIES

OTTAWA, May 19

The King and Queen have arrived here.

A great cheer rose from thousands of persons in the streets when it was announced that the Royal train after halting most of the night in the open country had left Caledonia Springs for the capital.

A chilly rain did not damp the spirits of the populace. Hundreds of cars were pouring into the City and seventeen special trains were adding to the crowds. The streets were lined with khaki-clad soldiers and blue uniformed airmen.

It is learned that the Queen took as a souvenir from Montreal an ivory miniature of the Princesses which was informally presented to her after a banquet.

Crowd of 6,000 cheered lustily as the King stepped from the train and inspected a guard of honour by Princessionise Guards, and Cameron Highlanders. Their Majesties were greeted by Lord and Lady Tweedsmuir and a Royal-Salute of 21 guns and they drove away to Government House to receive diplomatic missions, accompanied by an escort of Dragoon Guards.

The crowd had stood for two hours in the pouring rain with newspaper slung round their shoulders and commented freely on the Qeen's smiling charm.

The route to Government House where a state dinner is being held this evening, followed by a reception, resembled a brightly coloured sea, as the crowd, including thousands of young people lining it, waved Union Jacks.

This afternoon Their Majesties will proceed to Parliament Buildings. Early this evening they will receive the Press at Government House.—Reuter

LIMBDI HIJRAT

Bombay Meeting Supports People's Fight

An appeal to help the Hijratis of Limbdi was made by speakers at a pulic meeting held on Friday night at Hirabag under the auspices of the Kathiawar and Limbdi Prajamandals.

Mr. Nagindas Master presided.

Mr. Durlabhji Umechand, in his speech, referred to the exodus (Hijratis) of people from Limbdi and the hardships suffered by them. Mahatmaji had blessed the Hijrati movement and said he was unable to advise the people to go back in the face of the hardships they had to face in the State.

Mr. Nagindas Master said there was a changed atmosphere as a sequel to Gandhiji's latest statement on Rajkot. An intriguing situation was created by the Rulers, who were being backed up by British Imperialism which could not afford their displeasure owing to the serious international situation. Divisions were being created among the State's people themselves and on that pretext their movement was being crushed.

Hijratis of Limbdi should not lose heart on their property being auctioned as it was bound to be restored on the eve of success as in the case of Bardoli.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel said, it was their duty to help the merchants of Limbdi who had joined the exodus. Mr. Samaldas Gandhi also addressed the meeting.

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Deadlock Over Bandemataram

Students Council Of Action Prepare For General Strike In Nizam's Dominions

(From Our Correspondent).
HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 19.

Controversy over 'Bandemataram" which has been raging for the last eight months resulting in about a thousand students deserting their colleges and schools has led to a stalemate. All efforts by some influential persons of the State to induce the authorities to take back the students who had migrated to Nagpur and other places failed. It is said, consequent on this, the Council of action which consists of certain Hindu students of the Osmania University College who have also come out of the University have issued certain instructions for a general strike to be held all over the State in the near future.

It is also said that certain students have been forced to come back and join the colleges of the State and the authorities are doing the needful to take such students back into the educational institutions. According to a statement of the Council of Action they are straining every nerve to effect an honourable and just compromise and get the ban lifted and hope to place a definite course of action before the students within a fortnight if negotiations fail.

KING ZOG

(From Our Own Correspondent)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail)

It is understood that Her Majesty Queen Nazli, mother of H.R.H. Princess Fawzia, sister of H.M. King Farouk of Egypt, will return very shortly from Tehran to Egypt. Princess Faia, her second daughter has been engaged to a prince in Egypt.

The retinue of Her Majesty, along with a party of the Egyptian journalists, who were invited by His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Pehlavi to attend the wedding ceremony of Princess Fawzia with the Crown Prince of Iran, will also return.

Ahmed Zogo, ex-King of Albania, it is reported will proceed very shortly, accompanied by his family, to Syria. Arrangements have been made by the Arab Nationalists to receive the King cordially.

DELIBERATE 'JOINT FRONT' IN FAR EAST

SHANGHAI, May 18.

Co-operation between Britain, France and the United States in landing marines on Kulangsu Island represents a major development of the relations between foreign Powers and Japan, according to competent observers.

It is pointed out that it is the first time since the beginning of the Sino-Japanese conflict that anything like a joint demonstration by Britain, France and the United States has occurred as the previous parallel diplomatic steps in the Far East had not been in the nature of a deliberate joint front.

Some circles consider that the Kulangsu incident is a definite departure in Anglo-French policy in the Far East resulting in a more positive action in future for the protection of Anglo-French interests against Japanese encroachment.

The American-owned "Evening Post" asks whether in retiring the Japanese have not themselves set a precedent for a more conciliatory and constructive point of view in Shanghai.—Reuter.

(From Our Correspondent)
BHAVNAGAR, May 19.

Bhavnagar State Police authorities have been authorised by a special gazette to round up bad characters and to deport them from the Stat .

A SHORT STORY

BY COMPARISON

By BARBARA ANN BENEDICT

When Bill Douglas first saw the school teacher of Haley's Gap his mind immediately conjured pictures of all the unattractive, unsophisticated, stern-purposed backwoods girls he had ever heard about. Her name was Laura Norbert. She wore horn-rimmed glasses and cotton dresses and cotton stockings. Her hair was an off shade of yellow and her eyes were a faded blue.

Bill decided she wasn't going to make any more interesting the two months he expected to have to spend surveying for the new dam.

Before a week had passed he changed his mind. Except for the dozen children who had attended Laura's school, she was the only one of the community's citizens who could read and write. More, she had had contact with the outside world and could talk Bill's language.

After the first two weeks of his stay in the valley, Bill craved the companionship of someone who could talk his language more than anything else. When you've lived in cities all your life and have a degree from one of the largest universities in the country, you're pretty helpless (and miserable) socially speaking when thrown into contact with a bunch of people who thought you were calling them names if you referred to Shakespeare.

So Bill, first in defence and then with a certain keen enjoyment, cultivated Laura Norbert and was grateful for her understanding and companionship.

The third week after he had moved into the Gap he asked Laura Norbert to go to the dance with him at Ike Selby's Tavern. They got there at 7-30. At 8 o'clock the first fight started, but was quickly stopped because the evening was young and no one was yet drunk enough to thoroughly enjoy it. At 9-30 Nate Palmer and Orion Niles, ancient enemies, met near the door and instantly leaped at each other's throats. This battle lasted twenty minutes and was enjoyed by all. At 10-15 Bill was thanking his stars he had learned something of boxing, because a big red-nosed chap from down the valley, uproariously drunk, demanded to dance with Laura and Bill had to defend her honour. He knocked red-nose cold in thirty seconds, then grabbed Laura by the hand and hauled her outside.

"Let's go home," he said. They walked up the hill toward the shack where Laura lived. "What I can't understand is why you stay here."

"I was born here," Laura told him quietly.

"So what? So are you going to bury yourself the rest of your life among a lot of ignorant hill billies who don't even want to know anything better?"

"I know how you feel about them, Bill. I felt the same way.

"Are you quite sure you love me, Bill?"

That's why I went outside and educated myself and then came back. No one else cared or had the courage."

They had stopped on the brow of the hill. Moonlight flooded the girl's face. He could see her eyes quite clearly. There was a glow in them, an intensity that stirred grudging admiration in his soul. In this moment she seemed almost beautiful.

After that Bill sought Laura Norbert's company more than ever. He found that being with her had a satisfying effect after a day alone in the valley bottom. It also helped him to forget a certain dark-eyed, dark-haired girl named Karen Edwards who lived in a big house back in Memphis and who was very gracious and lovely.

Presently, without realizing it, Bill Douglas found himself thinking of Laura Norbert in a very serious manner. He found himself thinking what a fine wife she'd make, of her admirable qualities, her strength of character. He saw things that he hadn't noticed before, and the things that he saw made the little school teacher beautiful.

So Bill, realizing that he'd be a fool to pass up such a good thing, asked Laura Norbert to marry him. She looked at him, smiling a little, searching his eyes.

"Are you quite sure you love me, Bill?"

"I was never more sure of anything in my life," he told her soberly.

Bill prolonged his surveying job until Laura's school term ended. Then they went to Memphis, and Bill installed his bride-to-be with some friends. That night some former pals dropped in to see him, and they told him they were planning a party for the next night. They wanted him to come, and they wanted him to bring Laura, and he promised.

So when the next night came Bill took Laura to the party, and the minute he stepped inside the door he began to feel uneasy. At first he thought it was because these gay, gracious people, the bright gowns and the soft lights and everything else had too long had no part in his life. Then suddenly he knew that it was Laura. She was different. She was so much more different than he had ever dreamed she could be. She did not belong here. He saw again her unattractiveness, the coarse lines of her face that bespoke the country woman, her awkwardness her shyness. He knew in one horrible moment what a fool he'd been. He had been blinded, blinded by the lack of comparison. That was it. Back in Haley's Gap he had no one to compare her with, and she had seemed beautiful.

Then Karen Edwards came in, all softness and loveliness and beauty, and Bill felt wretched.

Someone touched him on the arm. It was Laura and she wanted him to come outside. There was a moon and the moon fell across her face.

"Bill, it's no use. I thought I loved you, but I don't. I can see that now. My work comes first. I wouldn't be happy unless I could continue, and you wouldn't like that."

Bill swallowed. He tried to think of something to say, and couldn't. So he merely patted her hand and looked away, feeling grateful and relieved and happy. He did not look into her eyes again, so failed to see the tears that glistened there.

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RECRUITMENT TO PUBLIC SERVICE

Bombay Govt. To Introduce Competitive Test

The Government of Bombay have decided to institute a competitive test for recruitment to the various clerical establishment of the public service in this Province. It is proposed to introduce the proposed provincial test as soon as necessary details have been worked out. In the course of a Press Communique issued on Friday it is stated:—

In January 1938, the Government of India addressed the Provincial Government regarding the effects on unemployment of Government's methods of recruitment and the consequent possibility of alleviating unemployment by alterations in the system of recruitment for Government posts.

The issue raised by the Government of India is a very important one, namely, that the unemployment of educated young men is increasing and that it is affected by the methods of recruitment to the public service. There is no doubt that the aim and object of higher education in India has been linked up with Government service and that until this link is served, there will always be a rush for university education, whether all those who go in for it are suited for such education or not, or whether they succeed in their aim or not.

The Government of Bombay, therefore, agrees with the Government of India that it is time something was done to prevent young men from following a pursuit "which can yield an adequate material return only to the few." After ascertaining both public and private opinion on the scheme put forward by the Government of India, and as a result of careful consideration, it also agrees that recruitment to all clerical establishment under the control of the Provincial Government should be through a competitive examination, admission to which should not necessarily be dependent on a university degree; but it does not think that any such test conducted centrally i.e., for the Central and Provincial Governments together, is desirable or even practicable. Each Province has its own problems incidental to methods of recruitment to its services and conditions vary in different Provinces. The Government of Bombay has accordingly decided to institute a competitive test for recruitment to the various clerical establishments of the public service in this Province. It is proposed to introduce the proposed provincial test as soon as the necessary details have been worked out.

Bombay Governor's Visit To Matheran

During the last 20 years, no Governor of Bombay visited Matheran. Sir Roger Lumley who was presented with an address of welcome by the Matheran Municipality on the occasion of his visit to the Hill Station on Friday.

In his reply to the address, Sir Roger paid complements to the efficient administration of the Municipality and suggested the starting of a dairy to ensure pure milk supply. He also recalled the days when Mr. Malet, the first British ambassador at the Mahratta Court and Lord Elphinstone went to Matheran and contrasted the hardships of those days with the amenities and comforts of to-day including the Matheran Railway.

Kashmir Govt. Denies Report

SRINAGAR, May 19.

Apropos of the news emanating from Simla regarding the banning of the entry into Jammu and Kashmir State of persons suffering from tuberculosis who are not subjects of the State His Highness's Government state that there are no such restrictions.—United Press.

ARMS TO CHINA THROUGH BRITISH TERRITORY!

Germany Tops List Of Exporting Countries

LONDON, May 18.

In the Commons in answer the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs gave the following information regarding the sale of munitions to China.

Of arms and munitions imported by Chinese Government which have passed through British territory war material of German origin has exceeded in quantity that from any other country since opening of hostilities. Of course, not all arms for China have passed through British territory.

LEITH-ROSS IN ATHENS.

Sir Frederick Leith-Ross, chief economic adviser to British Government, who recently visited Bucharest to negotiate Anglo-Rumanian trade agreement, is in Athens on his way home.

Mr. Butler stated in Commons at question time that Sir F. Leith-ross would, in course of his discussion there, impress on Greek Government the importance His Majesty's Government attached to satisfactory settlement of the debt problem.

The Minister of Agriculture announced in Commons the Government's decision on further assistance to agriculture by application of principle of price insurance to sheep, barley, and oats. For oats cost will be £2,120,000 in respect of 1938 crop and minimum liability in any one year in future will be £4,500,000. For barley additional cost for 1938 crop will be £800,000. The Minister could make no estimate for future. In case of sheep expected cost will average about £900,000 per annum.—B.O.W.

GERMAN AND ITALIAN FORTIFICATIONS

Inspection By Hitler And Mussolini

LONDON, May 19.

While Signor Mussolini again visited the Italian fortifications along the French frontier in the course of a tour of Piedmont, Herr Hitler to-night issued from Efringen a Communique at the conclusion of a six-day inspection of the German Western fortifications stating that he was convinced that the fortifications were impregnable.

A Berlin message says that complaints are heard there that the Fuehrer's tour has not received adequate publicity abroad. This, explains, "Zwolfuhr Blatt", is due to the fact that German defence is a subject too uncomfortable to British policy to be gone into.—Reuter.

Kidwai Gets Threatening Letters

LUCKNOW, May 19.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister of Revenue, who has interested himself in the negotiations for a settlement of the Tabarra question is the third member of the U. P. Cabinet to receive threatening letters from anonymous persons, the other two being the Premier, Pandit Pant and Hafiz Muhammad Ibrahim, Minister of Communications. The C.I.D. is investigating.

Eighty-three Punjabis, who had come here in connection with the Tabarra agitation were arrested under Section 107 (Security Proceedings).

Sixty-four Shias were arrested yesterday for publicly reciting Tabarra is defiance of the prohibitory order.—A.P.

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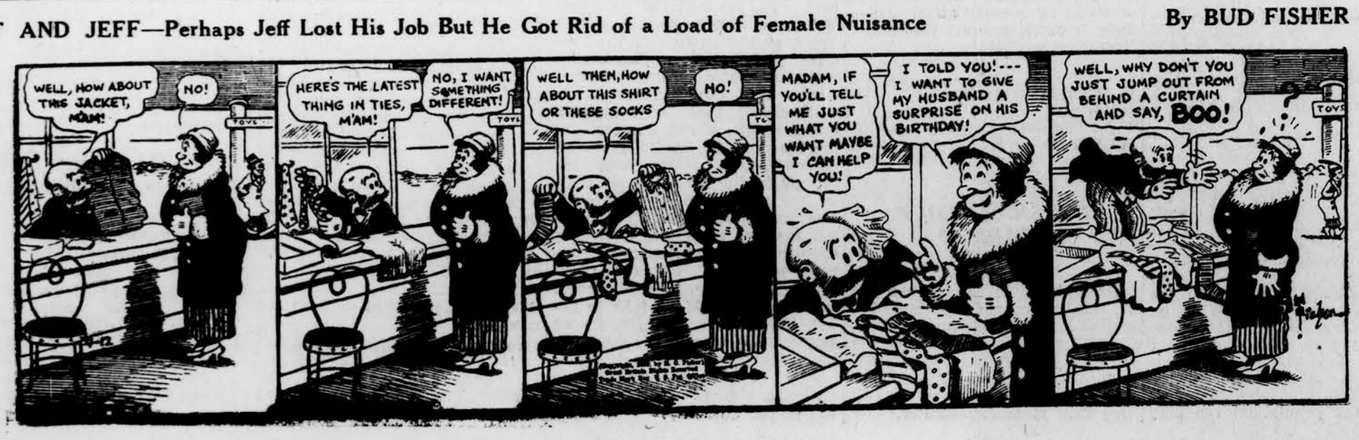
ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

MUTT AND JEFF—Perhaps Jeff Lost His Job But He Got Rid of a Load of Female Nuisance

By BUD FISHER


WELL, HOW ABOUT THIS JACKET, MUM!
NO!
HERE'S THE LATEST THING IN TIES, M'AM!
NO, I WANT SOMETHING DIFFERENT!
WELL THEN, HOW ABOUT THIS SHIRT OR THESE SOCKS
NO!
MADAM, IF YOU'LL TELL ME JUST WHAT YOU WANT MAYBE I CAN HELP YOU!
I TOLD YOU!--- I WANT TO GIVE MY HUSBAND A SURPRISE ON HIS BIRTHDAY!
WELL, WHY DON'T YOU JUST JUMP OUT FROM BEHIND A CURTAIN AND SAY, BOO!

News From U. S. A.

Polish Ambassador Warns Hitler!

Anglo-American-Barter Plan - - - French Mission To Buy Munitions In U. S. A. - - - Embargo On Japan Urged

(News Press Service)

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail.)

Two days after President Roosevelt told 250,000 persons attending the opening of the World's Fair on April 30 that the international exposition was "a gesture of friendship and goodwill toward the United States," Count Jerzy Potocki, Polish Ambassador to the United States, dedicated the Polish Pavilion with a grim warning to Chancellor Hitler that Poland was prepared to defend itself against any invasion. Citing the "armed might" of his nation, the Count pointed a finger at the imposing monument to Poland's warrior-statesman, Wladyslaw Jagiello, which stands at the entrance to the pavilion, and declared: "Over this miniature Poland, with its story of peaceful pursuits and achievements, there stands on guard the symbol of armed might which once before has saved Poland from a foreign invasion."

The Ambassador's words were themselves an echo of the reports from his country and met with sympathetic applause from the thousands attending the dedication ceremonies.

Barter Plans Speeded

A two-fold purpose will be accomplished with Prime Minister Chamberlain's acceptance of the offer by the United States to exchange surplus American cotton for English tin and rubber. England will be able to build up her reserve in war materials, of which cotton is a most necessary item, and at the same time, the United States, already sorely in need of tin and rubber, will also be in a position to partially improve its economic problem involving its more than 11,000,000 bales of surplus cotton.

Congressional leaders are mobilizing support among their colleague to obtain passage of the Byrnes Bill, which initiated the barter plans. They are confident that the rubber and tin received by the United States through negotiation with Great Britain, the Netherlands, and Belgium, will help maintain a steady source of supply with causing prices to skyrocket because of demands for these materials by nations developing war-time armament programmes. In view of the dangerous European situation it is felt here that England and the other democracies would prefer to divert important war materials to the United States rather than risk the possibility of their getting into the hands of Germany, Italy or Japan.

Embargo On Japan

An effort to impose strict trade restrictions against Japan and a sharpened fight over the nation's neutrality laws highlight the current controversy over American foreign policy.

Senator Key Pittman, Chairman of the powerful Foreign Relations Committee in the Senate, has introduced a resolution giving the President the power to impose an embargo on American exports to Japan, exclusive of agricultural products, after giving Congress ten days' notice of his intention. The resolution is claimed by its author as a reply to Japan's violation of the Nine-Power treaty which pledged its signatories to respect the territorial integrity of China. There is considerable support in favour of this measure.

The Roosevelt Administration, through Secretary of State Cordell Hull, plans to have a showdown with the isolationist bloc in Congress in the next two weeks. Mr. Hull plans to give support to the "cash-and-carry" provisions of the neutrality act which expire on May 8. These provisions are said by Administration leaders to favour Great Britain and France as against Germany and Italy since it requires foreign purchasers of war materials to pay cash and make deliveries in their own ships. Isolationists claim that such a policy is not neutral and that only an outright embargo will keep the United States out of foreign entanglements.

Far-sighted observers feel that under the Pittman resolution the President will be able to wield a powerful weapon should relations with Japan be strained to the breaking point.

French Mission Arrives

Announcement has been made by the War Department that a French mission has arrived here for the purpose of placing orders for munitions with American firms. It is believed that the mission is primarily interested in airplane motors, but the War Department stated it has not received any information concerning specific types of munitions desired. Several months ago when another French mission came to this country to place orders for 600 airplanes an uproar was created in Congress over alleged "secrecy" by President Roosevelt in not making the purposes of the mission public.

Visit Of King And Queen

The New York City Police Department is not taking any chances in expectation of the visit here by the King and Queen of England. In order to preclude any possibility of physical harm to the royal visitors at the hands of anti-British plotters, the police are checking the hallways and roofs of every building from the Battery to City Hall, a distance of about a mile, which is the expected line of march for the parade planned in their honour. According to word from Paris, it is understood that the Duke and Duchess of Windsor may visit this country after the King and Queen depart.

Chinese Contingent Urges Japan Embargo

Colourful costumed, large numbers of Chinese marched with 200,000 workers in the May Day parade here carrying banners urging an embargo on all shipments to Japan and calling for an end of American aid to Japanese aggression. The American Friends of the Chinese People, which publishes "China To-day," described May Day as "an American answer to the threats of the fascist war-makers."

World's Fair

Everyone who has visited the Fair to date seems to have been most impressed with the Soviet Union Pavilion. Press comments describe the Soviet exhibit as the most magnificent and striking in the entire Fair, and this correspondent is inclined to agree.

Colonel Hurban, who is still recognized by the United States as the Czecho-Slovakian Minister, has named George J. Janecek, former commercial secretary of the New York Consulate, as Czech Commissioner to the Fair. Funds are being raised with the aid of Mayor La Guardia to conduct the pavilion.

The greatest attraction in the exhibit of Great Britain and the British Empire is the original and famed Magna Charta manuscript, the historical document embodying the traditional principles of democracy and freedom signed by King John in 1215. Crowds gather to read the document in respectful silence, aware of the threat to democracy and freedom by the axis powers. Two large pavilions connected by a bridge comprise the area of the exhibit. Displays include 9,000 ship models showing the extent of the British merchant marine from the early sailing vessels to the modern men of war. Dioramas, decorative panels and a map frieze illustrate the main geographical groups of the dependencies. One room contains replicas of the crown jewels, including coronets of Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose, and pieces of ceremonial plate loaned by King George. The Coldstream Guards and the Highland Regiment Band also draw considerable attention.

Vladimir Kokkinaki and Mikhail Gordienko, the two Russian military aviators who were forced down in New Brunswick, Canada, on an attempted non-stop flight from Moscow to New York, were greeted at the Fair by Grover Whalen in ceremonies held in front of the giant statue of George Washington. Kokkinaki predicted the establishment of regular air service over the Great Circle route he and his colleague followed.

NEW SALES TAX IN KOLHAPUR

Sale Of Motor Spirit And Manufactured Cloth To Be Taxed

(From Our Correspondent.)

KOLHAPUR, May 18

Rao Bahadur Surve has issued a notification in to-day's Kolhapur Gazette announcing the enactment of the new law called the Kolhapur Sales Tax Act 1939.

It provides for the levy of a tax on sales of motor spirit and manufactured cloth in Kolhapur State or imported into it. The tax will not be more than six and half per cent of the cost price of the article taxed. This law extends to the whole of Kolhapur State excluding the nine feaudatory Jahagirs and will come into force from June first.

The text of this law covers about 18 printed sheets.

All merchants big or small trading in the commodities mentioned in the Gazette shall have to take licenses every year from the District Magistrate after paying Rs. 2 as license fee. The Durbar may refuse license to some and exempt some merchants from the tax without giving any reason.

Persons breaking this law are given heavy penalties. Police sub-inspectors are authorised to make investigations of offences under this act as in other cognisable offences.

Readers of "Satyawadi" the popular local weekly are shocked to hear that paper is forced to end its career after eleven years of public service.

NO-CONFIDENCE IN SPITE OF RESIGNATION

Ex-Chairman Questions Validity Of Resolution

(From Our Own Correspondent).

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

A memorandum has been issued by the C. P. Government to the effect that the Government is going to introduce in the next session of the Assembly bill to amend section 10 of the shooting act.

This would allow any person to shoot or kill any bird or animal found in the vicinity of cultivated lands for the purpose of protecting his crops or the lives of persons and property.

RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED

Mr. P. K. Salwe President of the Nagpur Municipality has sent notices accepting their resignations of the following eight Municipal Members:—Messrs. N. S. Harkare, K. K. Gandhe, R. K. Manohar, C. J. Kathikar, M. R. Raoot, R. M. Salwe Dr. R. W. Deshpande and Dr. B. P. Dalwi.

It may be remembered that the above members belong to Khare group in the Municipality and had tendered resignations of their membership in sympathy with Messrs. Dhawle and Patwardhan who did not resign their offices inspite of vote of no confidence in them, and afterwards were ousted by the Government

On behalf of these members Mr. R. W. Fulay had filed an application before the Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur, challenging the acceptance of the resignations by the President of the Nagpur Municipality. He had submitted in the application that the question of resignations was not before Mr. Salwe, and it was already decided by Mr. Dhawle, who had refused to accept the resignations and therefore the question of its acceptance cannot arise.

Inspite of the resignation of Seth Poonamchand Ranka from the Chairmanship of the Nagpur District Council, the Pradhan group with the aid of Khare group had passed a vote of no-confidence in him and asked the Secretary not to send any paper to him and authorised Mr. Barokar, Vice-Chairman to officiate. When the Secretary sent the resolutions of the District Council to Sjt. Poonamchand Ranka for his information, it is reported that he had questioned the legality of the resolutions on the ground that he had announced in the meeting of the District Council on the 17th April that he had tendered his resignation of his office because he differed with the majority fundamentally and had sent his resignation to the Local Government.

Therefore the question of vote of no-confidence does not arise and so far the resignation is not accepted by the Government he is bound by the law to continue in the office till that time.

KISAN SABHA TO START SATYAGRAHA

The Kisan Sabha of Umrer had decided to start Satyagraha from 22nd instant in front of Tahsil Office, Umrer, in protest against the coercive process adopted by the money lenders and land lords. It is reported that while the Government issued orders to stop all coercive process for realising tacavi loans, they had not passed any legislation for stopping the coersive process of the landlords and money lenders.

The Finance Sub-Committee of the Nagpur Municipality had concluded its work and the budget will be placed before the General Committee on the 18th instant. The Finance Sub-Committee had sanctioned a sum of Rs. 14 lakhs for the remaining work of the Kanhan Scheme, one lakh for Nagpur Improvement Trust and 22 thousand for expediting the work of the re-valuation of the houses. The Committee hopes to increase its income by re-valuation to a tune of a lakh and a half.

DISTRICT BOARD ELECTION PETITIONS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 18.

Election petitions to challenge the validity of elected members of the Congress Party, Messrs. A. M. Atavne and T. N. Bedekar have been filed by two voters in the Thana Assistant Judge's Court on the ground respectively that Mr. Atavne has financial interest in the Board's expenditure and that Mr. Bedekar is not entitled to be nominated because he is a member of a joint Hindu family. The objection taken in the case of Mr. Atavne has also been taken in the case of Mr. K. G. Sugvekar, a Democrat by another voter in Karjat and the prayer is made that Mr. Raut, the defeated candidate he declared elected.

Notices have been issued by the Assistant Judge to all the defendants to show cause why the complaints may not be held valid.

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CASH PRIZES TOO !

In addition your four wrappers on each of which there is a number, will be entered to compete for 3 cash prizes of Rs. 75/-, Rs. 30/- and Rs. 20/- which are offered each week in each of the Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta and Madras Areas. For every week in each of these areas, a number will be selected and deposited, in a sealed envelope, with the Branch of the National Bank of India Limited in Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta and Madras and the sender of the 4 wrappers the total of the numbers on which is the nearest to the selected number, will receive a 1st Prize of Rs. 75/-. The next nearest total will win Rs. 30/- and the third nearest will win Rs. 20/-. In the event of 2 or more senders having the same total of numbers the prizes will be divided equally. The winners each week will be decided from wrappers received up to and including the Friday of each week and their names and addresses will be published in this paper. But whether you win a Cash Prize or not, you still get a beautiful handkerchief provided your entry conforms with the conditions laid down.

Here is a grand opportunity to use the finest and loveliest toilet soap in India, and at the same time get a handsome gift and a chance of winning a cash prize. You may send as many batches of four wrappers as you like but each batch must conform to the conditions laid down.

Send your wrappers to any of the undermentioned addresses :—

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Lever Brothers (India) Ltd., P. O. Box No. 228, Katrak Terrace, Machi Miani Road.

CALCUTTA
Lever Brothers (India) Ltd., P. O. Box No. 358, Sassoon House, 4, Lyons Range.

BOMBAY
Lever Brothers (India) Ltd., C/o P. O. Box 758, Henley House, Ballard Estate.

MADRAS
Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, P. O. Box 200, 11/14, Armenian Street.

No correspondence can be entered into concerning this scheme and in all cases the decision of the Manufacturers of Lux Toilet Soap is final. The Manufacturers also reserve the right to terminate this offer at any time they may consider necessary or desirable.

LUCKY WINNERS FOR WEEK ENDING 13-5-1939

BOMBAY AREA. Hidden No. 119,921. 1st. Mr. K. S. NAIK, Nawab Mansions, Gunbow St., Bombay. (119,909). 2nd. Mr. U. MALIK, Shalipur Sadar, Sargotha (119,784) 3rd. Mr. P. MARWADI, Jubbulpore Cant. (119,674).

KARACHI AREA. Hidden No. 100,113. 1st. Mr. B. KUNDANMAL, Bhaikhan Incline, Hyderabad. (Sind) (100,071). 2nd Mr. J. K. BAXI, Chemist, Sankheda. (100,186). 3rd. Miss N. E. TODD, 16, Narindar Place, New Delhi. (100,031).

CALCUTTA AREA. Hidden No. 103,602. 1st. Mr. S. D. DUTTA, 24 Kali Dutta St., Calcutta. (103,645). 2nd. Mr. J. REBELLO, Mission Compound, Dharwar. (103,673). 3rd. Mrs. S. M. DEVI, 24 Kali Dutta Street, Calcutta.

MADRAS AREA. Hidden No. 110,195. 1st & 2nd prizes divided, Miss L. EKAMBARAM, 18, Parthasarathy Pettah St., Madras. (110,198). Mrs. TUNGU, MULKI, S. Kanara. (110,198). 3rd. Mr. R. BALASUBRAMANYAM, 31, Narayan Mudali Street, Madras. (110,126).

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To purchasers of LACTOGEN, NESTLE'S MALTED MILK, MILO TONIC FOOD and NESTLE'S QUICK OATS we are offering over 100 useful and attractive FREE GIFTS. All you have to do is to collect the coupons in the tins containing these preparations until you have saved enough for the gift you want. They are really splendid gifts that have a 'personal appeal' so start saving your coupons NOW!

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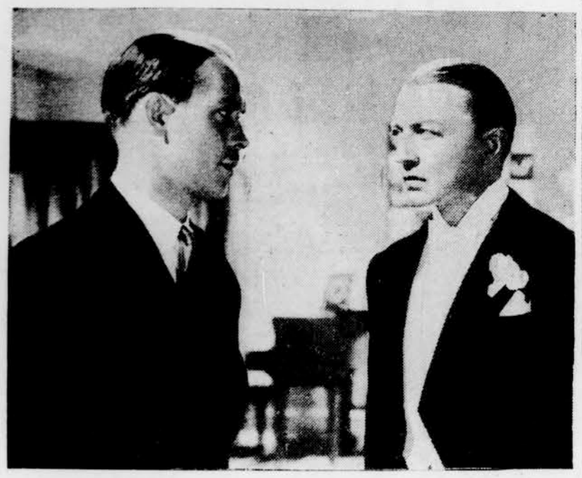
62/39

Film Fare For The Week



A scene from "The Ware Case," a detective film, starring Clive Erook, at Regal.

ANOTHER CRIME FILM

"The Ware Case" At Regal Features Clive Brook

A dramatic story climaxed by a striking twist is to be found in the new Michael Balcon Ealing production "The Ware Case," presented by A.B.F.D. at the Regal Theatre this week. Based on the stage play by George Pleydell Bancroft, it is a modern adaptation destined to achieve world-wide popularity. Clive Brook is ideally cast in a part which combines a delightful light characterisation with strong, dramatic moments. He portrays Sir Hubert Ware, charming, witty debonair, who finds it difficult to realise that times are not what they were and his idle though amusing life runs him into financial difficulties which finally become oppressive. He has an immensely wealthy brother-in-law whose fortune, in the event of his death, would go to Sir Hubert's wife Meg. Faced with bankruptcy, Sir Hubert departs from the South of France and in England, Meg plans to sell the Ware ancestral home. She accidentally learns that her husband is being cited as co-respondent in a divorce case and is determined to leave him, when the unexpected happens.

After Sir Hubert's return, Meg's brother Eustace is found dead in a lake on the estate in circumstances which normally point to an accident. On the other hand, Sir Hubert's desperate position before the death of Eustace and the fact that the tragedy relieves him of financial distress gives rise to a suspicion of foul play and Sir Hubert is tried for murder. He is brilliantly defended by a great barrister friend of the family who, although in love with Meg and conscious of Sir Hubert's unworthiness as a husband, fights loyally to save his friend and succeeds. Sir Hubert is proclaimed innocent but finds little joy in his freedom, for he discovers the love that exists between his wife and the man who saved his life and realises what loyalty both of them have shown. In a dramatic climax, Sir Hubert inflicts on himself the penalty that he has escaped from the law, making a sacrifice for the first and last time in his life. Jane Baxter appears as Meg Barry K. Barnes as Michael Adye the barrister friend, and Peter Bull as Eustace Ede.

"Four Men And A Prayer" AT PALACE

The startling story of "Four Men and a Prayer" is revived this week at the Palace, where the picture is being currently shown. This 20th Century-Fox production is directed by the Academy Award winner, John Ford.

The theme is departure from the usual saccharine movie affection. Four stalwart young men, with a grand old soldier-father, are bound by a solemn pledge to rove the world to avenge his dishonour and death. That great love pervades the entire story. Yet the shimmering beauty of Loretta Young and her love for one of the brothers, Richard Creene (a sensational new star discovery, by the way) is a joy to behold.

Miss Young gives an impressive performance as the American girl who covers her intense loyalty to the brothers' cause with a flippancy which amazes her British sweetheart most of all, but more than anything puts spirit and vigour into the grim quest. The cast also includes George Sanders, David Niven, William Henry and C. Aubrey Smith.

"THE TEXANS" REVIVED AT BROADWAY

Texas in the turbulent days following the war between the States forms the exciting background of Paramount's drama of the Reconstruction period, "The Texans," will be revived from to-day till Tuesday for four days at The Broadway, Dadar, with Joan Bennett, Randolph Scott and May Robson. It is a "big" motion picture in every respect—big in its sweeping frontier theme and big in its lavish production. The picture tells of the South's struggle to attain self-rule and find a new way of life after the ravages of the war.

All the tragedy of the Reconstruction period is revealed as the picture unfolds. A group of the most miserable men ever to appear on the American scene, the carpet-beggars, descend on a prostrate land and rule a proud people for their own profit. Aristocratic families are reduced to poverty, private lives are invaded and even private property is confiscated by corrupt officials who can never get enough loot.

The whole sweeping theme of "the Texans" is symbolized in the climax, when the caravan reaches Abilene and the covered wagon meets the iron horse. Here is the final triumph of the Southern spirit, a spirit which in a few years turned away her conquerors and opened up the great South-west to American expansion. This is a picture of America's emergence as a nation must be seen!

"A YANK AT OXFORD" AT BANDRA TALKIES

Bandra Talkies, Suburbs' only modern Talkie House which was opened on Sunday last before a large gathering of prominent citizens from both the City and the Suburbs has proved popular during the last week it has drawn thousands of film-fans.

From Saturday for four days only will be screened Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's film "A Yank At Oxford".

In presenting Taylor in the title role as the cocky all star athlete who comes to Oxford to 'teach the natives' and himself learns plenty in return, "A Yank At Oxford" affords the star his greatest opportunity to demonstrate his athletic ability, his flair for comedy and his ability to handle genuinely dramatic scenes.

Lionel Barrymore as Taylor's father and Maureen O'Sullivan as the English undergraduate whom the hero meets at Oxford, lend their accustomed polished performances.

SERIAL ON SUNDAY MORNING

On Sunday Morning at 10-30 will be screened Buck Jones in "The Roaring West". Fifteen chapters will be shown at reduced rates.

From May 24 to 26 they will screen their first Indian film. The picture is one of Bombay Talkies best produced film "Jeewan Prabhat" starring Devikarani with Mumtazali and Kishore Sahu

A scene from "The Saint Strikes Back," at the New Empire.

Crime Plus Comedy

"There's That Woman Again" At Eros

You remember, of course, Columbia's fun-filled show in which Melvyn Douglas and Joan Blondell were paired as Bill Reardon and his scatter-brained wife, Sally. Titled "There's Always a Woman" and directed by Alexander Hall, the picture proved an early "knockout" of 1938.

Yesterday the Reardons returned to the Eros Theatre in "There's that Woman Again," which, as the title implies, concerns the further misadventures of the detective couple Mel Douglas subtly augments his previous characterization of the wife-suffering sleuth while Virginia Bruce rises to new comedy peaks as an even more delirious Sally.

There are countless jewel thefts mysterious disappearances, murders, robberies, plots and counterplots, but through it all romps Sally with the ease of the legendary trapeze artist.

Alexander Hall directed this one with deft feeling for farce-flavoured mystery drama, and with a superbly-turned story and

A scene from "Hotel Imperial" coming to Eros next week.

capable cast, has produced another Columbia creation of sterling entertainment.

Margaret Lindsay, as the "heavy" Mrs. Nacelle with a homicidal turn of mind, and Tom Dugan, as Flannigan, slightly slug-happy aide to Detective Reardon, stand out among the supporting players. Excellent performances are also given by such artists as Gorden Oliver, Stanley Ridges, Paul Harvey, Pierre Watkin and Jonathan Hale.

Fund For Film Workers

Entertainment In Aid Of Laudable Project

On the initiative of Mr. Chandulal Shah, we understand a scheme has been launched for the provision of a fund for unemployed film workers. This has been generally welcomed in various studios as a commendable project as employment in the film industry is precarious and great hardship is often suffered especially by those on the lower rungs of the ladder.

Loans-of-Honour

The present scheme which, when fully worked out, will be financed by film workers themselves and by film producers, would give relief to bona fide unemployed workers in the form of "loans-of-honour". This scheme would apply to workers in all departments of film studios—Directors, Artists, Technicians and all other employees.

Shows In Brindaban Garden

As the first step, towards the realization of this project, it has been decided to hold special shows in the Brindaban garden of the Indian Motion Pictures Silver Jubilee Exhibition. Proceeds from the shows will form the first nucleus of the Fund. These shows will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. and 10 p.m. and on Sunday at 6-30 p.m., 8 p.m. and 10 p.m. Admission fees are Rs. 10/-, Rs. 5/-, Rs. 2/- and Re. 1/- Artistes, including many well-known stars, from local studios like Ranjit, Sagar, Minerva, Wadia, Prakash, Paramount, etc. will perform at these shows. As such this will be a rare opportunity for the general public to see their screen favourites on the stage!

INDIAN FILMS SCORE THIS WEEK!

"The Only Way" At Pathe

(By Our Film Critic.)

Indian films definitely score this week over the foreign fare which is somehow unusually mediocre. Almost all the first-run Hollywood pictures currently seen deal with conventional crime themes which speaks of a rather alarmingly consistent intellectual bankruptcy of the average American scenarist. After the last week's "Pygmalion" and "Stolen Life" this week's fare is particularly disappointing.

"The Only Way."

Among the Indian films, however, we have a galaxy of unusually good films. "Bari Didi" at Roxy, "Brandy Bottle" at Majestic, and "Dushman" (still going strong)! at Krishna are pictures which can be heartily recommended, as being entertaining as well as purposeful. Even technically, they mark a distinct improvement.

The latest addition to this select list is Sagar's "The Only Way" released last night at Pathe. It is a notable production in more ways than one. (A review of the film, will appear on Wednesday).

RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN C.P.

PACHMARHI, May 18.

Two committees, one to suggest ways and means for Rural development and the other to overhaul the present system of Secondary Education in the province were appointed by the Central Provinces Government.

The former will consist of 15 members, including several legislators and non-officials and will be presided over by Hon. Pt. D. P. Misra, Minister for Local Self-Government while the personnel of the latter will be announced later. The Rural Development Committee meets at Pachmarhi on May 22 and is expected to complete its work and submit its recommendations by the end of the month.—United Press.

Kay Francis At Excelsior

"King Of The Underworld" Is Exciting Drama

There are crime films galore this week. Perhaps the best—or worst?—among them is King of The Underworld," starring Kay Francis and Humphrey Bogart, shown at the Excelsior. It is a highly exciting, suspenseful dramatic story of a murderer, relieved by good acting by principal stars. May be recommended—but not to children!

Bogart plays the part of a gang chief with a Napoleonic complex. He thinks he's the smartest and most daring bandit who ever lived—that he is, indeed, exactly what the title of this picture calls him. A different role, Bogart nevertheless comes through easily.

Kay Francis and her husband, in the story—John Eldredge—are surgeons. The husband, by his skill, saves the life of a wounded mobster, whereupon 'Red' Gurney (Bogart) presses him into the service of the gang, without Kay's knowledge. But the husband is killed and Kay has to carry on alone.

Red Gurney also presses into his service—as historian and biographer of his conceited career—a young novelist whom he picks up along the roadway. He is James Stephenson, a London stage favourite recently arrived in Hollywood.

Joan Bennet and Reudolph Scott in "The Texans," revived at Broadway.

Then the woman doctor, Kay, is made prisoner by Red and his followers, and forced to dress their wounds after another of their conflicts with the police. Between her and Stephenson, there is the beginning of a romance as they remain fellow captives.

Kay outsmarts Red and his men and is able to turn them over to the law by putting them out of commission for the time through administering a temporarily blinding fluid.

As usual with his menacing parts, Bogart bestows upon his villain-character certain elements of likeableness and humour. You know that Red Gurney is a terrible person, but you're willing to laugh with him and to a certain degree sympathize with him. In that lies a potential danger to immature minds who may be led to bestow hero-worship on the criminal!

Humphrey Bogart in a scene from "King Of The Underworld," at Excelsior.

"FAST COMPANY" AT METRO

Melvyn Douglas As A Rare Book Expert

Adapted from Marco Page's best seller novel revealing the inside of the stolen rare book racket, "Fast Company," which is being shown at Metro Theatre presents Melvyn Douglas and Florence Rice in a hilarious blend of romance and fast-moving adventure.

Claire Dodd, Shepperd Strudwick, a newcomer from the Theatre Guild in New York, Louis Calhern, Nat Pendleton and Douglas Dumbrille are in the cast with Douglas and Miss Rice.

Melvyn Douglas as a rare book expert hired by an insurance company to track down rare book thieves runs his business with the help of his wife, played by Florence Rice. They combine domestic and business life with unusual results as revealed in the picture.

Opening scenes show Douglas and Miss Rice in the office of their rare book business with more leisure time for domestic bliss than any customers. When their young friend, Ned Morgan (Shepperd Strudwick), is sent to prison on a false charge by Otto Brokler (George Zucco), things begin to happen.

Douglas starts an investigation of the case that leads him through a maze of adventure involving a murder, assaults on his life, pursuit of a book gang, and the final capture of the murderer. Through all the fast-moving action he is aided by Miss Rice who extends her wifely duties to the daily life of her husband.

The picture, directed by Edward Buzzell, who demonstrates his ability to make an entertaining blend of adventure and romance in screen fare, presents Douglas in a role "tailor made" to suit his sense of high comedy. Florence Rice undergoes a complete personality change from the ingenues of her past roles to emerge a sophisticated dramatic actress.

Melvyn Douglas and Virginia [illegible] in "There's That Woman Again," at Eros.

"The Saint Strikes Back" AT NEW EMPIRE

"This is a week of Detection" melodramas. Another one of these "The Saint Strikes Back" is seen at Empire.

Involved story of part played by the "Saint", gentleman Robin Hood, in assisting girl to avenge untimely death of discredited father and in establishing identity of underworld master-mind. Super-subtlety of tactics makes for plot complication, but achieves quite good interest values, especially during nocturnal temporary theft of money and incriminating recorded confession by crook henchman. Suavely confident study of freelance investigator constantly under suspicion from girl and professional detective-inspector; adequate supporting characterisations.

This is the second of Leslie Charteris's "Saint" stories to be filmed and the first to star the British actor George Sanders in the title role. Sanders makes an acceptable debut as the gentleman Robin Hood, freelance warrior against crime, in an involved but quite interesting story. As usual in crime stories, the amateur detective is always a couple of moves ahead of the professional, but a certain degree of novelty consists in the fact that the professional is never, until the end, quite certain whether the amateur is working against the criminals, or with them.

There is no point in disentangling all the threads of the story. Suffice it that the Saint is taken along by an inspector to help solve problems of theft and murder associated with a girl named Val Travers, whose father died after being unjustly dismissed from the police force. In pursuance of this end, the Saint, under suspicion constantly from the girl and frequently by the inspector, has to steal a packet of money from a henchman of the secret "master mind". A noted criminologist, also on the case, is incriminated by a recorded conversation; and ultimately the Saint is able to reveal as the master-mind an apparently harmless friend whom Val had trusted.

The action highlight is the theft sequence, though there is a moment of nightclub murder to begin with. George Sanders is well cast as the slightly cocksure, suave, gentleman, freelance. Wendy Barrie is undistinguished but efficient in a role that does not give great opportunities for acting. The rest of the cast, whether of the friends or foes of the law, are entirely adequate, and the presentation matches up satisfactorily to the requirements of a commendable crime subject.

FOR HISSAR FAMINE RELIEF

NEW DELHI, May 19.

In response to a request from the Punjab Provincial Branch, the Indian Red Cross Society has donated a further sum of Rs. 2,000 for famine relief work in the Hissar District. Famine conditions still persist and the Punjab Branch has been giving assistance in cash and kind.

Another sum of Rs. 1,500 has been donated to the Madras Provincial Branch by the Indian Red Cross Society for similar work in the Presidency.—United Press.

To-day's BIG News!

BOMBAY MILLHANDS TO GO ON STRIKE!

The ONLY WAY

to Avert the Impending strike Is for the

MILLOWNERS & MILLWORKERS

to see jointly & SIMULTANEOUSLY

AJANTA'S Epic on CAPITAL & LABOUR

'The Mill'

(The ORIGINAL Version of the picture that was BANNED)

Directed by M. BHAVNANI

Starring:
This Galaxy of Stars
BIBBO, JAYRAJ,
BHUDO ADVANI,
Tarabai, Nayampalli,
Navin Yajnik

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*THRILLING SITUATIONS!
*ENNOBLING THEME
*SACRIFICE SUBLIME of a SERVANT for his MASTER!
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MAHARASHTRA PICTURES of KOLHAPUR'S

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High Court Dismisses Govt. Appeal

WHEN TRIAL BY JURY WOULD BE A FARCE

"To lightly interfere with the verdict of a jury with which the Sessions Judge has agreed, would be to reduce trial by jury in this country to a farce."

This observation was made by Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court in dismissing the appeal of the Government of Bombay against the order of the Sessions Judge of Surat acquitting Jhima Soma and two others on charges of murder and abetment.

In the lower court, the jury had unanimously found the accused "not guilty" and the verdict was accepted by the Sessions Judge.

In their appeal, the Government contended that there was misdirection in the Sessions Judge's charge to the jury and that having regard to the evidence, the jury's verdict was unjust and unreasonable.

JUDGMENT

In the course of their judgment, their lordships observed that under section 297 of the Criminal Procedure Code, it was the duty of the judge to explain to the jury all the essential elements of the offences and to give directions on the law. Mere reading of the law did not amount to "explanation."

This provision, said their lordships, was imperative and it had been so held by the Full Bench in the case of Emperor v. Puttan Hassan.

"And it is indeed surprising how a Sessions Judge, who is usually a man of considerable experience, can proceed to charge the jury without in the first instance explaining the law on the subject."

Such an explanation was necessary in all cases, and was certainly very important in a case where there was a charge of murder.

An important non-direction to jury, or an omission to direct them on an important point amounts to misdirection.

NO "FAILURE OF JUSTICE"

But, said their lordships, the effect of reading section 297 with the provisions of section 537 would be that a decision of a lower court should not be reversed on the ground of the judge's misdirection to the jury unless it has, in fact, occasioned a failure of justice.

In this case, their lordships did not think that the judge's omission to read the relevant sections had occasioned a failure of justice. The judge had summoned up the evidence very clearly and fairly on both sides.

"No court would interfere with a verdict of the jury, even if it may itself think differently of the evidence, or because it thinks that another jury may have come to a different conclusion.

"To lightly interfere with the verdict of a jury with which the Sessions Judge has agreed, would be to reduce trial by jury in this country to a farce."

The only ground on which interference with a jury's verdict would be justified was a miscarriage of justice or perversity in the verdict.

Taking all circumstances into consideration, their lordships held that there was no sufficient reason to interfere with the jury's verdict in this case. They therefore dismissed the appeal.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, May 17

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station.	Temperature Max.	Min.	Rainfall Last 24 Hours	Total Since 1st April	Difference from normal
Agra	115	90	—	—	—0.5
Amraoti	109	83	—	—	—0.5
Akola	106	81	—	0.6	+0.4
Ahmedabad	105	78	—	—	—0.3
Ajmer	105	86	—	—	—0.4
Ahmednagar	101	67	—	0.7	+0.2
Ambala	115	79	—	0.4	—0.7
Allahabad	108	84	—	0.4	+0.1
Benares	105	82	—	—	—0.5
Bareilly	111	85	—	—	—0.7
BOMBAY	90	80	—	—	—0.1
Bangalore	88	67	—	6.5	+2.9
Bhopal	104	80	—	—	-
Baroda					
Belgaum	90	68	—	0.4	—2.0
Bhawalpore	113	70	—	—	—0.4
Bijapur	101	72	—	0.5	—0.4
Bellary	100	76	—	1.4	—0.3
Bhavnagar	103	78	—	—	—0.4
Chittagong	88	72	0.2	11.2	+0.4
Calcutta	95	83	0.1	3.6	—1.4
Cuttack	111	81	—	0.3	—2.5
Cawnpore	114	87	—	—	—0.3
Calicut	91	78	—	9.0	+1.7
Colombo	87	77	T	23.6	+6.7
Cheerapunji	75	61	7.0	46.0	—6.4
Cocoanada	110	83	—	0.5	—1.0
Cochin	87	77	0.2	17.8	+7.8
Dehra Dun	104	78	—	0.3	—1.2
Delhi	114	89	—	—	—0.7
Dehra I Khan	109	73	—	0.6	—0.3
Darjeeling					
Desa	103	78	—	—	—0.2
Dalhousie				3.0	—1.9
Fort Sandeman	93	66	—	1.0	—0.5
Gorakpur	100	81	—	0.1	—1.3
Hyderabad (Dn.)	105	80	—	0.9	—0.7
Hyderabad (Sd.)	116	79	—	—	—0.1
Indore	103	75	—	—	—0.2
Jhansi	112	91	—	—	—0.2
Jubbulpore	108	88	—	—	—0.5
Jacobabad	113	82	—	—	—0.3
Jaipur	110	79	—	—	0.4
Karwar					
Karachi	85	77	—	0.1	—0.1
Kodaikanal	71	53	—	6.5	—1.6
Khandwa	106	80	—	—	—0.2
Lucknow	107	84	—	—	—0.8
Ludhiana	116	82	—	0.4	—0.3
Lahore	115	79	—	0.1	—0.2
Lyallpur	110	69	—	—	—0.9
Multan	111	81	—	—	—0.4
Mysore	90	68	—	6.9	+1.4
Madras	101	80	—	5.2	+4.2
Marmagoa	87	80	—	0.1	—
Malegaon	105	75	—	—	—0.4
Mussoorie	84	67	—	0.5	—1.7
Mahableshwar	80	60	—	0.7	—1.2
Murree	80	60	—	3.0	—2.9
Mount Abu	87	72	—	—	—0.6
Masulipatam	109	84	—	0.1	—1.1
Mandalay	89	75	—	4.1	—
Mangalore	89	79	—	5.0	+1.9
Meerut				—	—0.8
Mercara	80	63	—	1.7	—3.3
Nagpur	111	88	—	0.2	—0.6
Ootacamund	73	46	—	6.0	—1.2
Patna	95	78	—	0.1	—0.9
Peshawar	101	78	—	0.7	—1.8
Poona	93	73	—	0.1	—0.7
Pachmarhi					
Port Blair	86	75	0.5	11.1	+0.4
Quetta	80	51	—	1.1	
Ranchi	105	79	—	1.0	—1.0
Rawalpindi	100	64	—	1.8	—0.9
Rangoon	86	73	0.4	10.1	+2.7
Ratnagiri	87	79	—	0.1	—0.1
Rajkot					
Sialkot	112	76	—	0.9	—0.7
Srinagar	76	50	T	2.6	—2.7
Sholapur	105	75	—	0.4	—0.4
Shillong	73	63	0.3	0.1	—7.8
Simla	81	67	—	1.4	—2.0
Surat	91	80	—	—	—0.2
Salem	98	76	7.4		+2.6
Trichinipoly	101	79	—	6.4	+3.0
Trivandrum	87	78	—	14.6	+6.8
Vizagapatam	97	85	—	—	—1.7

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 19-5-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.018 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.2 degrees 0.9 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 80.0 degrees 0.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 72 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 105 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19-5-39.

At 8-7 a.m local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.91 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.70 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RAMDURG RIOTS SEQUEL

RAMDRUG, May 18.

Munawalli, the Praja Sangh leader, who was set free by the rioters after breaking open the jail in the last month's riots, has been arrested outside the State territory on an extradition warrant.—United Press.

City Health Returns

The health returns of Bombay during the 19th week of 1939, i.e. the week ended 13th May 1939 were as under:—

The total mortality 560 was 24 more than in the last week and the death rate registered was 25.1 on the Census population of 1931 which compares favourably with that for the 19th week of 1939, viz. 652 and the death rate 29.2. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 575 and the death rate 25.7.

Out of the total deaths, 142 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, smallpox caused 12 attacks (including one imported from Gulbarga) and 6 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. There was only one death from Typhoid. Cerebrospinal fever caused 2 attacks and 2 deaths.

The number of live births registered during the week was 655 which compares favourably with that for the 19th week of 1938, viz. 623 and 586 the quinquennial average for the coresponding weeks in the five years (1934-1938).

ANSWER THIS ONE!

CAN YOU FORGET YOURSELF For 2½ Hours?

YOU WILL, IF YOU FOLLOW THE CROWD TO PATHE TO SEE THE ONLY WAY!

IT'S SAGAR

See Page 3

BLIND INDIAN VILLAGER WINS THE DERBY!

NETS IN 4 LAKHS OF RUPEES ..... AND LEAVES FOR THE TOWN!

Mohan, a poor blind villager from one of the out-of-the-way villages, was sold a Derby Sweepstake Ticket by one Ramesh, an odd job trump and as Fate would have it, Mohan won the first prize.

What happens to this blindman? see "THE KICK" —a Ranjit picture, now running at the WEST END Cinema, Bombay.

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VISION

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ELECTRICITY

BEK 3

CHAMBERLAIN'S DILATORY TACTICS EXPOSED

they had been served by their fellow countrymen.

Mr. Anthony Eden declared that it was his conviction that it would fall on ours". All that we knew was that a tremendous onslaught was coming somewhere and that was more or less the position to-day. We were all frightened, but perhaps that was hardly the word to use. We were all nervous, anxious and the whole world was under the impression that there was something preparing in the nature of another attack from the aggressors. We could see they were speeding up their armaments at a rate hitherto unprecedented, especially in weapons of offence—tanks, bombing aeroplanes and submarines. We knew they were occupying and fortifying fresh positions that would give them strategic advantages in war with France and ourselves.

FROM LIBYA TO NORTH SEA

The military chiefs of high rank in Italy and Germany were travelling long distances inspecting and surveying from Libya to the North Sea all sorts of situations that would be of vital importance in the event of war. There was a secrecy in the movements behind the lines which was ominous. We heard reports of the massing of troops. Eight Legations in Prague would have the rights withdrawn from May 25 and that was ominous, because it meant that they would be deprived of all means of communicating through the usual diplomatic way. The secrecy now obtained was similar to that which existed in 1918 and its purpose was to baffle us. The general result was uneasiness and lack of confidence all over the world. It was seen in trade on the Stock Exchanges and even in politics. Britain was interested in its preparations for war, but wanted to know most of all how to keep out of war.

GUARANTEES TO POLAND AND RUMANIA

Mr. Lloyd George said, we had guaranteed Poland and Rumania and asked the House to think of that as a military proposition without Russia. He asked why we did not make up our minds without loss of time for a wholehearted alliance and come to the same terms with Russia as with France.

Mr. Attlee thought that Mr. Lloyd George had drawn an extremely gloomy, but nevertheless true picture of the world situation. Mr. Attlee complained there was no constructive effort for peace and only nervous waiting for the next act of aggression. We must recognise the aggressive policy of the Axis. In Europe there are armed bandits ready to confront everybody demanding "stand and deliver".

Mr. Chamberlain followed Mr. Attlee and was greeted by loud cheers.

The Premier said Mr. Attlee had spoken of the necessity for a long term peace policy in which colonial question would play a part and referring to this Mr. Chamberlain said: "We in this country are not prepared to buy peace at the price of concessions, which will only lead to further demands, but that does not mean that we will refuse to discuss any method by which we can satisfy the reasonable aspirations on the part of other nations even if it means some adjustment in the existing state of things.

There may be problems which will be easy of solution, if one is only assured that they will be discussed in an atmosphere of goodwill. There were many concessions, which might, without too great difficulty, be made, if one is quite certain that these concessions will be used only for the purpose for which they are given and not used to bolster up some strategic aim against the liberties of others. We cannot profitably discuss final peace terms until we are satisfied there has been renunciation or at any rate abandonment of any designs of aggression against other people".

The German Government had declared that they had no such intention, but the trouble was that the opposition was not alone in not believing them and this position was brought about by the German Government themselves. (Cheers). "If we could have such renunciation, if we could have the conviction that there is no intention of aggression or further use of force in relation between Germany and other countries, I think we would find we will not be backward in stating what is our view and the line on which we should discuss the terms of permanent peace.

The greatest of all British interests is the maintenance of peace. It will be in an international spirit believing that British interests will best be served by a solution which takes into account the needs, claims, and rights of other nations as well as our own that I would desire to approach the subject of how we should lay down the lines of permanent peace.

"MARE'S NEST"

Referring to Mr. Lloyd George's

(Continued from Page 1

speech, Mr. Chamberlain said that without underrating the gravity of the position, he thought Mr. Lloyd George had painted an overgloomy picture. There was nothing unusual or sinister in the procedure regarding the Legation at Prague. Regarding stories of release of Czechoslovak assets in favour of the Reich, Mr. Chamberlain described the whole as a mare's nest. The treasury did not agree to the release of any Czech assets to the Bank for international settlement and only releases were made for small amounts to refugees.

IS WAR INEVITABLE?

Mr. Chamberlain referred to the joining of Bohemia and Moravia to the Reich and its repercussions. He characterised the assurance given to Poland and Greece as a first aid treatment given to avoid a further deterioration of the situation. He added: "I want to make clear that this policy is not a policy of lining up opposing Blocs of Powers in Europe, animated by hostile intentions and accepting the view that War is inevitable. I never regard war as inevitable, until it is begun. The gloomier the picture, and the more formidable the appearance that war may be coming, the more strenuously should one strive to make it avoidable. The policy of opposing Blocs seems to us essentially unstable, and, therefore, fundamentally dangerous.

In the policy we are pursuing, there is not any element of aggression, nor does it exclude the possibility of discussion in a spirit of goodwill of all points of difference among nations. It is a policy of precaution and a policy which only operated in certain conditions—conditions which it is in the power of others to bring or not to bring into being.

It is an assurance against forcible aggression, which may not and we hope never will arise. It is a policy that seems necessary, because without it we can see no prospect of establishing a sense of stability in Europe. Without that policy, it is, of course, inevitable that trade and enterprise should be stifled and it is impossible that the conditions of life of the peoples should be improved.

Referring to the joining of Bohemia and Moravia to the Reich Mr. Chamberlain said, "I do not know whether the German Government themselves had realised the tremendous repercussions that action would cause abroad. I think, perhaps, even more than the annexation what disturbed profoundly the public minds everywhere was the patent contradiction between this and the assurances so frequently and solemnly given to the world by the German Government. That contradiction has completely undermined the sense of security and created widespread feeling that independence of no small State was safe, if it stood in the way of German ambition.

It seemed to us that unless some new stabilising factor could be introduced, the dissolution of a large part of Europe might be imminent. In these circumstances, Government thought it their duty in conjunction with France to intervene and try to supply this factor. It was necessary to act quickly because apprehensions of an attack were acute. The assurances we gave to Poland and Greece were not the end of measures which we had in mind. They were what we might call a first aid treatment, given to avoid a further deterioration of the situation. It still remains to strengthen them by more permanent arrangements and try and get additional support for them in other quarters which are able and willing to give support.

NO DISTRUST OF RUSSIAN IDEOLOGY

With the discussions with Soviet Mr. Chamberlain said that he could not help thinking that there had been some misunderstanding.

Mr. Chamberlain emphasized that it was untrue to state that the British Government were actuated by distrust of the Russian ideology. Britain was concerned with the best method of building up a peace front. "If we can find a method of obtaining the assistance and co-operation of the Soviet in building up a Peace Front, we welcome it. We want it, we attach value to it. The suggestion that we despise the assistance which the Soviet could give is without foundation. We suggested to the Soviet that they should make a declaration with regard to Poland and Rumania similar to that made by ourselves and France but the Soviet apparently thought that this offer was not reciprocal. I want to say this that the British Government never desired to ask the Soviet to do anything which they were not prepared to do themselves. We always wanted the arrangement to be reciprocal and I find it difficult to understand why it was ever thought that our suggestion was lacking in reciprocity. If there is any inequality, it is in favour of the Soviet."

Mr. Chamberlain referred to the great impression created by the fact that assurances had been given and added, "it is not enough to do all that we could in this country to take up our assurances. We are anxious to obtain support for them by the adhesion of other countries, so we have entered into conversations with Turkey and the Soviet.

TRIBUTE TO TURKEY

In the case of Turkey, our discussions very speedily revealed such a similarity of interests and outlook that the two Governments were able to make a declaration on May 12. That declaration was warmly welcomed and the general satisfaction it has evoked shows how high is the prestige of Turkey and how greatly her friendship is valued."

Paying a warm tribute to Turkey, Mr. Chamberlain said that the friendship begun under the long and memorable presidentship of Kemal Ataturk was further strengthened under the distinguished present President.

Referring to Anglo-Turkish relations, Mr. Chamberlain pointed out that events moved rapidly. Mr. Chamberlain said that agreements could not be concluded in the twinkling of an eye and, therefore, he thought it advisable to make it clear to the world where Britain and Turkey stood in the event of an act of aggression, leading to war in the Mediterranean area. We have declared our intention in that event to give one another mutual aid and afford co-operation but this declaration goes further than the Mediterranean. It recognises the necessity of securing the establishment of security in the Balkans. We have agreed on that matter in our consultations together the result of which I have no doubt, we shall be able to embody in a long term treaty.

PLEA FOR CAUTION

"We are anxious to come to an agreement quickly, but I ask the House to remember that in this matter, we are trying to build up not an alliance between ourselves and other countries, but to find a means of resisting aggression. We should not succeed in that policy, if by ensuring the co-operation of one country, we rendered another country uneasy and unwilling to co-operate with us. Therefore, I say that in this matter which is one of great gravity and delicacy, a certain amount of caution is necessary. The object of our policy is to build up a Peace Front and it is better to delay it a few days longer rather than take hastily a step which might result in the work already done crumbling before our very eyes. We thought that the Soviet might be able to come to an agreement with us on those matters on which they could agree and be prepared to let us discuss at greater leisure subjects on which difficulties existed. In our view, that would have been the wisest course."

HIS REGRET

Mr. Chamberlain expressed regret that M. Potemkin was not going to Geneva because Lord Halifax and M. Potemkin were thereby deprived of an opportunity of personal discussion. The Premier indicated that Lord Halifax would to-morrow confer with M. Daladier and M. Bonnet. After these consultations he hoped that it would be found possible to overcome the obstacles which had hitherto prevented making an agreement with the Soviet and he hoped that, in due course he would be able to report to the House that at last he had made a final agreement between the two countries.

CHURCHILL WARNS GOVT.

Mr. Churchill said that clearly Russia was not going to enter into an agreement unless she was treated as an equal and unless there was evidence that the methods employed by the Allies were likely to lead to success. No one wanted to associate themselves with an indeterminate leadership. The Government should realise that none of the States in Eastern Europe could maintain themselves for twelve months of war, unless they had behind them the massive and solid backing of a friendly Russia. They should not ask favours of Russia but here was an offer, a fair and better offer than the terms that Government were seeking for themselves. It was a more simple and direct offer.

Mr. Churchill declared, "Let us not put it aside and see things come to nothing. I beg the Government to get these brutal truths into their heads".

If Government threw away the indispensable aid of Russia, they would have ill-served the confidence and generosity with which

(Continued on page 18, col. 5)

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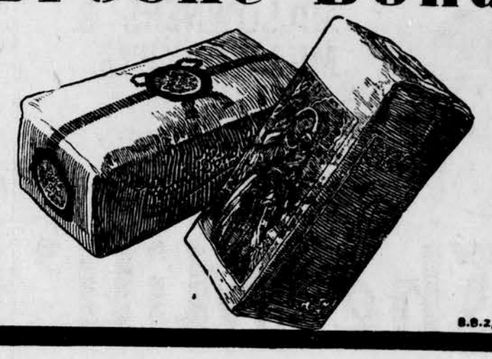

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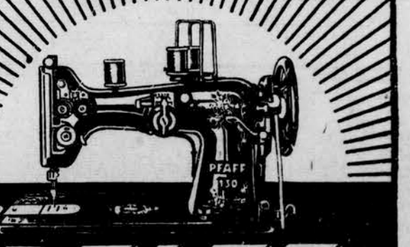
Amazing PERFORMANCE

That does sound exaggerated. Yes. But when 130 Universal Pfaff Model does the work of three different machines, sewing, embroidery (straight and zig-zag) buttoning—When it can use three needles at a time, as no other machine does—When ten years hence it works as smoothly as noiselessly as it does to-day—When its chromium-plated wheel is bright as new, after ten years—and last but not the least, when it brings you one year's free service guarantee, it is truly the most amazing machine of the day.



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SEWING MACHINES

FREE—Pfaff is the only standard machine sold under a year's free service guarantee.

Sole Agents: BELL & CO., LTD., Sir Pheroze Shah Mehta Rd., BOMBAY.

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GARGLE WITH LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC. IT DESTROYS THE GERMS BEFORE THEY DEVELOP. HELPS YOU KEEP WELL.
LISTERINE
LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

QUICK NEW STRENGTH FOR FEVER PATIENTS

During or after a fever attack your digestion is so weak that even the thought of food turns you sick.

Yet your exhausted body needs abundant nourishment to restore your nerve and muscle tissues which have been wasted away by the fever poisons.

In Horlicks doctors have found a food that can be easily digested, that stimulates your jaded appetite, and that pours quick new strength into your exhausted body. Convalescence is shortened, soon you're full of vitality.

Buy Horlicks today—available everywhere.

ARE YOU GREY?

VIVA LINE HAIR OIL restores grey hair to its natural lustrous colour from the roots permanently and gently like nature. VIVALINE HAIR OIL is the original product which works its way from the roots. Insist on buying VIVALINE. Avoid imitations. Rs. 3/- large bottle for advanced greyness. Re. 1/12/- small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post free. Agents:—MADHAV AGENCY, Girgaum, Bombay 4.

Bombay wholesale Depot. Kanchanlal Vadilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay. Stockists:—Kemp & Co. Ltd., (all branches) The Popular Pharmacy, Perry & Co., Grant Road; Beli Ram Bros., Princess St.; P. Hajkisondas & Co., Lamington Road; Haldinge & Co. Poona Stockists:- D. MACEDO & CO., Chemists, 251, Budhwar Peth.

Sole Distributors:—S.P. Co., P.O. Box No. 10066, Calcutta.

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MANGALDAS MARKET.

DEAFNESS

A few days application of our miraculous guaranteed herbal medicine cures Deafness, Head noises and other ear troubles radically and permanently. No matter Acute or Chronic, partial or total, whether it has been caused it is cured once for ever and the deaf person begins to hear quite clearly and perfectly. The hearing power will be restored to its normal state. Appreciated and used by all over World. Thousands cured without fail. No danger in use and no harmful after effect. Rs. 500/- Reward, if proved useless. Price Rs. 4/10/- only.

SRI SWAMI & CO., (B.C.),
PANCHPOTA, BENGAL.

Economics Of Store-Keeping

Role In Industrial Concern Explained To Engineering Students

"The Stores Department plays a very important part in the organisation of an industrial concern. Its chief function is to raise the general efficiency of factory production by supplying all its material needs as demand occurs and at the minimum cost. In fact, the stores is one of the main arteries of the factory, feeding it as it were with its life-blood, viz. material," declared Mr. Nanabhoy Jayaram in an address to the engineering apprentices, who have come to Bombay for practical training in the B. E. S. T. Organisation, at a meeting held on Wednesday evening in the Conference Hall of Electric House, Bombay.

Mr. Nanabhoy opened the talk with a description of the technique of purchasing which consisted in the ability to find the best markets for the purchase of materials so as to secure for the industry the greatest ultimate value. In this connection he observed that the lowest priced material was not the cheapest in the long run.

Methods Of Purchase

He then went on to describe the several methods of purchasing which ranged from the casual tender system to the modern indent system which enabled industrialists to purchase material from any part of the world.

Referring to the main divisions of a well organised purchasing system, he stressed the necessity for a receiving section, inspection section and invoice section. He also dwelt at length on the principles of storage, tidiness, location and protection of stores.

Concluding Mr. Nanabhoy emphasised the importance of a physical inventory in store-keeping and observed that just as a cashier's cash on hand should balance with that shown in his books, so also should the storekeeper's actual stock balance tally with that shown in his bin bin cards or the stock ledgers in the accounts section.

"INJUSTICE TO AWAKENED WOMENFOLK"

Move To Circumvent Government Ban

KARACHI, May 18.

"A grave injustice has been done to the awakened womenfolk of the Bhaibund community, who are out to purify the community from social evils, by applying the drastic provisions of Sections 15 and 16 of the Cr. P. C. which were specially enacted to meet anarchy in Bengal after the partition in 1908 and which were amended in 1932 with a view to meeting the special exigencies during the civil disobedience movement," said Om Radhe, President of the Om Mandli, when the Government ban was communicated to her by the "Associated Press."

Om Radhe said she did not know what were the implications of the Government order and what exactly Government would require them to do. However, she declared she would explore all avenues to find a remedy against the application of the order.

History of Movement

Founded as the socio-educational institution four years ago by the 58-year-old Dada Lekhraj, a rich Bhaibund jeweller, the "Om Mandli" suddenly came into the limelight in April 1938 when following a "wives'strike" the Bhaibund community rose up in arms against the institution, alleging that the doctrines and teachings were subversive of morals and good conduct of the Hindu society, leading to a disruption of family life.

The agitation gathered momentum and an influential committee of leading members of the community was formed to counteract Dada Lekhraj's "celibacy" movement.

After protracted legal proceedings and direct action in the form of picketing the "Mandli", Dada Lekhraj migrated to Karachi a year ago with over 200 followers, mostly girls. The agitation took a serious turn when allegations were made that young girl inmates of the "Mandli" were taught to believe that there was no difference between males and females and that Dada Lekhraj was an incarnation of Lord Krishna and the girl inmates "gopis".

Some of the admissions by Om Radhe, President of the "Mandli", at the Hyderabad court accentuated the Hindu feeling against the "Mandli" and led to the launching of "satyagraha" and the resignation of two Hindu Ministers. The ministerial crisis, was, however, averted by the appointment of a judicial tribunal.

Dr. Chandulal Desai (centre) snapped with the Supervisors of the Prohibition Department, Ahmedabad, to which he paid a visit.

Major R. G. E. W. Alban, British Consul in Kabul and his wife, snapped on their arrival in Bombay by mail boat on Thursday.

LABOUR CONDITION IN TEA GARDENS

Assam Govt. To Set Up Enquiry Committee

SHILLONG, May 18.

A Committee which will enquire into and report on the existing conditions of Labour in the tea plantations in Assam, it is learnt, shortly being constituted by Government.

Besides other things, the Committee will be required to enquire into and report on the health, efficiency and the standard of living of the workers, and on the relations between employers and employed, and to make necessary recommendations to the Government.

With regard to the situation arising out of the Labourers' continued strike on the Urrunabund Tea Estate in the Surma Valley and another Tea Estate at Lede in the Assam Valley the Government, it is understood have decided to appoint Boards of Conciliation which will enquire into the dispute and bring about an amicable settlement.

The above decision has been arrived at, it is learnt, following a discussion of the question at the last meeting of the Executive Committee of the Assam Congress Coalition Party in which immediate Government intervention to settle the dispute was strongly urged with a view to preventing the situation getting worse and the whole of the Labour population of these districts getting involved.—United Press.

TATA MAIL 'PLANE MAKES FORCED LANDING

The Tata mail plane which left Bombay for Karachi carrying air mails for London made a forced landing at Malia, between Ahmedabad and Karachi on Thursday afternoon. The plane did not carry any passengers.

According to telegraphic advices received in Bombay on Friday, Mr. K. R. Gazdar, the pilot and a wireless operator are safe.

The Tata Aviation Department state that the air mails have been forwarded by air from Malia and will be forwarded to England in the ordinary way. The mails will not, therefore, be delayed for more than 24 hours.

Air Mails To Europe Delayed Only By 24 Hours

The Aviation Department of Tata Sons, Limited, has issued the following statement:—

"The air mail which was delayed owing to a forced landing of the mail plane near Malia on the 18th of May has been forwarded by air to Karachi and will reach Karachi this afternoon, the 19th of May, and will be forwarded to Europe in the ordinary way.

The mails concerned, therefore, will not be delayed more than 24 hours."

SIND-BOMBAY RAILWAY MOVE TURNED DOWN

KARACHI, May 18.

The demand for a direct Sind-Bombay Railway stressed by the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association and the Buyers and Shippers' Chamber and figures of income and expenditure submitted by them in support of their above proposals, has been turned down by the Government of India.

It appears that the Karachi mercantile bodies have estimated 3 per cent on the capital outlay, which is considered insufficient. The Government want at least 4½ per cent in the sixth year of the working of the railway. Hence the proposal has been turned down.—United Press.

BUS COLLIDES WITH ENGINE

Tragic Motor Accident At Baroda

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, May 18.

A tragic motor accident occurred between Makarpura and Vishyamitri station railway crossing, in which the chauffeur and three passengers were killed. It is stated that railway line crossing gate was open and the motor bus collided with passing railway engine. The railway gate-keeper has been arrested.

HOW ENGLAND'S GOLD IS PROTECTED

(Continued from page 6)

and air force, even supposing the might of Britain was humbled, then just the touch of a switch would keep the conqueror from reaping any benefit from the vaults of the Bank of England.

Once the tide of water is given its head, it would require at least a year's concentrated work from expert engineers and hundreds of workmen, before they could retrieve the submerged gold.

Most of the power services to these vaults are completely independent. Above ground hostile bombing squadrons may have put the power station out of action. The Bank itself might be in shambles. The whole of Threadneedle Street reeling under a mass attack. But deep down there in the bowels of the earth the vaults would not only remain intact. They would remain well-lit. Independent plant provides them with current. Similarly the Bank has its own water supply.

Keyless Combination Lock

Incorporated in the metals, safes and strong rooms of the Bank's new valuts are all latest discoveries of the safe manufacturers. They have used here methods which the modern cracksman has not even heard about...

The modern, keyless combination lock is capable of 100,000,000 different settings, and maybe there are two of them set differently, so that only Einstein could calculate the odds anyone guessing the right ones. To try every possible setting would take half a life-time. Popular novelists tell you that the modern cracksman discovers a code by listening to the tumblers drop. Unless the setting is known, not even the safe-maker can open the up-to-date combination lock. If the combination is lost or forgotten, the only method left is to break open the safe. And even that, with Bank of England materials, would be more than difficult.

To-day strong-rooms and safes are made of metal guaranteed undrillable. It is proof against any cutting tool the expert cracksman has in his bag. Explosives too, are of little use, unless set in quantities large enough to endanger the cracksman's life as well.

The crane hinge device which makes the last closing movement of the door a straight thrust, hermetically seals safe and strong-rooms. There are no cracks where you can run liquid explosive.

Similarly to-day they have used extensively the double lock device. Both directors must insert their keys simultaneously to open strong-room doors. No one key will do it. There may be a thousand slightly, varying keys of one general type, but none of them fits two locks. Again, unless the key is a perfect fit, the lock will jam. Insert a false key into the detector lock and it jams, and stays jammed.

Bank's Own Militia

Even a mass attack upon the Bank's strong-rooms, supposing for a moment, they could ever penetrate beyond the mastery door, would probably fail for another reason. At the point of a gun they might attempt to extract the secret of this or that lock from some official. Then, in all probability, they would find themselves dealing with a time lock. Set overnight these locks cannot be opened untill a specified time. Usually the time lock is set for ten or eleven in the morning, when half of London is on the move.

Final safeguard against any intrusion is the Bank's own militia. They have a special detachment from the Guards. These gentlemen are very good to look at, but they don't like anyone taking liberties.

All these precautions, all this amazing system of vaults, protects something more than £200,000,000 worth of gold. It protects the symbol of our national security.

(COPYRIGHT)

In the House of Commons the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bill was read a third time on Thursday and sent to the House of Lords who will pass it through all stages next week.

SOME NEWS CAN'T WAIT!
– it needn't if you have a telephone
Some news is so important that it must be told immediately.
News that a son is born, for instance, exciting, joyous news....
Wouldn't you like to have your friends rush to the telephone to tell you things like this? They will—if you have a telephone yourself.
Why not get one put in? The cost works out at less than 8 annas per 24 hours. All local calls are free.
GET A TELEPHONE OF YOUR OWN
To THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LTD., Home St., BOMBAY
Please send me free of charge full particulars of the telephone service.
(Mr. Mrs. Miss)
No. B.C.25

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1920.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 11,25,00,000	Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,55,00,000
Paid-up Capital	„ 5,62,50,000	Reserve Liability of Shareholders	„ 5,62,50,000

Local Head Offices:

BOMBAY : CALCUTTA : MADRAS

BANKING FACILITIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE BUSINESS UNDERTAKEN.

Copies of Conditions of Business obtainable at any office of the Bank.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS OPENED AT INTEREST.

Deposits withdrawable on demand. Rules of Business can be obtained on application.

Income-Tax Returns prepared and Claims made on behalf of Constituents.

Awake and get up....Sing in the Shower, Tenorize in the tub or hum under the tap. Don't you think that is the way to begin a day?

Then begin using BOSFA TEA-ROSE Soap rightaway.

Its soothing suds invigorate the body—its pleasing fragrance keeps you fresh.

It is better and bigger far and away.

Tearose Cake weighs 12 Tolas.

Manufacturers:—
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY,
BOMBAY NO. 3.

BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 7th September, 1906

Head Office.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange Shaikh Memon Street, (Bombay), Bandra (Near Bombay), Colaba (Cusrow Baug), Andheri (17, Ghodbunder Road), Malabar Hill 3/4, Hughes Road, Kalbadevi Road (Corner of Picket Road), Bombay, Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad (Station Branch); Calcutta, Calcutta (Bara Bazar); Calcutta (Chowringhee Square) Poona, Poona City; Nagpur City, Jamshedpur, Nagpur (Kingsway); Rajkot, Surat.

LONDON AGENTS.

The Westminster Bank Ltd.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,10,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1/2 per cent per annum. Interests on balances in excess of 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in account for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS OPENED.

Rules may be obtained on application.

The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

CATARACT

"Eye-Cure". An infallible remedy for Cataract and all other eye diseases. No risk, No operation Guaranteed cent per cent success. Tested and World-Wide reputed Price Rs. 2/- per phial. 6 phials at a time Rs. 6/-. Postage etc. -/10/- extra.

KAMALA WORKS (B.C.).
PANCHPOTA, BENGAL.

N. Y. K. LINE

TRANS-PACIFIC SAILINGS 1939.

From Hongkong to San Francisco and Los Angeles via Shanghai, Japan and Honolulu.

Vessels.	Leaving Hongkong	Leaving Yokohama
Kamakura Maru*	24 May	1 June
Taiyo Maru	...	7 June
Asama Maru	11 June	19 June
Tatuta Maru	28 June	6 July
Haruna Maru	28 June	16 July
Katori Maru	12 July	31 July
Tatuta Maru	27 Aug.	4 Sept.
Kamakura Maru	13 Sept	21 Sept.
Asama Maru	5 Oct	12 Oct.
Kamakura Maru*	...	26 July
Taiyo Maru	4 Aug.	12 Aug.

*New Name for Chichibu Maru.

Economical through fares to America/Canada via Far East, attractive ROUND-THE-WORLD fares, and through fares to Europe via Suez or America, etc., are quoted on application to:

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
Phone No. 22041. Telegrams "YUSEN"

Sardar's Warning To European Businessmen

(Continued from page 1.)

cally the liberty of Indian trade and industries to organise and develop themselves and had placed upon them the heaviest handicaps which would prevent any future development. Just as the awakening through the Indian National Congress has resulted in this half-a-century to the leaving of the whole land with a healthy spirit of discontent and dissatisfaction against foreign rule and its anti-national policy, the awakening of trade, commerce and industries has resulted in a spirit of Swadeshi, a spirit of national industrialism permeating the land from one end to the other. The organisation of this Chamber was due to such an awakening. It formed but a link in the whole chain, and yet it was an important, perhaps, one of the most important links. It was the far-sightedness and patriotism of the late Sir Munmohandas Ramji that led to the establishment and organisation of this Chamber in 1907. He was ably assisted by the late Sir Dinshaw Wachha, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola and Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas. It filled a very useful place at once in the body politic and body economic and the commercial community found in it a leader to direct its policy, to fix up its objects and to formulate its ideals. Both the public and Government found a body representing Indian commercial opinion, whom they could consult and by whom they could be guided. The obsession of the British commercial policy being the guiding voice, was removed.

VIGILANT WATCHDOG!

The function of a Chamber of Commerce in every civilised land is to be a vigorous critic and an ever watchful and vigilant watchdog; and this function is being discharged by Chambers of Commerce in several advanced countries of the West which are in enjoyment of full and complete self-government. This function is being discharged by our Chamber, regardless of frowns or favours of those in power. This Chamber has remained true to its traditions and conventions and the ideals to which it has hitched its wagon. Our history of the last 32 years will show you how on every question we stood out boldly for a nationalistic policy and challenged the decisions and policies of the foreign Government, if we found them to be detrimental to the progress, peace and prosperity of the nation. We went even to the length of withdrawing our representatives from the legislatures when we found that in those days of tribulation we could not steer our course alone without throwing in our lot with the Indian National Congress, our biggest and most representative political institution. We have now got national Governments in Provinces and have promised them our support and co-operation.

One thing is quite clear and that is, we do not want back the Government which is gone—the Government which is gone unmourned and unwept. The Provincial Autonomy is in the hands now of popularly elected representatives and it would be an act of treachery and disloyalty to our country, if any one were to attempt to dislodge them and try to get back the bureaucratic government which preceded. The national Governments are, after all, human and may lay down and pursue policies which may retard the progress of Indian commerce and set back the course of indigenous industries. I deem it the duty of a Chamber of Commerce to criticise them on such occasions and even to give them warnings, if need be. Our Chamber has proved a strong, virile and independent critic of Government in old days; it continues as such at present and hopes to remain so in the future.

The power of free and independent criticism is the very life of a Chamber of Commerce and you will agree with me that if this is taken away it will lose all its potentialities for good. A Chamber of Commerce, however, if it is allowed to remain virile and independent, is the best help and the best friend that Government can have. There have been occasions when the opposition of Chambers of Commerce in the United Kingdom, for instance, has made Governments withdraw their measures, however much they had set their hearts on them and there is a historical instance of how the ex-Kaiser had to stay his hands for bringing about a world war in 1913, as the German Chambers of Commerce opposed that step.

NATIONALISTIC OUTLOOK

We are thoroughly nationalistic in our outlook. We want a vigorous industrialisation and a powerful trade and commerce. The present day annual average income of our people is extremely meagre and miserable and it has been shown how agriculturists for instance find that several crops do not repay even their labour. It is vitally essential if our country has to progress that these agriculturists should have their income increased and that all our ordinary artisans and traders also should have an added income. All this is possible if proper conditions are created for the development of trade and industries. At the same time, we want our independence to remain unfettered so that we may be useful both to the public and Government.

MEMORIALISTS THANKED

It was generally felt since a long time that a body of the commercial importance like the Chamber should have a building of its own. Unfortunately, however, this aspiration could not be realised till the Lalji Naranji Memorial Committee enabled us to have this building. Let me express here our sense of deep thankfulness to Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, President of the Lalji Naranji Memorial Committee, and members of that Committee for resolving on the Memorial taking this shape. It was quite fitting that the memorial should have taken this shape, for the late Sheth Lalji was one of the eminent President of the Chamber. A fervent patriot, a man of sound common sense, a thoroughly independent and outspoken critic, he did much in his time to help the Chamber. It is due to generosity of Sheth Chatrabhuj Gordhandas who began this memorial fund with a handsome donation of Rs. 50,000 that the memorial funds proved sufficient for giving such a magnificent memorial to the memory of Sheth Lalji. May I say that it is also fitting that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, one of our trusted and honoured leaders, should open the building to-day, as he has throughout been a friend of the commercial community? Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is the right hand of Mahatma Gandhi and has dedicated his life since two decades to the service of his country. The responsible work with which he is entrusted as Chairman of the Parliamentary Board brings him into close touch with the Provincial administrations and the far-sightedness which he has shown during the last two years in this capacity has won our admiration.

TRIBUTE TO BHULABHAI

We have also got another function to-day and that is unveiling the bust of the late Sheth Lalji Naranji, and Sjt Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Opposition in the Central Assembly, who has kept up the traditions of the late Pandit Motilal Nehru in his leadership and who has always proved a friend, philosopher and guide of our Chamber, has kindly consented to perform the function. I I shall be failing in my duty, if I do not take this opportunity of publicly acknowledging the great and eminent services rendered by Sjt. Bhulabhai in the passing of the commercial legislation through the Legislature in the last three years. The commercial legislation comprises the Indian Companies' Act, the Indian Insurance Act and the Indian Income-tax Act. All these three Acts vitally affect the commercial and industrial community and they are a landmark in the commercial and industrial progress of the country. Those who worked with him at Delhi and Simla alone can say what arduous labour he devoted to the passing of these measures in all their stages, and in modifying them to suit the requirements of the country.

I must here express our gratitude to Sheth Gordhandas P. Sonawala, who gave a liberal donation of Rs. 30,000 for a General Meeting and Library Hall, which bears the name of his firm: Narrondass Manordass Hall. The portrait of Sheth Gordhandas has been placed in that Hall. The portrait of Sheth Chatrabhuj Gordhandas is placed in the Reception Room. I may say that these portraits are the work of the Vanguard Studio, who have also taken photographs of the Memorial Building and of the Committee of the Chamber. It is also my duty to express here our sense of appreciation of the services of Messrs. Master, Sathe and Bhuta, our Architects, who prepared the original plans of the building and helped us considerably with regard to the scheme, and Mr. Gonalji Bhuta, particularly, who has taken great pains to supervise the execution of the works and thus helped us in securing a decent and beautiful structure. I must also express our sense of appreciation of the work done by Messrs. Shapurji Pallonji and Co., our Contractors. They have put at our disposal their resources and have completed the work of the building within a reasonable time. I must also express my appreciation of the services of Messrs. Eastern Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd., for the installation of the Lift: Messrs. Excelsior Electric Co. for the Electric installation work: and Messrs. Kirshnaji Chinoo and Co. for their plumbing work. The bust of Sheth Lalji Naranji has been made by the well-known artist, Mr. Brahmesh V. Wagh.

I now request the Sardar to declare the Building open, and Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai to unveil the bust of Sheth Lalji.

After the welcome speech Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, the Mayor of Bombay, announced that messages of goodwill had been received from the various commercial organisations all over India and from the leaders of the country including Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhiji in the course of his message said: "May new habitation of Indian Merchants' Chamber prove a blessing to all in India. Have pleasant recollections of Seth Lalji Naranji".

Sardar Patel's Speech

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the course of his speech thanked the Committee of the Chamber for honouring him, who was not a member of the Chamber, by asking him to declare the building open. He stated that he accepted the honour in the capacity of an humble soldier of the greatest political organisation in the country, the Indian National Congress. Ever since its inception the Indian Merchants' Chamber had co-operated with the Congress and in fact the objective of both the organisations was practically identical.

Sardar Patel then traced the gradual pauperization of the country from the advent of the British rule in India. Before the British came here India was a land of great wealth which attracted foreigners to her shores. She had a flourishing textile industry and carried on trade with far off lands. But since the East India Company began to trade with India, Indians had developed an inferiority complex and the wealth of India had gradually been drained away and she was left a mere skeleton. After the happenings of 1857 to assuage Indian public opinion Queen Victoria issued her proclamation and took over the rule of the country. This only meant that worse things were in store for this land.

TRIBUTE TO MANMOHANDAS

As the wealth of India gradually passed to the foreigners and Indians became "Pardeshis" in their own country, the leaders of India organised the Indian National Congress to fight her battles. About the same time other great patriots founded the Indian Merchants' Chamber. Among them he made special mention of the late Sir Manmohandas Ramji, the founder and first president of the Chamber. His example was one worthy of emulation. By then the European Chamber of commerce had already been entrenched in power in Bombay and in the face of insuperable difficulties, the late Sir Manmohandas succeeded in banding together a few Indian merchants to safeguard the interests of Indian Commerce.

At that time Government paid no heed to the demands of Indian commercial interests nor had the position changed much at present. Mr. Setalvad had said that the Chamber wanted to be free to exercise its rights to criticise even Congress Governments. The Congress did not want this freedom to be curtailed because to do so would be in the interest neither of the Trade, Congress nor of the country. But he urged the Indian merchants to follow the example set by the British businessmen in their attitude towards the Central Government. In the Central Assembly there were eleven Europeans representing various commercial bodies while they asserted their freedom to express their views, they always supported the actions of the Central Government and their voice always prevailed in the councils of the Central Government. He hoped that similarly the voice of the Indian commercial community would prevail in the same manner in the councils of the popular Provincial Governments as did the interests of Lancashire in that of the Central Government if the Indian commercial community realised this the Congress Governments were inspired with the desire to do good to the people of India.

In this connection he pointed out how the Indo-British Trade Agreement had been thrust on India although it had been thrown out by the Assembly. This showed that the foreign Government was being run exclusively in the interests of foreign trade. But India had now become awake and would no more allow herself to be imposed upon. The Congress was pledged to safeguard Indian Commerce and Industry. The British had attempted to effect a two-fold conquest of India, a cultural conquest and a commercial conquest. They had partly failed in the former but had completely succeeded in the latter. He hoped that the day was not far off when India would come into her own and her trade would be restored to her former glory. He assured the European businessmen that the Congress did not want to deprive them of their legitimate dues. But he warned them that India was awake and her trade and industry must be carried on in her interests. If the European businessmen did anything to harm the interests of Indian trade and industries they would have no place in this country. He and other Congress worker had been denounced as Dalals or agents of Indian capitalists. They did not resent this criticism because their object in supporting the Indian Merchants and businessmen was to prevent the drain of Indian wealth from the country and to see that India's raw materials were utilised to build up India's own industries in such a manner as to ensure justice and fair play to workers. But he wished to emphasize that the real India was not in industrial cities like India, but in the villages. The real India was not represented by the few rich businessmen but by the millions of agriculturists and the unemployed who had hardly one meal a day. The prosperity of India, therefore, could only be secured when the villages of India became happy and prosperous.

In conclusion he wished the Chamber a glorious career in the service of Indian commerce.

LALJI'S BUST UNVEILED.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in the course of a speech in unveiling the bust of the late Mr. Lalji Naranji referred to his contacts with the late Mr. Lalji Naranji, whom he had known from early youth. He paid a handsome compliment to his enterprise. He was twice President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and had represented the Chamber in the Port Trust and the Bombay Legislature In all these capacities he had rendered yeoman's service to the cause of Indian Commerce.

Mr. Desai also referred to the certification of the Indo-British Trade Agreement by the Governor-General though it had been thrice rejected by the Assembly. He had told both Sir James Grigg and Sir Mohamed Zafrulla Khan that whatever they might do they were mistaken if they thought India was the same as she was fifty years ago or even five years ago.

Sir James had twitted him with being a gramophone record of the voice of the Indian Chambers of Commerce. Mr. Desai had replied that there were two sides to his record. One side was an echo of the voice of the Indian Chambers and the other was an echo of the genuine interests of the whole of the country. However that may be, it certainly was not an echo of Lancashire interests. He regarded the agreement as a challenge to India's patriotism and urged for a stringent boycott of British goods. The British Government could help Lancashire to bring her goods to India but it could not compel Indians to buy them. Would Indian merchants who imported British cloth betray the interest of the country by continuing to do so?

After the speeches the guests went around the Chamber building and expressed their appreciation of its equipments.

STOP PRESS

FIRST DERBY PRIZE GOES TO A VILLAGER

A BLIND MAN FROM THE VILLAGE BECOMES THE LUCKY WINNER

(From A Correspondent.)

Yesterday was the day of excitement for all those who had purchased Derby Sweepstake tickets! ....Every soul feverishly awaited the result. Lot of speculation was witnessed in the interested circles about the winner!....Everybody cherished the smile of Dame Fate!

But, now that the result is out, it is reported that a blind villager in some remote village in India has been the luckiest Derby Sweepstake holders, who has won the first prize fetching him fabulous sum of Rupees Four lakhs!

Interviewed by one of the press representative, the winner whose name, it is reported goes as Blind Mohan—now Mr. Mohan, said that he would go to Bombay and intends to chalk out his further programme over there. For more interesting information please turn over the page No. 11.

(ADVT.)

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Prohibition Makes Headway In U. P. Districts

First Anniversary Celebrated: Tendency To Increase Illicit Distillation Put Down

The Director of Public Information, U. P. has issued the following press note:—

Prohibition has now made a definite headway in the Mainpuri district. The most remarkable feature, however, during the month under report was the celebration of the first anniversary of Prohibition at the annual District Exhibition on March 15, 1939. The celebrations were presided over by the Collector and were attended by the elite of the city as well as thousands of villagers. Speeches testifying to the success of the prohibition campaign in the district were delivered by several speakers and a drama prepared in the form of a dialogue by the Collector himself was staged and highly appreciated.

The Holi celebrations also this year were marked with sobriety and real gaiety and no one in the town was seen loitering in the streets drunk or intoxicated. In the Exhibition itself, two sugar-cane juice Total Abstinence Booths were constructed with suitable slogans on them in which fresh sugar-cane juice was distributed to as many as 20,000 persons.

Detection and Prevention

Forty-four cases were sent up for trial as against 38 in the previous month and the 23 cases decided in March ended in conviction. A slight tendency towards increase in illicit distillation or illegal possession of liquor was promptly put down. Smuggling of Charas or opium is not suspected on any appreciable scale and denatured spirit is also not being misused for drinking. The present position of permit holders is as follows:

Opium 168; Weekly ration 13-1½ Ch.; Charas 24; Weekly ration 2 Ch. 1 tola.

Eight occasional permits for Bhang have also been issued on medical recommendation.

In Etah District

The patwaris of the tahsils of Etah and Aliganj organised 33 and 24 meetings respectively in their circles and the Rural Development organisers held 71 meetings in different villages in which the evil effects of intoxicants were explained to the villagers. The Excise Inspector held 9 meetings in different notorious villages and the Arya Samaj Temperance Society of Etah continued its good work by holding 24 meetings at various important places.

At the Etah Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition from Mar. 22 to 30, there was a section devoted to prohibition, where an impressive display was made of posters, cartoons, etc., dealing with intoxicants.

The section was visited by over 20,000 persons and the Excise Inspector addressed several meetings while the Manager of the King's Talkies kindly arranged for shows of the "Buddhoo Sharabi" slides in his cinema.

Propaganda work was taken up through the Chairman of the Etah Municipal Board, through Dr. Davies, in charge of the A. P. Mission Hospital, Kasganj and through Mrs. Ogden at Kasganj. Mrs. Raj Bahadur, Honorary Magistrate, also kindly undertook some propaganda in the town and suburbs.

Permits

Opium—Only one permit was granted during the month: 129 permits of addicts for about 36 tolas and 4 periodic permits for about 16 tolas were in force during the month.

Charas—No new permit was granted in this month: only 22 permits for about 13 tolas in all as weekly ration were in force at the end of the month.

Foreign liquor—Only 3 permits were granted during the month, bringing the total to 56.

Detection

The following cases were detected during the month:—

Possession of opium 2; Illicit distillation 2; Drunkenness 3; Possession of liquor 6; Possession of charas 3. Total 16.

Recruitment To Excise Service

The following 9 candidates for recruitment to the United Provinces Subordinate Excise Service have been nominated by the Governor for training as Excise Inspectors:—

Mr. C. F. Chatree; Mr. Bharat Narain (Tenant Class); Mr. Hari Kant Sharma; Mr. Muhammad Abdullah Hasan; Mr. Saiyid Hasan Mujtaba; Mr. A. M. Q. Qizilbash; Mr. Saiyid Muhammad Mazahir Rizvi; Mr. Iftikar Haider Rizvi; Mr. Saiyid Viqar Ahmad.

Tip To Prohibition Department To Leave No Loop-Hole

Ferreting out every shady nook and corner in order to analyse the forces that will be matched against Prohibition when it is launched in the City, ever since the Dry Days' experiment which has been full of object-lessons to the investigation, a "Chronicle" representative who has vigilantly scrutinised the success of the scheme has discovered that, despite all the bars and other liquor shops remaining closed, alcoholic beverages, foreign and indigenous are plentifully available in certain parts of the city.

Easter fell on a "Dry Day" and most addicts had really to manage without the habitual quencher; but, those who know Bombay a little more than the average citizen and have a fair acquaintance with the darker spots of the city, can always get their supply of grog on a "Dry Day." The wiseacres therefore spent a perfectly wet Easter. They had their drinks all right.

The entire Red Light colony and every house of ill-fame in any part of the city are known to stock liquors in large quantities. In these dens a "hot drink" can be obtained at all hours when every licensed grog shop is closed.

Whisky, Cognac and beer are obtainable in these places as easily as in any bar, hotel or restaurant. Only, the prices differ. A bottle of beer which costs a Rupee ordinarily is sold here at 50 to cent per cent profit, the rates fluctuating according to the demand.

On "Dry Days" the prices soar up and a bottle of beer costs as much as Rs. 2 and more.

When Birthday Was on Dry Day

It so happened that a social entertainer, whose birthday fell on a "Dry Day" had forgotten to make due provisions ere it was too late.

It was suggested to him by a friend that, if he explored the Red Light dens he could buy whatever kind of liquors he required.

A person familiar with these localities was dispatched on the errand and within a couple of hours the man furtively returned with a taxi-load of foreign liquors. This is just one solitary instance.

Several such things happen on "Dry Days" and unless and until the Prohibition Department is fully prepared to combat this illicit source of the liquor trade, the enforcement of total Prohibition will fail to attain the desired results.

It should be ensured after a thorough census of the city's Red Light dens has been taken, that alcoholic drinks have no place there.

Statistics show that there are hundreds of such houses in Bombay and there is not one of them **which doec not cater "hot drinks."**

RACE PURGE IN U. S. A.?

Plan To Deport Negroes Finds No Response

(From Our Special Correspondent)
WASHINGTON May 17.

Wide opposition has arisen to a plan proposed by a Southern Senator whereby the 15,000,000 American negroes would be "voluntarily" deported to Africa.

Senator T. G. Bilbo, of Mississippi failed miserably in his attempt to get Negro leaders to endorse the plan and lead delegations to Washington to support it. The Negro press has ridiculed the idea and indicated that beneath the Senator's outward pose of "humanitarianism" lies the false theory of "race superiority" and "race antagonism." Official circles scoff at the likelihood that the proposal would be seriously considered.

It is recalled that a "back-to-Africa" movement begun by a Marcus Garvey, a native of West Indies, who organized the Universal Negro Improvement Association, met with insignificant response. Garvey himself was ultimately deported.

PATNA, May 18.—It is officially announced that the Bihar Government's camp office opens at Ranchi on June 1.—United Press.

NO LEVY OF GRAZING FEES

Govt. Note Removes Baseless Misapprehensions

The Public Relation Officer, Bombay, writes:—

Government has under consideration the revision of rules for grazing in the forest districts of the Province. A draft of such rules has already been published by the Chief Conservator of Forests in the "Bombay Government Gazette" for the information of the public. This has created a misunderstanding in some sections of the public that Government proposes to revive the levy of grazing fees. This interpretation of Government's intention in framing the draft rules is entirely wrong and unjustified as will be seen from the reasons given in this press note showing the necessity of framing grazing regulations.

The rules 'inter alia' provide for the issue of free permits only to cattle which are deemed essential for cultivation and domestic needs of the agriculturists. The Chief Conservator of Forests has also been requested to make reasonable provision for milch cattle, young stock etc., grazing grounds of sufficient size will be allotted for these cattle.

FEES AND PERMITS

The rules also provide for restriction of grazing of cattle belonging to wandering graziers and other cattle which are considered non-essential to surplus areas called public ranches. Fees are proposed to be charged for permits per head of such cattle as under:—

Buffaloes, cows, oxen, horses, donkeys, mules, As. 8; sheep if allowed As. 4; goats if allowed. As. 4.

The justification for this distinction is the interests of the villagers themselves. These restrictions and imposition of fees are expected to result in preventing over-grazing of pastures, provision of adequate grading area for the essential cattle, which should have the first claim and ensuring that the villagers are not deprived of their essential requirements in this respect. There is no apparent reason why cattle of professional graziers and non-essential cattle on the one hand and essential cattle on the other should be treated on the same footing to the detriment of the latter.

UNDER PANCHAYAT CONTROL?

The distinction and restrictions in this respect are therefore conceived in the best interests of the villagers themselves. Besides, Government will shortly consider the whole question of handing over the management of grazing areas to Panchayats or Committees of villagers and in that case the funds collected by the levy of fees from non-essential cattle are likely to be managed by such Panchayats and Committees for the maintenance and improvement of the grazing areas and facilities. Government does not propose to utilise these fees as a part of general revenues. There is thus no intention on the part of Government to revive the old system of grazing fees which has been abolished.

The draft rules may be considered by the public in the light of this explanation and any suggestion or objections in respect thereof should be forwarded to the Chief Conservator of Forests who has been directed to extend the date for receiving the same till 31st July 1939.

Lahore Sweepers Threaten Strike

LAHORE, May 18.

Over ten thousand sweepers, including women, employed by the Lahore Municipality made a demonstration in front of the Town Hall this afternoon. They met outside Mochi Gate and marched in procession to the Town Hall after parading the different streets and bazars. The police made a cordon and stopped the demonstrators about fifty yards off the Town Hall. Thereupon, they sat down with red and Congress flags and began to shout "Kisan" slogans.

The City Magistrate was present and a posse of armed police was also posted at the spot.

It will be recalled that the sweepers gave an ultimatum to the Administrator of the Municipality to the effect that, if their demands regarding increase of wages, sick leave and exemption from the tax proposed to be imposed on them were not accepted, they would stage a demonstration on May 18.

Subsequently, deputation of seven Harijan leaders including Mr. Prithisingh Azad waited upon the Administrator and had over one hour's discussions with him regards the demands, but to no purpose.

The demonstrators eventually marched to Mori Gate and held a mass meeting, where it was announced that they would resort to strike if their demands were not favourably considered within **a specific period.—United Press.**

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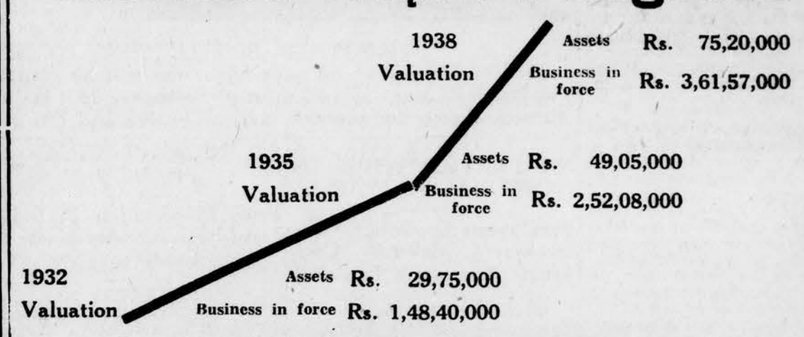

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PROVIDENT FUND AND PASS RULES

Federation To Take Strong Stand At Railway Board's Meeting

SIMLA, May 18.

Before their formal meeting with the Railway Board to-morrow, the delegates of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, it is understood, will have an informal sitting this evening to consider what attitude should be adopted as regards the items of the agenda.

It is learnt that the Federation will take a strong stand in regard to the Pass rules and extension of the Provident Fund membership to the inferior staff so far as it relates to the State-managed railways. If the recommendations of the Federation fail, the Federation, it is understood, will urge the setting up of a conciliatory board to enquire into the justifications of the Federation's demands on behalf of the low-paid staff.

So far 15 delegates have arrived here, including Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the Federation, Mr. R. A. Khedgikar (G.I.P Railway Workers' Union), Mr. M. V. Sarma (Nizam's State Railway Employees' Union), Mr. R. N. Bagchee (E. B. Railway Association), Mr. Das Gupta (Bengal-Assam Rail-road Workers' Union), Mr. A. N. Mallik (E. I. R. Employees' Association), Mr. N. A. V. Raman, B. B. C. I. Railway Employees' Union) and representatives of other railway unions.—United Press.

RANCHI.—The Labour Inquiry Committee appointed by the Government of Bihar with Dr. Rajendra Prasad as Chairman, will begin recording evidence of officials and non-officials at Ranchi from May 21. It will continue till May 29.

No Reduction In Season Ticket Fares

B. B. C. I. Incurring 'Considerable Loss In Local Section'

The following subjects, among others, were discussed at the 123rd meeting of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Local Advisory Committee held on April 27:

The figures of earning from April 1938 to the end of January 1939 showed a decrease in gross earnings of Rs. 3.55 lakhs and an increase in working expenses of Rs. 7.19 lakhs, with a resulting decrease in net earnings of Rs. 10.74 lakhs as compared with the corresponding period of the last financial year.

A statement showing the changes effected from time to time in season ticket fares was placed on the table. As an illustration of the cheapness of existing fares, taking the third class monthly Season Ticket fare from Church Gate to Virar (38 miles), viz. Rs. 8-8-0, and assuming that a passenger made a double trip daily, the charge worked out at less than 3/4 pie per mile over the Bombay Local and Suburban Section; as against the ordinary charge of 3½ pies per mile.

Referring to the reduction made in the first class season ticket fares in 1933, it was pointed out that this was done in order to retain at least existing traffic and prevent a possible diversion to the second class.

In reply to a question as to why a reduction could not be made in the second and third class season ticket fares similar to that in first class fares made in 1933—particularly the third class fares, seeing that the bulk of the earnings were derived from third class passengers, it was explained that contrary to the general belief, the Railway was actually incurring a considerable loss on the Local Section. Looking at the question, therefore, from a commercial point of view, there would appear to be a case for an enhancement rather than a reduction of fares.

Statements showing the results of a census of third class passengers taken during the month of March, 1939 were placed before the Committee. The position as revealed by the figures was satisfactory, there being only one instance of overcrowding of a carriage out of the 56 Broad gauge and four Narrow gauge trains that were checked, but even in this case, the overcrowding was due to a party wanting to travel together in the same carriage.

Harassment by Taxi Drivers

It was represented that frequent complaints were received of the inconvenience suffered by up-country passengers arriving at Bombay Central, particularly those who were ignorant of the law on the subject, owing to taxi drivers in the station compound either refusing outright to take them for short distances, or evading them, if they did not agree to the exhorbitant demands made, on the excuse that the taxi had already been engaged. It was, therefore, suggested that necessary instructions in the matter might be issued to the Railway police staff on duty at the station.

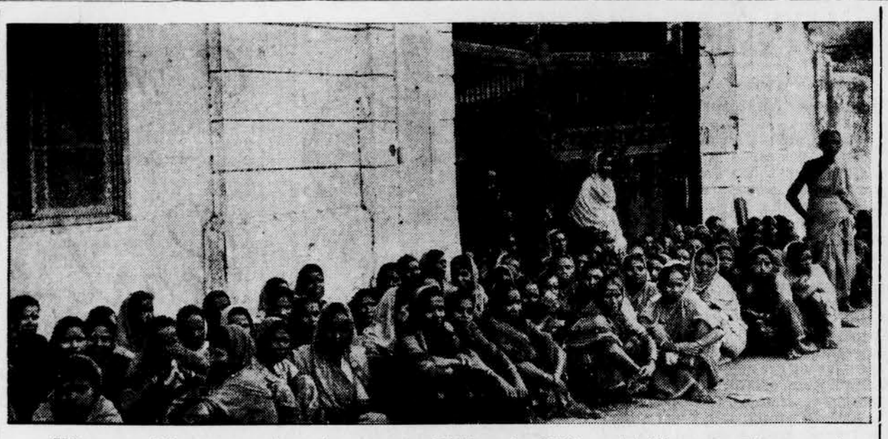
The Committee was informed that there was another side to the question, and that was that passengers were in the habit of bargaining with taxi drivers for something below the scheduled rates and this very often led to disputes. The matter is, however, being looked into.

COMMERCIAL MUSEUM FOR MADRAS?

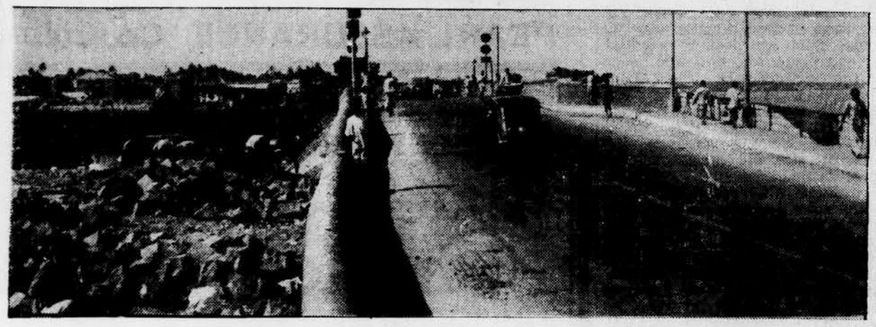
MADRAS, May 18.

The establishment of a Commercial Museum at Madras with which the District Commercial Museum would be linked, the expansion of the Leather Working Classes in the Leather Trade Institute, the construction of new quarters for the labourers in the Government Cinchona plantations at a cost of Rs. 1,24,600, the replacement of District Police Prosecuting staff by a separate cadre of Prosecuting Officers recruited from young men with legal qualifications are some of the schemes sanctioned by the Government of Madras during month of April, 1939 says a Government communique.

The communique further states that Government have sanctioned the conduct of experiments to evolve suitable appliances for making sand paper on a cottage industry basis. Orders have been issued that articles used on public works especially those used on roads should wherever possible be of Indian manufacture.—United Press.



Women pickets seated at the gates of Phoenix Mill on Friday morning.



ANOTHER BOTTLE-NECK TO DISAPPEAR

Bombay Motorists and pedestrians too will be glad to know that the bottle-neck at Bandra Causeway will shortly disappear as it is being considerably widened. Picture shows the present narrow bridge and the new road under construction.

NO PARTICIPATION IN IMPERIALIST WAR

Resolutions Of Dohad Conference: Cricketer Condemns Repression In Jobat

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, May 16.

The second days sessions of the Central India States' Peoples' Conference met again in an atmosphere full of enthusiasm under the presidentship of Acharya Narendra Deo. Mr. Ramlal Munshi member of A.I.C.C. from Gujerat inaugurated to-day's sessions.

Mr. Ramlal Munshi laid stress on the development of the struggles of the people of the States in a peaceful manner and work in co-operation with the Indian National Congress.

The first resolution condemning the hooliganism employed at Bhavnagar in Sardar Vallabhbhai's procession and condoling the death of volunteers was moved by Mr. Kamlashanker Pandya, secretary of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Party and seconded by Mr. Harilal Shah.

A resolution asking the people of the states not to participate in a war in which British Imperialism was involved and not send men, money and munitions and utilise such a crisis for achievement for democratic independent state was moved by Mr. Kanaiyalal Vaidya and seconded by Mr. Ramanlal Sheth. A resolution condemning the repression in Jobat State was moved by Mr. Shahubuddin, well-known All India Cricketer and passed. Another resolution asking for independent tribunal for the investigation of the case of the Bohras of Jhalar Pattan who are charged with murder and who are alleged to have been beaten while in police custody was passed. Mr. Hafizuddin Koeresi and others supported it.

A resolution declared that the Conference was the only accredited body in C.I. States and asked the States Prajamandals to affiliate themselves with the Chief body was passed.

A resolution endorsing the National Demand resolution passed at Tripuri exhorting the people to prepare for the coming struggle for the capture of political from British Government was also passed. It was also demanded by a resolution of the rulers to reduce revenue, rent, abolish forced labour and illegal exactions.

Kolaba District School Board

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 18.

The Kolaba District School Board has resolved to remove the office of the Board to Pen before the 1st of August and has asked for sanction to spend Rs. 500 in that connection for the District Local Board.

The Board has decided to start 20 more primary schools in villages consisting 700 souls. All villages having a population of 1,000 and above have now their own schools.

INDIA'S 'LINGUA FRANCA'

Prof. Manoranjan Prasad's Address At Aboriginals Conference

DUMKA (U.P.), May 18.

Resentment at the "Unnatural formation of a language called 'Hindusthani' which is not only difficult but unnatural" was expressed through a resolution at the second session of the Santal Parganas Hindi Sahitya Sammelan held here under the presidentship of Prof. Manoranjan Prasad, of the Benares Hindu University.

The President in his address recalled the resolution passed in the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan at Simla and said that the linguafranca of India might be a mixture of Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit and English which could be easily understood by the people. But he insisted that literary Hindi must retain its form as derived from Sanskrit and Prakrita.

The Conference adopted resolutions favouring the introduction of Hindi as the medium of instruction among the aboriginals and requesting the Government to take steps to organise libraries which were the essentials for the cultural development of the people.—United Press.

Case Against Kolaba I.L.P. Leader

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 18.

The case against Mr. S. G. Tipnis, Independent Labour Party leader of Kolaba District under Section 153A. I. P. C. came up for hearing at Matheran yesterday, before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Mr. Harty. The charge sheet against Mr. Tipnis was filed, the bail of Rs. 800 renewed and the next date fixed for May 27 at Alibag.

Objection is taken to a speech which Mr. Tipnis delivered at a meeting of Mangaon Taluka peasants at Kalyan on February 1, 1939 in which he is reported to have incited the peasants and tenants against Khots and landholders and used highly provocative language. The charge therefore has been framed that he attempted to promote hatred between different classes of His Majesty's subjects.

Kolaba Congress Leaders' Meeting In Bombay

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 18.

A meeting of the Kolaba District Congress Committee executive, the Local Board Election Sub-Committee and the elected members of the District Local Board, belonging to the Congress Party has been called at the house of Mr. R. B. Raut in Phanaswadi, Bombay on Sunday afternoon to consider the question of Party nominations for the Presidentship and Vice-Presidentship of the District Board.

The question of holding the District Political Conference either at Roha or Bombay during the coming few weeks will also be considered.

SUGAR MARKET STEADY

Bombay, May 17.

JAVA SUGAR

Since our last review, local market for ready Java Sugar continued to remain very steady with prices fluctuating within narrow limits in spite of sharp decline in forward positions. This was mainly due to the stocks being in hands of strong holders and continued good demand from consuming centres while arrivals were very limited. As regards forward positions, there were very heavy fluctuations in all positions according to day to day fluctuations on the London Terminal market and the reports from London regarding the meetings of the Executive Committee of the International Sugar Council. According to the latest telegrams from London dated 13th instant, no information is available regarding the extent of release proposed but there is reason to believe that increase will be in the neighbourhood of ten per cent. This has naturally created uncertainty as London Terminal market has since declined about 5 3/4d in in August and 1 1/2d in December/March deliveries. Owing to uncertainty over the quota and the decline in London, there was a sharp decline in local market and on the whole, there was a decline of about 9 annas in May, 7 annas in June/August while September quotation was almost unchanged. The loss in near positions and upto August was comparatively heavy as the premiums for these months were very high as compared with shipments from September onwards. During the week, some direct business was placed in the market by the local Import Houses mainly for May and September shipments. Locally there was large turnover between dealers and outsiders. At the close, owing to further decline in London Terminal market and heavy pressure of sales local market was dull with downward tendency.

INDIAN SUGAR

There were small stocks and price of Indian sugar moved according to prices quoted for Java sugar. There were heavy fluctuations in Indan sugars following the rise and fall in Java sugar. There was no interest in forward as the prices ruling in supplying centres were very high as compared with local prices.

On the New York Terminal market, there was a sharp decline of 11 points in July and 4 and 3 1/2 points in September, December while on the London Terminal, there was a decline of 5 3/4d in August and 1 1/2 and 1 3/4d in December, March deliveries respectively. The heavy loss in July in New York and 5 3/4d in London Terminal may be attributed to the rumours about the release of 10 per cent by the International Sugar Council as recommenced by the Executive Committee which met in London during last week. Java market was reported very quiet following the quotations received from London and the uncertainty over the decision by the International Sugar Council. "Nivas" limit was reported to be unchanged but second hands were sellers at 30 to 40 cents below the "Nivas" limit. The position as regards the future course of the market was reported to be uncertain.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was a good deal of interest in Java sugar as stocks of Indian Sugar were very low with hardly any possibility of fresh arrivals as prices ruling in supplying centres were very high. Looking to the position of the supply of Indian sugar for the current season, it is but natural that dealers and consumers are interested in Java or other imported sugar until the arrival of the new crop of Indian sugar in November or December.

GENERAL.

Local market for ready Java sugar is for the present likely to remain steady with a possibility of further advance in present level of prices as the stocks are reduced to low level and arrivals are limited during next few days. As regards future course of the market, situation is very uncertain at the moment and will continue to be so until something definite is known about the decision of the Sugar Council.

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Stir 3 tablespoonfuls of Quaker Oats into 3 tea cups of freshly boiling water. Boil 10 to 15 minutes and then add one cup of milk and sugar to taste. Boil for additional 5 to 10 minutes to obtain thickness desired. Add a few almonds or sliced nuts. This will make about 2 glasses of Quaker Oats drink.
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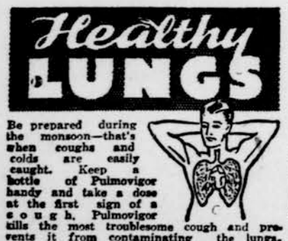

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Impressive Improvement In Gilt-Edged Market

FIRMER TENDENCY ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Gold And Silver Steady

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEW

From Our Special Correspondent.

BOMBAY, May 19.

During the week under review, as a result of further easiness in the European political situation, there was impressive improvement in the local Gilt-Edged market and the tone was cheerful.

Industrial shares also looked up with about a rise of Rs. 100/- in Tata Steel Dfd. shares. Cotton Textile shares also found better enquiry and prices firmed up.

The money market was easy with day-to-day call loans available at 1½ per cent. The statement of the Reserve Bank shows increase in Bankers' Deposits Exchanges were steady with minor fluctuations while the Bullion Market displayed good undertone.

MONEY

The money market witnessed easier conditions during the week under report and day-to-day funds, which were quoted at 2 per cent. last week, were available at 1½ per cent.

The statement of the Reserve Bank of India compiled upto 12th May 1939 reveals an increase of Rs. 115.24 lacs in Bankers' Deposits, while Government Deposits and other Deposits are down by Rs. 62.13 lacs and Rs. 13.98 lacs respectively. Government borrowings under 'Ways and Means' amount Rs. 24 lacs, bringing the total outstanding under this head to Rs. 84 lacs, while the item of 'Balances held abroad' shows a small decline of Rs. 12.95 lacs. Total note circulation has decreased by Rs. 28.45 lacs, but the Banks' holding of Rupee Coin has declined by Rs. 28.16 lacs. The ratio of gold plus sterling assets to liabilities is fractionally up to 50.291 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India made up to 12th May 1939 shows a rise of Rs. 9.02 lacs in Fixed Deposits, while the Bank's Advances have decreased by Rs. 149.92 lacs. The Cash Balances of the Bank have increased by Rs. 157.46 lacs, while the Investment Portfolio remains practically unchanged.

TREASURY BILLS

There were large tenders for three months' Treasury Bills, the total amount offered being Rs. 5.58 crores, whereof Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 1-15-2 per cent. per annum as compared to Rs. 2-1-10 per cent. obtained in the preceding week. Treasury Bills to the tune of Rs. 1.84 crores were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India during the week. Fixed deposits were quoted at 1½ per cent. for three or six months.

GILT-EDGED

Cheerful tone which was in evidence in the gilt-edged section during last week was maintained during the week under report and quotations continued to be marked up in the absence of any discouraging political news from Europe. 3½ per cent. India Sterling Stock improved steadily from £81 to £82-1/4 at the close, while 3½ per cent. Rupee Paper gained well over one rupee from Rs. 94-11 to Rs. 96-3. Among redeemable scrips, medium dated securities were in better demand, but long dated ones also moved up sympathetically. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan improved from Rs. 97 to Rs. 97-8, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds from Rs. 101-11 to Rs. 101-15 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan from Rs. 98-4 to Rs. 98.8. 3½ per cent. 1947-50 loan gained well over a rupee to Rs. 103, whilst 4 per cent. 1943 bonds were marked up from Rs. 106-12 to Rs. 106-14, 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan changed hands at Rs. 109-10, whilst business in 4½ per cent. 1955-60 loan was done at Rs. 114-4. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan was in demand at Rs. 113-2. 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan closed at Rs. 103-14 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan at Rs. 96-7.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady at the opening, sellers of spot T.T. quoting 1s. 5-29/32d. and buyers 1s. 5-15/16d., but after mid-week, the market turned quieter and sellers quoted no better than 1s. 5-7/8d. with buyers at 1s. 5-29/32d. Some business in connection with export of gold was reported, while showing of merchandise export bills was small.

Among the foreign exchange in London, sterling was inclined to be offered against the dollar at the opening and the sterling dollar cross-rate declined from 468.23 cents to 468.01 cents, but the closing quotation was better at 468.03 cents. The premium on three months' forward dollars remained practically unchanged around 1.35 cents. The sterling/franc rate moved within a very narrow range, the highest and lowest rates being 176.76 and 176.71 respectively. The discount on three months' forward francs was unchanged at 0.34 throughout the week. The guilder and the belga were subjected to some selling and the guilder cheapened from Fls. 8.72 5/8 to Fls. 8.84 3/4 to the pound, while the sterling/belga rate moved up from 27.51 to 27.84 3/4. The Italian lira fluctuated between 89.02 and 88.97, while the Shanghai dollar and the yen remained pegged around 9d. and 1s. 2d.

GOLD

Owing to lower rupee/sterling exchange, gold ruled steady during the week and the spot price improved from Rs. 37-0-6 to Rs. 37-1-6. Gold for delivery during June was quoted at three pies over spot, while July settlement gold stood at a premium of nine pies over the spot rate. According to market reports, the Reserve Bank of India made no purchases during the week, but a fair amount of export business was reported. In London, the price of gold stood at 148s. 5½d. throughout except at the close when it improved slightly to 148s. 6d., while the premium on gold over the dollar arbitrage parity was nil. Sovereigns in the local market were quoted at Rs. 23-10-6 per coin for spot and forward deliveries. Floating stocks of gold are estimated at about 30,000 tolas, arrivals from upcountry at 8,000 tolas a day and the daily offtake at 1,500 tolas. A small consignment of gold valued at Rs. 296 went forward to London last week per s.s. "Viceroy of India," whilst gold to the tune of Rs. 7,44,292 was shipped per s.s. "Hoogh Silverstar" to San Francisco. Gold bullion and coin worth Rs. 198,071 were imported during the week. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week were: Rs. 37-1-6 and Rs. 37-0-3 for spot, Rs. 37-2 and Rs. 37-0-9 for June settlement and Rs. 37-2-6 and Rs. 37-1-3 for July settlement.

SILVER.

Spot silver, opening around Rs. 52-15-6, improved to Rs. 53-2-6 mid-week, but later declined and closed at Rs. 52-15. June settlement silver was quoted at one anna under spot, while the backwardation on July settlement silver was 2 annas 6 pies. In London, the price of the metal initially improved from 20 1/16d. to 20 1/8d., but closed lower again at 20 1/16d., while the discount on two months' forward delivery was 3/16d. throughout. Local stocks are estimated at about 1,800 bars, while the offtake continues fair at 100 bars a day. Imports during the week amounted to 693 bars of silver bullion and coins worth Rs. 32,842. Yesterday's arrivals are valued at £78,500, while silver worth £214,200 is 'en route' to Bombay. The highest lowest rates recorded during the week were: Rs. 53-2-6 and Rs. 52-14 for spot, Rs. 53-0-6 and Rs. 52-12 for June settlement and Rs. 52-14-6 and Rs. 52-9-0 for June settlement.

HESSIANS.

The price of Hessians for forward delivery steadily declined from Rs. 9-12-6 to Rs. 9-6-9 at the close, while the jute section ruled irregular with prices generally on the downtrend. Business during the week continued at a very low ebb.

INDUSTRIAL SHARES

The local share market reacted favourably to the better tone prevailing on the London stock exchange as a result of further easiness in the European political situation. Gilt-edged provided the necessary fillip prices in which section advanced sharply both in London and in Bombay.

RISE IN STEEL

In the steel section, Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds gained over 100 points to Rs. 1370, but closed somewhat quiter at Rs. 1332-8 on realising; Ordinaries likewise advanced steadily from Rs. 869 to Rs. 289-8, but reacted and closed at Rs. 282. The cotton mill section witnessed a revival of activity and prices in this group recorded considerable gains; Bombay Dyeings, after declining to Rs. 735 mid-week, recovered and closed at Rs. 757-8; Centuries dropped at Rs. 209-8; Central Indias rose sharply from Rs. 199 to Rs. 213 at the end, whilst Colaba Lands improved from Rs. 107 to Rs. 110, Kohinoors from Rs. 215 to Rs. 221-8 and New Greats from Rs. 177-8 to Rs. 186 at the finish.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC GROUP

The Hydro-Electric group of shares was firm during the week; Andhra Valleys forged ahead from Rs. 1390 to Rs. 1420 and Tata Powers from Rs. 1237-8 to Rs. 1268-12; Bombay Trams ruled fairly steady around Rs. 126-4 xd and Tata Hydros around Rs. 152. Bank and Raiway shares also improved sympathetically; Bank of Indias gained further two points at Rs. 141-8; Central Banks improved to Rs. 32-10, whilst Imperial Bank Fully Paids gained wellnigh 15 points to Rs. 1530 and Partly Paids closed better at Rs. 368-2. Ahmedabad Railways were done at Rs. 1005, whilst Tapti Valleys changed hands at Rs. 765-0.

QUIET FEELING

In the miscellaneous bloc, Associated Cements and Belapurs were a shade quiter, the former declining from Rs. 124 to Rs. 121-12 and the latter from 185-0 to Rs. 181 at the finish. Bombay Burmas after improving from Rs. 465-8 to Rs. 467, declined and closed at Rs. 460, whilst Scindia Steams were well maintained around Rs. 17-7. New Indias gained over four points from Rs. 36 to Rs. 40-4.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 19

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations from their Agents in London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices.
Assam Bengal Railway Ord Stock	£71 10 0
Atlas Elect and Genl Trust Ordinary	£0 2 10
Bank of London and S. America	4 8 0
British South Africa Co Ord	1 3 3
B. B. and C. I. Railway Ord Stock	104 0 0
Borneo Ltd 7 1/2 per cent pref	0 12 6
Cables and Wireless (Holding) Ord Stk	46 10 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	1 8 0
Lansil Ltd Ord	0 14 0
Crosse and Blackwell New Ord	0 0 7
Foreign Railway Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	8 5 0
Genl and Coml Invest Trust Defd Stk	70 0 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	5 5 0
Hyderabad Deccan Co Ord	1 2 6
J. Lyons and Co 'A' Ord	5 4 6
C. and E. Morton 7 per cent Pref	0 4 6
United Serdang Rub Plantn Ordinary	0 2 9
Salt (Saltaires) Ord	0 3 3
United Premier Oil and Cake Ordinary	0 7 3

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 12th May.

1. Demand Liabilities—	
(a) In India	122,96,55,000
(b) In Burma	6,50,57,000
2. Time Liabilities—	
(a) In India	103,80,75,000
(b) In Burma	4,29,57,000
3. Cash—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes—	
(a) In India	4,60,16,000
(b) In Burma	54,000
(ii) Burma Notes—	
(a) In India	35,000
(b) In Burma	24,93,000
(iii) Rupee Coin—	
(a) In India	72,33,000
(b) In Burma	93,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin—	
(a) In India	33,50,000
(b) In Burma	59,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	12,62,52,000
5. Advances—	
(a) In India	119,25,02,000
(b) In Burma	4,57,74,000
6. Bills discounted—	
(a) In India	7,93,18,000
(b) In Burma	35,19,000

LONDON SEEDS.

London, May 18.

Linseed La Plata May/June sellers	11/10/0
Linseed Calcutta May/June sellers	12/18/9
Linseed Bombay May/June sellers	13/7/6
Rapeseed Toria May/June sellers	12/7/6
Castorseed Bombay May/June sellers	11/12/6

TWO WORKMEN REMOVED TO HOSPITAL

Petrol Tank Explosion In Wagon Shed

LAHORE, May 19.

In a communique issued to the Press, the General Manager, North Western Railway states that at 1-45 p.m. to-day a petrol tank exploded in the wagon building shop.

The explosion caused the death of two painters, Din Mahomed and Shax Das. Both workmen have been removed to hospital. Cause of the explosion is not known but an enquiry into the cause has been immediately commenced by the officers concerned. —A.P.

PINK ENGLAND

Continued from Page 6)

he would not like to be responsible for a pact with Britain whereby Britain stands to gain everything and lose nothing. His policy has always been and he has always said so in his many brilliant utterances in the League of Nations which has died a natural death, that he would always stand for collective responsibility and for resciprocal promises, and would oppose pacts which were merely made for the furtherance of one particular group of nations.

So it was that when England was pressing for sanctions against Italy, Litvinoff rightly said that if sanctions were necessary against an Italian aggression in Abyssinia, they were equally neccessary against a Japanese aggression in China. But British statesmen of the true blue type could not think like that. Sir John Simon made amid great applause the comment: "Let us be content to face the facts of the immediate problem that is before us."

The result is that to-day, when after all these long years Britain has at last thought it necessary to invoke the aid of Russia, the Soviets refuse to be trapped by a one-sided agreement. How can they guarantee to go to the help of France and Britain, if Britain and France don't also promise to help Russia against a Fasciest attack? As Stalin said at the eighteenth Congress of the Communist Party last March, "Russia will not draw out Nazi fangs to prop up British Imperialism." And you cannot blame him. England has either to face the peril of a growing Germany, which might one-day be the undoing of the British Empire or it has to forego its blue principles and go wholeheartedly into an alliance with Russia. There is no beating about the bush and bungling and bungling through. If the word of Hitler is no longer to be trusted, the promises of Britain are becoming equally unreliable. Benesh found that out too late and so did the ex-Emperor of Abyssinia. It was the British promises that were the undoing of both of them and their countries. And Russia has seen that happen. It will not now enter into an alliance with England and France and be left holding the baby and facing the brunt of the attack in case of an invasion of Rumania and Poland by Germany. Russia has no desire to enter into a pact with a pink England.

CONGRESS LEADERS FOR RATNAGIRI

RATNAGIRI, May 17.

Mr. Keshaorao Jedhe, M.L.A. (Central) and Mr. Deshpande, Secretary, Maharashtra Provincial C. C. visited Ratnagiri in connection with the organization of the Congress Party in the District Local Board.

The new Congress members elected to the Local Board assembled in the Congress Office, where Mr. Jedhe exhorted them to observe strict discipline and to preserve the dignity of the Congress.

Mr. S. P. Patwardhan also addressed the members and advised them to merge their individualities into the Party and work for the common good of the district without design or ambition. Mr. Deshpande then read out to the members the message sent by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, President of M. P. C. C. Then Mr. Jedhe read out to them the pledge which they recited after him. The pledge was also signed by the members.

At a public meeting held in the Swatantrya Lakshmi Chowk on Sunday night. Messrs. Jedhe and Deshpande spoke on the message of the Congress. Mr. Jedhe deprecated the 'malicious' propaganda carried on by a section of the Marathi press against Congress and Mahatma Gandhi.

MONTHLY EARNINGS OF B. E. S. T. CO.

The B. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd. gross receipts for April 1939.

*Electric Supply for April 1939 Rs. 6,72,806; up to the end of April 1939 Rs. 31,46,759.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for April 1939 Rs. 6,91,752; up to the end of April 1939 Rs. 27,38,749.

Decrease over same period last year up to the end of April 1939 Rs. 82,590.

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON ONE POINT DOWN

Indian Sterling Loan Looks Up

FIRM TONE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 19.

NEW YORK COTTON

The cotton was active and prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables together with trade and foreign buying but higher levels caused increased liquidation and profit-taking. July receded a few points.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

End of account considerations curtailed activity yet prices showed some gains.

Indian loans met with support.

Gilts were latter undecided.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1939

New York, May 19

Previous closing	8.79
To-day's opening	8.84
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	8.78
Difference	—01

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1939

Liverpool, May 19

Previous closing	4.78
To-day's opening	4.81
Difference	+03
To-day's closing	4.90
Difference	+12

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939 ..... Rs. 172-0
July August 1939 ..... Rs. 170-8
April May 1940 ..... Rs. 157-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 19

The New York cotton continued to display good deal of activity for nears although distants moved narrowly meanwhile traders are watching developments in Washington which hamper operations to considerable extent.

The trading in July began at 8.84 i.e. five points higher than the last close. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying but higher levels brought out increased liquidation and profit taking with July receding to 7.78.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, May 19

Locally, Broach July/August opened to-night at Rs. 169-4 and thereafter advanced and closed finally at Rs. 170-12.

New A/M opened at Rs. 157-2 but improved and closed at Rs. 157-12.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 19

The following are opening ranges:—
July (8.69/8.69) 8.65/8.84
October (7.86/7.86) 7.95/7.93
December (7.66/7.66) 7.75/7.75

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 19

The following are opening quotations:
American May (5.06) 5.14
American July (4.81) 4.87
Egyptian May (6.33) 6.42
Egyptian July (6.43) 6.52

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, May 19

TEAs

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/4) 1-4 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 1/2) 1-6 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop May June (£27 5/16 sellers) £27 9/16 paid and value
Dunlop May (£32 1/2) £32 1/2
Lighting May (£31 1/4) £31 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/16 value) 8 buyers
Forward July Septsmber (8 1/8 buyers) 8 1/8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay May/June (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 5/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata May (£12 15/16 sellers) £13 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata May (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 1/2 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal June (£11 15/16 sellers) £11 15/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£225 1/2 buyers £225 3/4 sellers. Steady) £226 buyers £226 1/4 sellers. Steady
Lead (£14 5/16 buyers £14 3/b sellers. Steady) £14 5/16 buyers £14 3/8 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£47 3/8 to £47 5/8) £47 to £47 3/4
Iron (102) 102

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 19

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with May (old) at 55 3/8d. The market was dull and uninteresting although prices showed steadiness on issuance of eleven tenders.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 19

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.79 1/8. Prices improved on scattered local buying influenced by slightly unfavourable weather news [illegible]

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 19

Previous closing	4.68 1/8
To-day's opening	4.68 1/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 19

Previous closing	4.68.13
To-day's opening	4.68.12
To-day's closing	4.68.13

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, May 19

Previous closing	176.73
To-day's opening	176.73
To-day's closing	176.73

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 19

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.68.12 and remained steady with small variations.

Franc opened at 176.73 and continued steady with no further changes.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32 sellers) 1-5 29/52 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.173) 13.173
New York on Bombay (34.94) 34.91
Berlin on Milan (87 1/4) 87 1/4
London on Milan (89.02) 89.02
London on Shanghai (0-8 7/32 nominal) 0-8 7/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (Nil) Nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-6) £7-8-6
Silver (20 1/16d) 20 1/8d

DISCOUNTS

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent
4 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, May 19

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Some Indian demand. Small offerings. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, May 19

Spot	(20 1/16d) 20 1/8d+1/16
Forward	(19 7/8d) 19 15/16d+1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, May 19

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-5) £7-8-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotation

SILVER

Bombay, May 19

Silver ready	52 14 6
Silver Jeth	52 14 0
Silver Ashad	52 12 6

GOLD

Gold ready	37 1 0
Gold Jeth	37 1 6
Gold Ashad	37 2 0
Sovereign	23 11 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 19

Wheat May	3 7 9
Wheat September	3 9 0
Linseed May	5 7 9
Linseed September	5 10 3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 19

The following are the opening rates:
General Motors (dol 42) dol 41 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 23) dol 22 5/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 45) dol 43 5/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 100 3/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, May 19

The Liverpool wheat market closed with May at 55 3/8d.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, May 19

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday, May 10, £81 1/4
Thursday, May 11, £81
Friday, May 12, £81
Monday, May 15 £81 1/2
Tuesday, May 16, £81 1/2
Wednesday, May 17, £81 3/4
Thursday, May 18, £83.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 19

3-30 p.m.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 3/4) £95 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£82 1/2) £83 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£104 3/4) £105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£106 3/4) £107 1/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-58 (£101 3/4) £102 1/4
5 per cent 1942-47 (£104 1/4) £104 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£97 1/4) £97 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£104 1/4) £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£67 3/4) £67 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£94) £94 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104) £104
5 per cent Funding Loan (£106) £106
5 1/2 per cent War Loan (£93 1/2) £93 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£106 1/4) £106 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 19

London Stock Exchange showed restricted activity.

Giltedged securities attracted some buying. Three and half per cent was quoted at £83 1/2 i.e. ten shillings higher than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (17-6) 17-6
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (62-6) 63-0
Hydro Electric (dol 4) dol 4
Elec Music Industry (11-1 1/2) 11-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson (23-9) 23-9
Imperial Chemical (30-4 1/2) 30-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (63-6) 63-6
San Paulo 4 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£20 1/2) £20 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (28-3) 28-3
Unilever Ordinary (35-7 1/2) 35-7 1/2
Ford Motors (17-4 1/2) 17-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£48 3/8) £48 3/8
British American Tobacco Ordinary (99-4 1/2) 99-4 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (131-3) 130-7 1/2
P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (91-0) 91-9
British Dyers (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
British Celanese (4-6) 4-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (32-3) 32-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-0) 25-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (19-6) 19-6
*Inter Nickel (dol 50 1/8) dol 49 7/8
Indian Irons (38-1 1/2) 37-6

TEA SHARES

Assam (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Donaro Tea (30-7 1/2) 30-0
Empire of India (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£11) £10 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-0) 26-0
Gula Kelampong (18-9) 18-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-0) 27-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (30-7 1/2) 30-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (8-6) 8-6
Rio Tintos (£12 3/8) £12 3/8
East Rand Proprietor (50-7 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£15 1/2) £15 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (71-10 1/2) 71-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (82-1 1/2) 82-6
Sub Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-9
Union Corporation (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (80-0) 79-4 1/2
Burma Oil (81-3) 80-0
Mexican Eagle (9-4 1/4) 9-0
Royal Dutch (£34 1/8) £34 1/8
Shell Transport (83-1 1/2) 82-6

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£32) £32 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£2 5/8) £2 5/8
London Southern Def (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£116 1/2) £117 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£71) £71 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 19

On the Stock Exchange, end of account consideration restricted trading but the market maintained a firm front with price changes only small. Home Rails attracted attention while among oils, Attocks improved after the declaration of 7 1/2 per cent dividend on old ordinary. Elsewhere, conditions were generally quietly steady. Among commodities, cotton advanced especially Old Crop on reports of acute scarcity of available contracts. Jute was very firm in response to Calcutta advices, indicating bear covering.

Wall Street opened firmer.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Steady And Unchanged

CALCUTTA, May 19

Jutes ruled steady unchanged and volume of business was moderate. Coals' trading was very much restricted but the undertone continued steady. Teas were practically neglected. In miscellaneous, speculative issues kept steady. Burn and Co. ordy recorded sharp rise over their last quotations. Government Government securities continued firm.

The closing rates are:

Securities: Three and half per cent G P 96/10; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 103/8; four per cent loan 1960/70 109/12 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 113/2 small odd lot.

Banks: Imperial F P 1530; Reserve 109

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan pref 102; Howrah Amta 109.

Coals: Bokaro and Ramgur 14/7; Churulia 1/8; East Indian 21; Equitable 31/4; Jainty Central 1/12; Standard 22/4; Union 26/12; West Jamuria 27/8.

Jutes: Bally 193; Howrah 53/14; Kamarhatty 490; Naihati 307; small lot; Reliance pref 155;

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/9; Consolidated Tin 6/2; Indian Copper 1/12 c div; Rhodesia Copper 1/3; Bengal Telephone ord 17/8; Jubbulpore Elec 12/8; Burn and Co. ord 271/8; Hukumchand Steel defd 1/9; Indian Galvanizing 20/4 odd lot; Indian Iron and Steel 25/2; Kumardhubi Eng ord 3/10; Marshalls 1/10; Saran Eng 4/10; Steel Corpn ord 12/8; Ditto pref 96; B I Corpn ord 2/10; Ditto pref 141; Britannia Biscuits 7; Indian National Airways ord 6/12 odd lot; ditto defd 1/4; odd lot; Indian Wood Products 23/4; British Burma Petroleum 3/3; Titaghur Paper 'A' ordy 11/14; ditto second pref 104/8; Midnapore Zemindary 95 ct, Borooah Timber 10/4; Buland Sugar 12; Sonai River Tea 13/4.—A. P.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, May 19.

GOVT. SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper	96/10/6
4 per cent 1960-70	109/14
5 per cent 1945-55	113/2

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	111/8
Bank of Hindusthan	27/8
Bank of India	141/8
Central Bank	32/10
Imperial Bank F.P.	1530
Imperial Bank P.P.	368/2
Indian Overseas Bank	46/8
Reserve Bank	112
Union Bank	6/2

TEXTILES

Ahmd. New Textiles	360
Ambica	252/8
Arun	217/8
Arvind	1080
Asok	192/8
Bharatkhand	2025
Bombay Dyeing	756/4
Buckingham and Carnatics	173
Calico	571/4
Central India	212/8
Century	209/6
Colaba	110
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	480
Elgin	102/8
Gokak	128/12
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	46/4
Jubilee	205
Khatau Makanji	82/8
Kohinoor	221/4
Laxmi Cotton	450
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	78/2
Morarji	106
Mysore	82/8
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	185/10
Raipur	575
Rajnagar	175
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	69
Sholapur	2800
Simplex	68/12
Swadeshi	195/10
Vishnu	1040

HYDRO ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley Ord.	1420
Tata Hydro Ord	151/4
Tata Power Ord.	1267/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	140/10
Ajmer Electrics	11/4
Amalgamated	11/4
Bombay Suburban	141/4
Bombay Tram.	126/4
Lahore Electrics	445
Surat Electrics	146/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	340
Associated Cements	121/12
Belapur	181/4
Bombay Burma New	160
Bombay Burma Old	460
Bombay Steam	217/8
Bombay Telephone	81/8
Br. B. Petrol	3/5/6
Burma Corporation	5/9
Dalmia Cement	10/11
Indian Bleaching	92/8
Industrial Investment Tr.	40/12
Indian Radio Ord.	307/8
Indian Radio Defd.	301/4
Indian Copper	1/12
Indian Iron	25/3
Mysore Sugar	30/2
Port Canning	69/4
Premier Construction	71/8
Rohtas Industries	22/8
Scindia Steam	17/6
Shivrajpur	37
Tata Oil	40
Tata Steel Ordy.	282/8
Tata Steel Defd.	336/4
Bengal Steel Ord.	12/10

JUTES.

Birla Jute	16
Howrah	53/14
Hukumchand	5/10
Kamarhatty	490
Kankanarran	385
Lawrence	350
Reliance	59

CHAMBERLAIN'S DILATORY TACTICS EXPOSED

(Continued from Page 12)

be a gain for Peace if an understanding could be reached between Britain, France and Russia and the sooner the more complete and the more far-reaching that arrangement was the better. He believed that this would be advantageous to Britain, Russia and Europe and would be the maintenance of peace.

Examining the question from the point of view of Anglo-Russian relations, Mr. Eden said that he was never able to see any reason why on any part of the earth's surface, the relations of the British Empire and Russia should come into conflict. If there was any country that had plenty to do at home that was Russia. What was the object of this policy which the Government were following? It was not to win a war but to avert a war. Surely it should follow that the stronger the organisation created, the greater its power as a deterrent. So there was every advantage to European Peace in making the arrangements as rapid, complete and thorough as possible.—Reuter.

BUTLER'S REPLY

Replying to the debate, Mr. R. A. Butler said that he heard it suggested that if there was aggression in the Mediterranean, Turkey would not move a ship or man unless there was an agreement with Russia. That was a misreading of the declaration to which Turkey had put her name.

Mr. Butler declared that British recognition of the annexation of Bohemia and Moravia was not under consideration. Britain had told Russia that the British Government considered their policy better suited to the circumstances of the moment, and that the British Plan though less comprehensive than the Russian, was better designed to give effective support where it was most needed.

Meanwhile a careful and sympathetic consideration of the Soviet's views was being given and negotiations were continuing.—Reuter.

FRENCH POLITICAL CIRCLES OPTIMISTIC

PARIS, May 19.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech has increased the hope in political circles that a Soviet-British agreement will be reached.

Despite depressing messages at different times from London and Moscow, the feeling here throughout has been that the two views can be reconciled and France will play an important part in this reconciliation.—Reuter.

"DIFFERENCE STILL EXISTS"

LONDON, May 19.

M. Maisky called at the Foreign Office this morning and saw Sir Robert Vansittart.

It is understood that he informed him of the terms of a communication received from the Soviet replying to his account of contacts with Sir Robert Vansittart on Wednesday.

An account of the conversation was in the hands of Mr. Chamberlain before he spoke in the House of Commons. No further instructions have been sent to Sir William Seeds in the past day or two.

Reuter understands that difference still exists between Britain and the Soviet, as regards the methods to resist aggression, but it is confidently believed that these will be overcome.—Reuter.

GERMAN REACTION TO COMMONS DEBATE

BERLIN, May 19.

"An agreement between Britain and Russia which Mr. Chamberlain anticipated for the near future would, in the German view, only make Moscow more cocksure of herself, just as Britain's guarantee to Poland made Warsaw more presumptuous", declared a political commentator with regard to the debate in the Commons.

A further strengthening of the guarantees to Poland, Rumania and Greece, according to political circles, would merely increase European uncertainty.

Regarding Mr. Chamberlain's reference to Colonies, the commentator declared that Germany's colonial claim was not a matter of concessions, but of right based on President Wilson's Fourteen Points.

"We demand nothing more than our colonies; we have never done anything in violation of the Fourteen Points".—Reuter.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, May 19

F F Campbell ss Pres Van Buren of 6195 reg tons, Captain J E Murphy arrived from Boston via American, Japan and China Ports, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N ss Gogra of 3126 reg tons, Captain J D Exdie arrived from Rangoon via Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports with general cargo.

P and O S N ss Narkunda of 9429 reg tons, Captain W D C Smith arrived from Brisbane via Australian Ports and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

T Morrison ss Bahadur of 3397 reg tons, Captain H H Gibson sailed for Rangoon in water ballast.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalajyoti of 2697 reg tons, Captain J. G. Connor sailed for Calcutta in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 19-5-39.

S S Carso (L T) for Europe and American Ports.

S S City of Baghdad (F F C) for Marmagoa, Colombo, Madras, Calcutta, and American Ports.

S S Aagtekerk (L E) for Australian Ports via Alleppey.

S S Hoegh Transporter (Vol Bros) for American Ports via Colombo, Penang and Singapore.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, May 19

1 West Point 3319 Shanghai 21-5 M M
2 City of Melbourne 4125 Liverpool 21-5 K Nixon
3 President Van Buren 6505 New York 20-5 F F Campbell
6 City of Benares 6712 Karachi 21-5 K Nixon
13 Takliwa 3742 Durban 24-5 M M
16 Clan Ranald 3379 Marmagoa 20-5 J Finlay
17 British Judge 4011 Abadan 27-5 A I Oil

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Jalamani 2346 Rangoon 20-5 Scindia S N
3 Barpeta 1892 Persian Gulf 24-5 M M
7 Jalavijaya 2297 N F 20-5 Scindia S N

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Alavi 2161 Red Sea Ports 23-5 T M
D/E Hashemi 298 Malabar Coast 20-5 S Hassum.
H Revati 250 N F N F Malabar Steamship
H O/S Shrivati 250 N F N F Malabar S
L Vita 1955 N F 25-5 M M
M Kalarand 859 Bedi Bunder 20-5 B S N
P/O Bamora 1870 N F N F M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 1-6-39 P and O S N
Chitral 8-6-39 P and O S N
Mooltan 15-6-39 P and O S N
Soudan 19-5-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 25-5-39 P and O S N

FROM HULL

City of Leicester 21-5-39 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Elysia 24-5-39 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Aagetekerk 21-5-39 L Edwards
Watchtfels 26-5-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Hayes 15-6-39 F F Campbell
City of Baghdad 20-5-39 F F Campbell
Hoegh Transporter 21-5-39 Volkart Bros
Pres. Harrison 1-6-39 F F Campbell

FROM OSLO

Simla 2-6-39 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 22-5-39 L Triestino
Volpi 22-5-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 12-6-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Nissan Maru 6-6-39 O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru 21-5-39 N Y Kaisha
Brisbane Maru 17-6-39 O S Kaisha
Zinzan Maru 14-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Victoria 7-6-39 L Triestino
Tango Maru 30-5-39 N Y Kaisha
Carthage 26-5-39 P and O S N
Ryufuku Maru 24-5-39 O S Kaisha
Lahore 19-5-39 P and O S N
Conte Rosso 25-5-39 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Varela 20-5-39 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalatarang 21-5-39 Scindia S N
Garmula 23-5-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Comorin 2-6-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 27-5-39 M M
Tairea 10-6-39 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Garbeta 20-5-39 M M
Orna 26-5-39 M M
Goalconda 25-5-39 M M

FROM MAGADISCIO

Carso 23-5-39 L Triestino

FROM KARACHI

Toyama Maru 29-5-39 N Y Kaisha

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Comorin 3-6-39 P and O S N
Rajputana 10-6-39 P and O S N
Cathay 17-6-39 P and O S N
Narkunda 20-5-39 P and O S N
Carthage 27-5-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Benares 5-6-39 K Nixon
City of Melbourne 21-5-39 K Nixon
Britannia 16-6-39 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Harrison 3-6-39 F F Campbell
Hoegh Tranporter 23-5-39 Volkart Bros
Pres Hayes 17-6-39 F F Campbell
City of Baghdad 22-5-39 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 25-5-39 L Triestino
Carso 22-5-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Giulio Cesare 2-6-39 L Triestino
Victoria 7-6-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Ryufuku Maru 10-6-39 O S K Kaisya
Lahore 6-6-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 25-5-39 P and O S N
West Point 21-5-39 M M
Tango Maru 15-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Volpi 23-5-39 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 12-6-39 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 3-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Soudan 23-5-39 P and O S N
Glasgow Maru 31-5-39 O S Kaisha
Conte Verde 22-5-39 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 1-6-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 24-5-39 M M
Vita 25-5-39 MM
Barala 31-5-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 24-5-39 M M
Karanja 7-6-39 M M

FOR ABADAN

British Judge 21-5-39 Anglo I Oil

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 23-5-39 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Toyama Maru 23-5-39 N Y Kaisha
City of Benares 21-5-39 K Nixon

B P T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Jalamani 18-5-39
S S Kalarand 18-5-39
S S Bhadravati 18-5-39

EXPORTS

S S Carso for Fiume: 110 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 165 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

For Marseilles: 400 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd.

For Trieste: 165 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

For Mestre: 275 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

For Hungary: 55 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros.

For Piracus: 4492 bags linseed Ralli Bros; 679 bags castor seed Ralli Bros.

For Patros: 821 bags linseed Ralli Bros.

For Ebusis: 1173 bags linseed Ralli Bros.

S S West Point for Shanghai: 159 bs raw cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Narkunda for London: 216 bales lamb skin with fur Grindlay; 10 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley; 35 bags almonds R Behram; 10 cases cardamoms A R Gupta.

For Malta: 12 bales ctn cold pos goods P K Ashar.

S S City of Beneras for Liverpool: 82 bales wool raw C Lister; 150 bales wool raw Vasanji; 40 bales wool raw Vijaysingh.

S S City of Baghdad for New York: 28 bags sesame seed Cox and Kings; 63 cases assafoetida M J and M H Lari.

For Halifax: 520 bags gr nut kernals M Bhuta

For Montreal: 2000 bags gr nut kernals S M Rajgor; 100 bags lentils S M Rajgor; 355 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Baltimore: 80 bags sesame seed Cox and Kings.

For St. John: 1000 bags gr nut kernals M Bhuta

S S Toyama Maru for Yokohama: 110 tons old iron scrap M G Abdulhoosein.

S S Maloja for Dunedin: 12 bags turmeric R Meheralli.

IMPORTS

S S Bamora Agents M Mackenzie and Co from K'shahr: 90 bdls reeds.

From Koweit: 323 bags barley.

From Bushire: 500 bags almonds; 184 bags roots; 233 bales goat and sheep skin.

From Lingha: 52 bags raisins; 411 bags dry fish.

From Muscat: 117 bxs wet dates; 341 bags dry dates; 56 bundles salted fish; 565 bags sardines.

From Karachi: 154 bundles d/s fish; 396 rolls asphalt roofing; 93 drums c grade asphalt.

From P Bunder: 22000 bags cement; 587 bales cotton.

From Verawal: 806 bales cotton.

S S Varsova Agents M Mackenzie and Co from Basrah: 3807 bkts zahdi dates; 160 bags mash; 53 bags sheep skins; 52 bags dry dates.

From Karachi: 826 bags wheat; 130 bags rawa; 259 pkgs dry fruits; 100 bags steel washers; 200 bags barley; 90 bags wheat flour.

S S Chakdina Agents M Mackenzie and Co from K'shahr: 50 bdls attari.

From Bushire: 144 bdls sheep skins; 47 bdls goat skins.

From B'Abbas: 294 bags raisins.

From Muscat: 670 bags dry dates; 268 bags sardines.

From Karachi: 10000 bags cement; 120 drums asphalt; 150 rolls roofing asphalt.

S S Badarpur Agents Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Dist Co Ltd from Rangoon: 309724 tons kerosene oil in bulk; 1599 drums aviation spirit; 117393 i gal's diesel oil; 781 drums lubg oil; 471 pkgs lubg grease; 673 pkgs paraffin wax;

M/S Solsten Agents L Edwards from Bahrein: 3504679 tons white kerosene oil in bulk.

From Karachi: 40 drums fuel oil.

S S Anvo Maru Agents N Y Kaisha, Bombay Branch from Hongkong: 1494 pkgs cassia.

From Singapore: 790 bags betelnuts; 1951 bags sago flour; 56 bags uamar batu; 87 cases pine apples; 771 bundles rattans.

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 18.

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	19 7/8

LONDON GOLD

London, May 18.

Gold bars fine per oz £7-8-6

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 18.

T. T. London on:—

New York	4.68.13
Paris	176.73
Berlin	11.66 3/4
Madrid	42.25
Montreal	4.69 1/2
Amsterdam	8.72 7/8
Brussels	27.50 1/4
Milan	89.02
Berne	20.82 3/4

LONDON PRODUCE

London, May 18.

Rozario Santa Fe June sellers 21/3
Barletta Russo May sellers 23/6
South Australian May sellers 24

LINSEED OILS

London, May 18.

Linseed oil naked London per cwt, June sellers 24/10 1/2
Linseed oil naked London per cwt July/Aug. sellers 24/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, May 18.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers 8 1/8

Trade Covering In N. Y. July

DISTANT MONTHS QUIET

Market Awaits Washington Developments

Bombay, May 19.

Opinions on the New York cotton marke are confused over increasing prospects of domestic mill curtailment with textiles prices unsatisfactory. Spot cotton was firmer on moderate loan ... sions.

The in... ...ened steady. Mill and spot ... buying met Bombay liquidation ... local selling. Distants were narrow with light hedging and foreign seling was absorbed by scattered demand against sales of July. Finally trade covering in nears appeared and the session closed steady.

At the opening July was one point higher at 8.69 and declined to 8.67 which was the lowest level. Later on prices advanced to 8.80 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 11 to 1 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 9.79c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices improved 8 points at 9.52c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with October 4.47. There was American selling of July and hedging of outsiders. Later locals were inclined to support nears but trading was very limited pending Washington developments. Trade calling and local support of nears met American straddle and local selling on private report of export subsidy is not yet a dead issue.

The market closed at a net decline of 3 to 8 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 5.46d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was quiet and Giza futures closed 2 points down while Uppers declined 2 to 3 points. The Alexandria cotton market was quietly irregular and Sakels closed 11 points up to 3 points down and Ashmouni future declined 1 to 5 points.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

"A week ago we received news that the Bankhead Bill with the export subsidy proposal had been defeated in the Senate by the narrow margin of one vote. Since then there has been no definite indication of what future legislation has in store for the Cotton Trade. As we understand the position a Loan for next season's crop is mandatory at a level somewhere around 8.10 cents. After the experience of the last two seasons it can be easily appreciated that the American Government do not want a further accumulation of Loan cotton. Some sort of subsidy seems more or less certain but whether this will be an export or a domestic subsidy is probably now under consideration. Sentiment at present seems to favour the latter. During the past week interest has been centred largely on the old crop position. For a week now the price of spot cotton has been maintained at a level at which merchants have been forced to repossess cotton to complete contracts previously made with consumers. It seems likely that an appreciable amount of cotton must be taken out of the Loan between now and the end of July, the more the better for the statistical position. July New York seems certain to be forced up to the nine cent level. The large discount at which new crops are quoted is attracting a certain amount of attention, but pending legislative action most traders prefer to await developments. Planting of the new crop in America is nearing completion and barring a few minor complaints weather conditions appear to have been on the average satisfactory. The Liverpool market has had a good undertone throughout the week. Trade reports from Lancashire have been better than for some time, many orders having been received from Government arising out of the Defence programme.

FIRM TONE.

In Bombay we have had a very firm market. In our Futures market there has been fresh speculative buying which has brought out short covering and more buying by option dealers. There has been a steady turnover in the spot market where exporters have been busy securing requirements against business done previously. Fresh export business has been on a smaller scale. Apart from specialities Indian Mills have taken little interest in cotton. The recovery in price during the last five weeks of about Rs. 20 per candy so far has failed to stimulate the cloth and and yarn markets. As in America interest in our market has been mostly in old crop cotton. The large export offtake to the Far East in recent weeks undoubtedly has created a very healty statistical position for Indian cotton but we doubt very much if foreign spinners will follow the advance. Indian Mills certainly cannot afford to pay present prices. Caution is advisable and we advise holders ready cotton to take advantage of the improved price level to liquidate holdings as at present prices a large quantity of American Loan cotton now becomes available."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. July Highest (2-56 p.m.)	8.80+12
N. Y. July Lowest (10-2 a.m.)	8.67—01
Liverpool October Highest	4.49—01
Liverpool October Lowest	4.44—06

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

Strongly advise to go short October Think prices near top.

American mills covering July sales longs liquidating on the scale up small business in drygoods cotton bloc legislative discussion scheduled May 23rd.

Excepting further July covering market quiet scattered selling new crops met indifferent demand.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Strength in July reflects mill buying and local covering with contracts scarce, chiefly liquidation.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, May 18.

July	8.79+11
October	7.92+06
December	7.72+05
January	7.68+04
March	7.61+01
May	7.58—03
Middling spot	9.79+11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, May 18.

July	8.87+08
October	8.01+03
December	7.82+03
Middling spot	9.52+08

NEW YORK
New York, May 18.

11 a.m. ranges.

May	8.71/8.71
July	7.87/7.87
October	7.68/7.68
Noon Call.	
May	8.67
July	7.84
October	7.65

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, May 18.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	3,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, May 18.

May	5.03—03
June	4.90—01
July	4.78—03
August	4.68—06
September	4.50—04
October	4.44—06
November	4.35—07
December	4.35—07
January	4.35—07
February	4.36—07
March	4.37—08
April	4.38—08
May	4.39—08
Middling spot	5.46+02

10-12 a.m. quotations.

July	4.79
October	4.48

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 18.

Broach A/M highest 172; lowest 169 3/4; closing 170 1/2.

Broach J/A highest 170; lowest 167 3/4; closing 168 1/2.

New Broach A/M 1940 highest 157 3/4; lowest 156 1/4; closing 156 5/8

Oomra May highest 166 1/2; lowest 164 1/2; closing 164 1/2

Oomra July highest 163 1/2; lowest 162 1/2; closing 162 3/4.

Oomra D/J highest 143 1/2; lowest 142 1/2; closing 143 1/4

Bengal May highest 125 1/2; lowest 124 1/2; closing 125

Bengal July highest 125; lowest 124; closing 124 1/4

Bengal D/J highest 121 1/2; lowest 119 3/4; closing 119 3/4

Night session: Broach J/A opened Rs. 168 3/8, highest Rs. 168 3/4, lowest Rs. 167 3/4, closed Rs. 168 3/4, Broach A/M. 1940 closed Rs. 157

Cotton Straddles

APPRIXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach July/Aug. New York July Rs. 38, Broach July/Aug. Liverpool July Rs. 40 1/2.

Broach July/Aug. New York Oct. Rs. 22 1/2, Broach July/Aug. Liverpool Oct. Rs. 22 1/2.

Broach A/May 1940 New York Mar. Rs. 26, Broach A/May Liverpool Mar. Rs. 33 1/2.

New York Liverpool: July 61, Oct. 78, Dec. 80, Jan 84, Mar. 95.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 18.

SAKELS—	
May	11.33+11.
July	11.61— 3.
November	12.21+ 2.
ASHMOUNI—	
June	9.55— 1.
August	9.63— 4.
October	9.66— 3.
December	9.66— 5.
February	9.72—5.
GIZA—	
May	11.44— 5.
July	11.58— 2.
November	11.66— 1.
January	11.71— 0.
March	11.76— 1.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, May 18.

GIZA 2—	
Spot	6.53+9.
May	6.32—2.
July	6.42—2.
October	6.48—2.
November	6.51—2.
January	6.55—2.
March	6.58—1.
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.79+6.
May	5.58—2.
July	5.58—2.
October	5.59—6.
November	5.58—3.
January	5.60—3.
March	5.62—4.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 19.

Following a further rise of 11 points in New York July position and 3 points down for next May delivery the local market was expected to-day at Rs. 169/8 for Broach J/A delivery and at Rs. 157/8 for new Broach A/M. delivery. The market opened steady with Broach J/A. quoted at Rs. 169/8 and advanced to Rs. 170/8 on covering. Later on there was increased realising and prices declined to Rs. 168/8 while new Broach A/M. delivery stood at Rs. 156/8. American advices are confusing and some believe that export subsidy is a dead issue. But the fact remains that America has large quantities of cotton to sell and the new crop will begin to arrive in July. Thus when the supply is greater than the

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, May 19

Light to moderate rainfall in East Texas, Arkansas and Central Belt. Forecast. Rain expected in Eastern Belt.

prospective demand the inevitable namely prices must decline. Thus we advise to liquidate holdings on all strong markets.

Liverpool market was due to open 2 points up but it opened 3 points up and in the local there was slightly better enquiry. Later on Liverpool was reported 7 points but profit-taking in the local market did not allow any important rise in prices and the market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F. G. M. G.—			
Broach A/M. 1939	Rs.	171	8 0
Broach J/A 1939		169	6 0
Broach A/M 1940		157	2 0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra May 1939		165	8 0
Oomra July 1939		163	8 0
Oomra D/J 1940		144	0 0
F. G. M. G.—			
Bengal May 1939		125	12 0
Bengal July 1939		125	4 0
Bengal D/J. 1940		120	8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 19

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		134	131	128	125
Punjab		134	131	128	125
Rajputana		136	133	130	127
Oomra No. 3	173	171	169	167	
C P No. 1	184	182	180	178	
C P No. 2	177	175	173	171	
Broach No. 2		178	176	174	172
Punjab Ame		201	199	197	195
Surat		218	216	214	212
Rajpipla		215	213	211	209
Navsari		227	225	223	221

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 19.

Bengal Superfine	133/34
Bengal Fine	129/31
Bengal F.G.	127/28
C. P. 1	176/81
C. P. 2	170/71
Arvi	171/72
Amraoti	171/72
Ellichpur	170/75
Berar	167/68
Malkapur	162/64
Khandesh	151/58
Jalna/Sailu	160/62
Burwah/Sanavad	164/66
Khandwa	166/68
Mathia F.G.	136/41
Broach	178/79
Punjab 4 F.	192/97
Punjab 289F.	217/22
Sindh N. T.	200/207
Ankleshwar/Jagadia	207/09
Surat	212/14
Navsari	222/24
Western Farm	187/92

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 19

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		38,499	51,889
Central India	133	213,410	42,167
Barsi and Nagar	105	76,055	144,744
Hyderabad Gaorani		4,337	39,944
Berar		161,467	313,974
Central Provinces	41	35.987	70,330
Total Oomras	279	529,755	663,048
Dholera	2.499	218,085	93,909
N W Provinces		4,143	2,803
Rajputana	41	63,836	15,006
Sind Punjab	429	316,081	505,853
Broach	1,115	400,579	241,848
Coompta and Dharwar	1,508	73,106	36,258
Westerns Northerns	427	49,583	18,350
Cocoanada		84	13
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,584	2,399
American		3,208	173,357
Egyptian African and Sudan		2,920	296,419 389,377
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		41	1,171
Total		9,218	1,957,504 2,143,372
Arrived by road to 11th May 1939			351,231

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 11th May

In full-pressed boles

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe		251	242,540 213,422
Japan and China		2,032	872,141 543,497
Coast Ports		975	28,082 50,658
Up-country by Rail			205,841 282,379
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan			3,329 14,163
Total		3,258	1,351,933 1,104,119

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 18-5-39	3690000	7613000
Receipts yesterday 18-5-39	3000	2000
Exports to date 18-5-39	3209000	5441000
Stock at Ports 12-5-39	2065000	2709000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-5-39	2723000	2233000
Stock at Liverpool 12-5-39	837000	1196000
Visible Supply 12-5-39	5513000	6547000
Quantity in sight 12-5-39	8716000	13086000
Quantity out of sight 12-5-39	8838000	9420000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 19.

Yesterday London Gold prices advanced 1-2/2d to 7.8.6. London, Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176 73. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.68.13 at London and 4.68-1/8 at New York London Silver prices declined 1/16d. at 20-1/16d. for spot and forward quotation was also reduced 1/16d. at 19-7/8d. There was small Indian buying and the market was quietly steady. Later on India and American trade interests were buyers at fixed rate but sellers were reserved. New York spot Silver was unchanged at 32-3/4 cents and Shanghai T. T on London was quoted 0/8. London, Bombay spot parity was Rs. 52. 52-13-6 and forward was Rs. 52-6-9 Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-10-6. In the local market there was scattered business and the market was barely steady. Silver was quiet but there was improved demand for gold Quotations were as under:—

	Gold		
Ready	37	1	6
Jeth Delvery	37	2	0
Jeth Teji Mandi	0	1	6
Ashad delivery	37	2	6
Ashad Teji Mandi	0	2	6
	Silver		
Ready	52	14	0
Jeth delivery	52	13	0
Jeth Teji Mandi	0	6	0
Ashad delivery	52	11	6
Ashad Teji Maidi	0	12	6

LONDON METALS

London, May 18.

Copper	£41	6	3
Spelter	£13	15	0
Tin	£223	5	0
Lead	£14	10	0

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, May 18

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals.

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 48 per tola Elephant Brand.

Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 47 per tola Elephant Brand.

Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 14 per tola Anchor Brand.

Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 35 per tola

Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 90 per tola

Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola

Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 60 per tola

Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 19

London market—

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£41-2-6
Standard copper 3 months	£41-7-6
Electrolytic copper	£47-12-6
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 49-8-0

Tone: Steady.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, May 18

June	£11 18 9
July	£11 18 9

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 19.

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	29 12 0
Highest	29 12 0
Lowest	29 8 0
Closing	29 8 0
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	31 10 0
Highest	31 12 0
Lowest	31 1 6
Closing	31 8 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	26 4 0
Highest	26 4 0
Lowest	26 4 0
Closing	26 4 0
Castorseeds Sept—	
Opening	30 10 6
Highest	30 10 6
Lowest	30 6 0
Closing	30 6 0
Groundnuts Sept.—	
Opening	32 13 0
Highest	32 15 0
Lowest	32 4 0
Closing	32 9 6
Groundnuts Aug—	
Opening	26 15 6
Highest	27 0 3
Lowest	26 11 9
Closing	27 0 3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, May 18

May	55 1/4d.
May	51 1/8d. New
July	52 7/8d.
October	54 7/8d.
December	55 3/4d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, May 18

May	dol 0 79
July	dol 0 74 1/8
September	dol 0.73 7/8

LONDON SUGAR

London, May 18.

August	7s. 1/4d.

New York Sugar

New York, May 18

July	1.99
September	2.03
November	2.09
January	2.00

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 19

Ready Javas	Rs. 17 4 0
Shipment June	6 9 6
Shipment July	6 8 0
Shipment August	6 7 0
Shipment September	6 1 6
Java Spot	F 7.10

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, May 19

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M	3700	27000
Bengal May	200	1300
Oomra May	450	2250

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 19.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	96/12
2 34 per cent	1948/62 97/14
3 per cent	1951/54 Loan 99/4
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 102
3 per cent	1963/65 96/10
3 1/2 per cent	1947/55 103/2
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 107
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 111/2
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 Loan 114/2
5 per cent	U P Bonds 98
5 per cent	1939/44 Loan 100/6
5 per cent	1940/43 Loan 103/12
TAX FREES	
5 per cent	1945/55 113/11
4 per cent	1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent	1972 B P T 108
4 per cent	1974 M Deb 107
5 per cent	1959 M Deb 116
6 per cent	M Deb 1954 127
6 per cent	K P T 1956 127

Note:—Market very strong. In the absence of sellers rates spurted up all-round, particularly in 5 per cent 1945/55 and 4 per cent 1960/70.

Tone:—Steady and firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, May 19

B. G. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 27/32 to December

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8 May/	
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16	
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16	
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 to April	
NEW YORK—	
Bank's selling T T 287 1/2	
Bank's buying T T 285 1/4	
Bank's buying D D 284 1/2	
PARIS—	
Bank's selling T T 1,307	
Bank's buying T T 1,327	
JAPAN—	
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8	
Bank's buying T T 77 1/2	
Bank's buying 60 days 77 1/8	
AMSTERDAM—	
Bank's selling D D 64 3/8	
JAVA—	
Bank's selling D D 64 1/4	
HONGKONG—	
Bank's selling D D 84 1/2	
SHANGHAI—	
Bank's selling D D 47 1/8	
SINGAPORE—	
Bank's selling D D 156 7/8	
BERLIN—	
Bank's selling D D 86	

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/2 7/8 19th instant.

Shanghai/London 1/2 7/8 15th instant.

Japan/London 1/2 1/64 19th instant.

Java/London 8.70 5/8 19th instant.

New York/London 4.68.12 18th instant.

London/New York 4.68.13 18th instant

London/Paris 176.73 18th instant.

London/Italy 89.02 18th instant.

London/Belgium 27.50 1/4 18th instant.

London/Switzerland 20.82 3/4 18th instant.

London/Berlin 11.66 3/4 18th instant.

London/Stockholm 19.42 3/8 18th instant.

London/Amsterdam 8.72 7/8 18th instant.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £7-8-5 1/2 17th instant.

Gold £7-8-6 18th instant.

Silver London Ready 20 1/8 17th instant.

Silver London Ready 20 1/16 18th instant.

Silver London Forward 19 15/16 17th instant.

Silver London Forward 19 7/8 18th instant.

Silver New York Ready 43 17th instant.

Silver New York Ready 43 18th instant.

London Discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 17th instant.

London Discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 18th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent 17th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 18th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1 per cent.

3 months 2 per cent

6 months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone:—Easier.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, May 18.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	71
3 1/2 per cent	83
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	97 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	102 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	107 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	104 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	94 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	67 5/8
2 1/2 per cent War Loan	93 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	106 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary steady	38/9

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, May 18

	This week
Total bullions	£226,800,000
Public deposits	£ 16,800,000
(a) Other deposits	£143,500,000
Government securities	£113,500,000
(b) Other securities	£ 31,300,000
Notes and coin	£ 33,200,000
Notes in circulation	£493,600,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	20.69 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include	£107,300,000
(b) Other securities include	£ 10,100,000
Total deposits	£160,300,000
Total securities	£144,800,000

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 19

Yarn No. 6 1/2s June 98 August 98 October 99

Yarn No. 10 1/2s June 109 August 109 October 109/8

Yarn No. 20 1/2s June 142 August 142 October 143

Yarn No. 40s June 217 August 217 October 218

Profit-Taking In Steel Shares

TEXTILE ISSUES DISPLAY STEADY TONE

Reactionary Feeling In Share Bazar

BOMBAY: May 19.

The local market was quiet to-day with long liquidation. Several attempts were made to harden prices, but they met with realising sales and prices eased off few points.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market was easy on fears that Steel price cutting will continue as a bearish factor. The production is gradually decreasing and American trade is looking poorer. Thus unless some constructive gesture from the administration comes in the present sagging tendency will continue despite some shares being attractive at present levels. U. S. Steel shares declined dollar one at 43-5/8 and Anaconda Coppers improved dol. 1/8 at 22-3/4. General Motors improved 5/8 at 41-3/4.

The market here was in a reactionary mood to-day as anticipated and for the time being it will be advisable to secure profits on strong markets. Some of the bullish factors seem to have been discounted and those shares which registered sharp improvements are liable to decline.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,350 and declined to Rs. 1,335. Support appeared at this level and prices advanced to Rs. 1,357, but renewed selling pressure depressed prices to Rs. 1,327, where moderate support hardened prices to about Rs. 1,340. The tone was quiet, but steady and prices closed at Rs. 1,332.

Cotton Mill shares which were reluctant all these days to improve, displayed slightly better tendency. There was some covering and the tendency was fairly steady. Government Securities ruled firm with active buying.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 19.

100	Ahmd. Advance	265 0
100	BOM. DYEING	757 8
100	CENTURY	209 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	213 0
100	COLABA	110 0
100	Coorla	83 2
250	David	25 0
250	Dawn	2.. 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 3 9
100	Finlay	93 8
100	GOKAK	131 0
1,000	Hindustan	1675 0
100	Indore	42 8
100	Khatau	81 4
100	KOHINOOR	221 8
200	Laxmi	440 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	MORARJI	115 0
250	Model	44 4
50	MYSORE	82 8
100	NEW GREAT	186 0
100	Osmanshahi	41 0
100	PHOENIX	200 0
25	Sassoon Silk	69 0
1,000	Sholapur	2,725 0
50	SIMPLEX	69 0
100	SWADESHI XD	196 0
100	SWAN	90 0
500	Vishnu	1040 0
1.000	Westerns	860 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	112 8
25-500	Central	32 10
500	Imperial	1,530 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	368 2
50-100	India	141 8
100	Reserve Bank	112 0
5	Union	6 1
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated	121 12
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	640 0
15-100	Jupiter	13 2
20	Mercantile	53 8
15-75	New India	40 4
200	Oriental	4.100 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 5
	ELECTRIC	
25	Ah. New	54 8
10	Amalgamated	12 0
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,420 0
10	Ajmer	11 4
50	Bombay Tram	126 4
100	Bombay Suburban	141 4
10	Broach	10 4
100	Karachi	191 0
100	Poona	190 0
100	Surat	149 6
100	TATA HYDRO	151 8
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,268 12
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	1,005 0
100	C. Province	102 0
100	Dh Baramati	101 8
100	Gujarat	97 4
100	Mandra Bhon	99 8
100	Pachora Jamner	87 0
100	Sara Serajganj	100 8
500	Tapti Valley	765 0
	MININGS	
9	Burmah Corp.	5 9
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 12 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	25 3
10	Shivrajpur	37 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1332 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	282 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	340 0
10	Air Services	7 7
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	181 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	793 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	218 0
125	B. BURMA	460 0
50	B. BURMA CONT.	160 0
8sh.	Br. B Petrol	3-5-6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	81 12
100	IND. BLEACHING	93 0
50	Ind Invest Trust	40 12
100	I. Radio Defd.	325 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	325 0
100	Port Canning	69 4
30	Premier Con.	72 0
10	Scindia	17 7
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	40 0
	PREFERENCE	
9-1/2	Amalgamated (T.F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andra Valley	1.410 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	295 0
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	76 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	544 6
6-1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	104 12
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	96 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	144 6
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1518 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	205 0
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel Second	158 8
	p.c. Vishnu	717 8
	DEBENTURES	
3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	101 12
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	105 10

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 19.

Bombay Dyeing (748/12) 752 756 751 762 760 763 756 757

Century (207) 209 208 214 210 209/8

Central India (211) 211 214 216 214 212 213

Kohinoor (220) 221 224 222 221/8

New Great (179) 183 181 186 192 187 186

Simplex (68) 69 70 69

Swadeshi (191/8) 193 188 197 196

Associated Cement (122/4) 122 121/8 122 121/12

Andhra (1420) 1415 1420

Tram, Ord (125/12) 126/8 126/4

Tata Hydro (152) 152 151/8

Tata Power (1277/8) 1290 1272 1280 1271 1267 1268

T. Steel Dfd. (1350) 1350 1342 1345 1337 1357 1335 1337 1328 1337 1332/8

T. Steel Ord. (285/8) 285 284 285 283 284 280 282

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (158/8) 158/12 158/8

Bellapur (181/8) 181 182 181

B. Steam (223) 222 220 218

B. Burma (460/8) 460 457 461 458 460

WALL-STREET MARKET

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following ... New York Stock Exchange:—

Col.

American Power and Light 5 p.c. Pfd.	32
American Foreign Power 7 p.c. Pfd	16
United Corporation	2
American Foreign Power 5 p.c.	2380 57
Electric Bond and Share Common	1/4
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd.	53
American Tel. and Tel.	160 1/2
Western Union Telg.	18 1/4
New York Central	13 3/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	31
Union Pacific	56
Union Carbon and Carbide	72
Firestone Rubber dol 5 Pfd.	103
Amrex Corporation	21 1/2
United States Steel	43 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	52
Crucible Steel	26
Ludlum Steel	15
Republic Steel	15
Int. Nickel of Canada	47
Anaconda Copper Mining	22 3/4
General Motors	41 3/4
General Electric	33
Lockheed	24
Socony	11 5/8
Consolidated Oil	7 3/8
National City Bank of New York	25 1/4
Texas Corporation	37 5/8

Turnover 420,000 shares. Carloadings down 17461 units. Brokers' loans down 22 million dollars. Business should ease somewhat further with major indices reaching low point By the end of June. Prompt recovery should be witnessed thereafter as some measure for tax relief appears assured. Administration still believes in planning new pump-priming programme. General sentiment is bearish but we believe in utilizing weakness from here for buying purposes.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 19

Wheat	30,814 cwts.
Linseed	29,653 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	942 cwts.
Gingellyseed	704 cwts.
Poppyseed	296 cwts.
Groundnuts	9,290 cwts.
Castorseed	379 cwts.
Rice	16,023 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,509 cwts.
Cottonseed	2,776 cwts.
Gram	2,490 cwts.
Joowar	1,053 cwts.
Barley	888 cwts.
Bajree	1,377 cwts.
Indian sugar	80 cwts.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, May 18.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£71
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£83
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£105 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£67 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£94
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£93 102
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£106 5/8
Victory Bands	£106 3/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£7 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London R.	£84
National Bank of India	£29 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, May 18.

Fair Rio coffee No. 7 quality unchanged.

7	p.c. Bombay Telephone	50
7	p.c. Sholapur	77 6
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	105 6

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List).

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1939

WHAT AHRAR PARTY STANDS FOR

Fight For India's Freedom, The Only Creed

Its Attitude Towards Hindu Sabha, Muslim League And Congress Explained

The Bombay Provincial Ahrar Conference was held in the Byculla Y. M. C. A. grounds last night. Moulana Habibur Rahman Ludhianvi who presided declared that the Ahrar Party, which had been founded by some of the bravest and most selfless servants of Islam, would continue to strain every nerve to fulfil the purpose for which it had been brought into existence namely, to render India free from the chains of slavery.

A large number of Muslims attended the Bombay Provincial Ahrar Conference. Prominent among those who had come from other Provinces were Moulana Ahmed Hussain Madani, Moulana Ataullasha Bokhari, leader of Majlis-Ahrar-e-Hind, Moulana Mazar Ali Asar, M.L.A. from Lahore, Moulana Mahomed Dawood Gaznavi, Shaikh Hissamuddin, Mr. Tajuddin from Lucknow, Moulana Abdul Alim Sidiqui from Lucknow.

MUSLIM LEAGUE'S ROLE.

Welcoming the delegates Mr Ali Bahadur Khan, Chairman of the Reception Committee said:—

"The only guarantee for the protection of Muslim rights is in their sacrifices in the fight for freedom. Those who keep aloof from the national fight because Hindus would not give them certain pledges are camouflaging the real issue."

Analysing the present position of Muslim League Mr. Khan said that its lead was detrimental to the best interest of Muslims. "The only sensible arrangement of parties" he continued, "can be on economic lines; the fight for Swaraj is in its essence a fight for an economic issue. India is being exploited by British Imperialism; therefore there can be only two parties in the field—that of exploiters and the exploited. The Muslim League has created an artificial communal issue and is keeping it alive with incitement of hatred. This sort of propaganda was bound to fail sooner or later. But for the Hindu Maha Sabha, Muslim League would have been dead.

TWO FOLD TASK.

The most unfortunate fact is the presence of this Hindu Maha Sabha element in the Congress itself. This creates great difficulties in the way of Nationalist Muslims. On the one hand they are dubbed as traitors by a section of Muslim masses and on the other their relations with the Congress Hindus become strained Except a few Nationalist Muslims who have lost all touch with the Muslim masses others, however selfless, are looked upon with suspicion by Congress Hindus. To their misfortune most of the Nationalist Muslim workers find that the Congress Hindus have mental reservations. If these reservations had not existed the Congress would have taken counsel from Ahrar leaders to solve questions like Vidya Mandir Urdu-Hindi controversy and music before mosques. Unfortunately this co-operation between Ahrar and Congress is lacking and Ahrar who are strong disciplined and self-less nationalists are forced to organize the Muslims on the lines they are doing now. They have a duty towards Muslims and they cannot neglect it just because the Hindu Congressmen refuse to understand them. Thus we Nationalists have two-fold difficulties to face. Firstly, the communalist propaganda of the Muslim League and, secondly, the attitude of mental reservation of the Congress Hindus. We have strength and grit enough to fight both and ultimately succeed in securing an honourable position inside the Congress."

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS

In the course of his presidential address, Moulana Habibur Rahman Ludhianvi said:—

"I need not tell you that the Ahrar Conference is being held for the first time in Bombay. It will be, therefore, in the fitness of things to recount the history of Ahrar Party since its inception and recall the circumstances under which it was founded.

"The Majlis Ahrar was founded in the year 1929 by brave, fearless, sincere and self-less servants of Islam who have devoted their lives to the advancement and uplift of Muslims and the independence of the Motherland. Syed Muhammad Dawood Ghaznavi, Chaudhari Afzal Haq, Syed Ataullah Shah Bukhari, Shaikh Hisamuddin, and Maulvi Mazhar Ali Azhar are some of the stalwart servants of Islam, besides many other friends and my humble self.

POLITICAL CREED

"By the Grace of Allah one good thing about our Anjuman is that its political creed is unequivocally clear. Amongst the members you will find names of silent workers and you will not see among its rank and file a single person who has joined it for any selfish purpose. Our party keeps at a distance all self-seeking persons, who make public life a means of self-aggrandisement.

Truth is the distinguishing mark of our party. It is this frankness and our rigid insistence on truth which have led our Muslim political opponents to dub us as Congress agents and the Hindus to describe us as fanatics or communalists. When we started the Kashmere State movement Hindus were inclined to call us communalists and even a leader like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has written a note against us in his autobiography. Similarly, when we showed Muslims the right way to solve the problem of Shahidganj Mosque we were accused of having received money from Sikhs.

The Congressite Hindus want to know why we should have a separate political body when our creed is complete independence. Similarly, Muslim Leaguers want to know why we keep away from the Muslim League if our object is the protection and safeguarding of Muslim rights.

I regret to observe that both these political parties have not been able to understand us or they would not have accused us as they have done.

BEGGING FOR RIGHTS

We are not with the Muslim League because co-operation with the British is the foundation-stone of that organisation. To secure a few rights and a certain quota in the State services is the highest ambition which the leaders of the League have in view. They have been guilty of an act which has been detrimental to the dignity of Islam—I mean begging for their rights from aliens. They are turning Muslims into cowards. Sometimes they demand from the British Government, a separate federation for themselves sometimes they bring forward the ruinous scheme of Pakistan. The Majlis Ahrar does not regard the Muslims as a minority community. Nor is it terrified of the strength of any other community. It certainly will not co-operate with an organisation of beggars. It has full confidence in its own strength to free India from foreign domination. In one word the Majlis Ahrar stands for prosperous Islam and free India. It believes that the measure of rights depends upon the amount of sacrifice put in by a community.

IN EVENT OF WAR

The Majlis Ahrar has made it specifically clear that in the event of a war in the near future Muslims of India will take no part in it or co-operate with any power except on the basis of the freedom of the motherland and the freedom of the Muslim countries. The Majlis Ahrar does not believe that a federation imposed upon India against the wishes of her people can be considered to constitute freedom. On the contrary it believes that its introduction will be detrimental to the interests of the country.

In this connection a very important question arises. Turkey has come to an understanding with Great Britain. But will such an understanding prove advantageous to India? Further, if Muslim counries were to enter into treaty relaations with Great Britain what will be the position of India? The Muslims of India are not at all prepared to see any Muslim country in bondage, least of all their own motherland. We therefore, have no objection if any Muslim country thought it advisable to enter into treaty relations with Great Britain but we Muslims of India cannot tolerate any Muslim country being brought into slavery by such a treaty.

It is our firm belief that no Muslim country will be able to retain freedom if India is under subjugation. I therefore urge upon the Muslims of India to spare no pains to achieve the freedom of their motherland.

Mr. Ramchandra Rao L. Uttarkar, the President-elect of the All-India Bhavsar Kshatriya Mahasabha Conference, the 12th Session of which will be held to-day (Saturday) at Parel, arrived on Friday (centre, garlanded). To his left are the chairman and members of the Reception Committee.

Role Of Muslim League Exposed

A large number of Muslim citizens attended the first function held in connection with the Bombay Provincial Ahrar Conference on Thursday night, which Shaikh Hisamuddin Saheb unfurled the Ahrar Flag at the site of the conference on the Y.M.C.A. grounds, Byculla. The Ahrar Flag, said Shaikh Hisamuddin stood for equality of all human beings and aimed at ending exploitation of one class by another.

Referring to the treatment meted out to Arabs in Palestine, Shaikh Hisamuddin said that it looked as though the world was reverting to those barbaric days which preceded the advent of Islam.

MUSLIM LEAGUE EXPOSED

Launching an attack on the Muslim League, the speaker said that though this organisation had done nothing for the rank and file of the Muslims, it claimed to champion their cause.

It was a pity that the ignorant among the Muslims were being misled. The Ahrar Party, he added, was always prepared for sacrifices in the interests of Muslim masses.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan thanked Shaikh Hisamuddin and other members of the Ahrar Party for taking the trouble of coming to Bombay to attend the conference which was going to be an important event in the history of the Province.

Subhas Bose For Tarkeshwar

CALCUTTA, May 19.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who arrived here this morning from Cawnpore left for Tarakeshwar in Hooghly District to preside over the District Leftist Congress Workers Conference and the Serampore Sub-Divisional Political Conference. He returns to Calcutta tonight.—United Press.

School Girls Prefer To Be Co-eds

Protest Against Education In Reserved Schools For Female Sex

RANGOON, May 18.

A sit-down satyagraha has been resorted to by the girl students of the Rangoon Municipal Schools to record their protest against the decision of the Rangoon Education Board to accommodate all the girl students in the girls school and abolish co-education in the Municipal Schools as at present.

The girl students of the Kandawglay Municipal School sat at the entrance to the school when it reopened after the summer vacation protesting against the decision of the Board to transfer the girl pupils of the same school of the higher standards to another girls' school in the same locality under the control of the Board. The girl pupils refused to go to the girls' school.

A similar protest was made by another school in Pazumdaung on its reopening when the girls were informed of their transfer to another Girls' School. The girl students are in favour of co-education and all pupils are against the decision of the Board. The parents of the girl students are holding a meeting.—United Press.

Walk-out In Madras Council

Protest Against Premier's Attitude On Sales Tax Bill

MADRAS, May 19.

Six members of the Justice Party, one member of the Muslim League and four members of the National Democratic Party, including Sir K. V. Reddi staged a walkout in the Madras Legislative Council to-day declaring that they did not want to take any further part in the discussion of the General Sales Tax Bill.

An amendment under clause seven of the Bill was under discussion when Mr. Samiappa Mudaliar (Justice), Leader of the Opposition, said that in view of the attitude taken up by the Premier he and members of his party did not like to take further part in the discussion of the Bill.—

All amendments having been disposed of, the Premier moved that the Madras General Sales Tax Bill be passed into law.

Sir Mahomed Usman, while supporting the motion, appreciated the Premier's urbanity and courtesy throughout. He hoped that if defects were found in the working of the Act, steps would be taken to remove them.

Sir Frank Birley (European representative) also spoke appreciating the Premier's courtesy.

The Bill was passed into law and the House adjourned 'sine die.'—A. P.

TRANSPORTING WAR MATERIALS INTO CHINA

RANGOON, May 18.

War materials are still being carried to Kumming from Lashio almost daily after which the materials are transported to the interior of China. Burmans and Anglo-Burman drivers are allowed to drive the trucks as far as Chefang over 100 miles from Lashio where they are relieved by the Chinese drivers.

A batch of 120 fitters who arrived from Kumming via Lashio are now busy assembling the Dodge, Commer, G. M. C., and Brockway trucks at the I. F. Seaplane hangar in Pazundaung. It is understood that within the next few months nearly 10,000 trucks will be despatched from Rangoon for transportation work between Lashio and Kumming.

It is stated that about 2,000 of them arrived from Kumming some months ago from Saigon after nine days' journey by train.

During their stay at Kumming they met the Generalissimo Chiang Kaishek, who addressed them at their camp. The Japanese planes flew over Kumming several times but they were driven off by the Chinese planes kept in readiness.—United Press.

CONGRESS MEMBERS RESIGN

Keen Difference Of Opinion In Detenu Release Committee

CALCUTTA, May 18.

The resignation of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr. Lalit Das from the Committee appointed by Government to advise on the question of release of terrorist convicts has been accepted by Government. Messrs. Bose and Das, Congress members in the Committee, differed fundamentally from other members in their approach to the question of release of convicted prisoners.

The Committee considered 183 cases and Government, on the recommendation of the Committee, passed orders in 112 cases, and the Committee's recommendations in 68 cases are about to be submitted. Three cases are under the consideration of Government, and 56 cases yet remain to be examined by the Committee.—United Press.

INTERESTING AND INEVITABLE

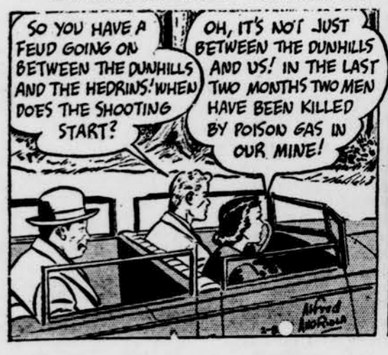
"Manchester Guardian" On 'Forward Bloc'

LONDON, May 19.

Under the heading "Congress Divides" the "Manchester Guardian" in a leader states that since the war the Congress has been united by Gandhiji and the ideal of a Free India. Broadly speaking all classes and professions are agreed on the paramount importance of seeking independence before solving their own difficulties. The formation of a new party by Mr. Subhas Bose is an interesting and inevitable development and was to be expected. Br. Bose will strive to minimise the breach with Gandhiji. The extent of support for the new party cannot be known until Mr. Bose's power or appeal is guarded.

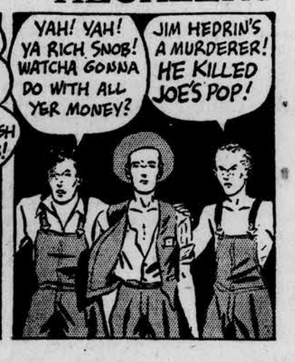
The "Manchester Guardian" adds: "Undoubtedly there is considerable dissatisfaction with the pace at which Congress Ministries are moving in the provinces, but as one of the Working Committee's and Gandhiji's main objects is to purge the Congress organisation of members not supporting its objects and policy wholeheartedly, Mr. Bose may soon find his party more nakedly in opposition than he would like."—Reuter.

CHARLIE CHAN


SO YOU HAVE A FEUD GOING ON BETWEEN THE DUNHILLS AND THE HEDRINS! WHEN DOES THE SHOOTING START?
OH, IT'S NOT JUST BETWEEN THE DUNHILLS AND US! IN THE LAST TWO MONTHS TWO MEN HAVE BEEN KILLED BY POISON GAS IN OUR MINE!

DOES SIMILAR CASUALTY NOT OCCUR IN OTHER MINES?
ONLY RARELY, INSPECTOR! -THE POWERS MINE, WHICH IS NEXT TO OURS, HASN'T HAD A 'LOST-TIME' ACCIDENT IN OVER A YEAR-THAT IS NO ACCIDENT SERIOUS ENOUGH TO KEEP A MAN OFF THE JOB!

HECKLERS



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